

TROUBLESHOOTING MANUAL

INDUSTRIAL ENGINE

TNV

| 3TNV80FT | 4TNV84T |
|----------|----------------|
| 3TNV80F | 4TNV88 |
| 3TNV84T | 4TNV94L |
| 3TNV88 | 4TNV98 |
| | 4TNV98T |



California Proposition 65 Warning

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

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| TROUBLESHOOTING | MODEL | TNV Series |
|-----------------|-------|--------------|
| MANUAL | CODE | 0DTNV-EN0065 |

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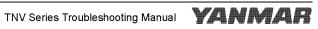
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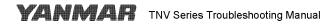


FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

DTCs (Diagnostic Trouble Codes) General Description

DTC code list

| Classi- | DTC | Lamp flashing patterns | Error item | | | Referenced page number | |
|-------------------------------|---------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|--|
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| Classi- | DTC | Lamp flashing patterns | Error item | | Referenced page number | | |
|--|----------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|----------|----------------------|
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| nmu | P0601/12 | - | | EEPROM | Error (Read/write error) | | |
| ECU inside and communication related failures | P1610/12 | | | Sub CPU | Error A | | |
| | P1611/12 | | | | Error B | | |
| | P1612/12 | | | | Error C | | |
| insi | P0686/4 | 1 - 6 | Main relay | Error | P.126 | P.208 | |
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| | U0426/2 | | | | Error (System) | P.134 | _ |

Description items

DTC Code number

DTC name

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| 1. Precondition for error detection. | This column shows what parts or items |
| 2. Error detecting condition. | should be checked to identify the |
| 3. Indicates the pattern in which the failure lamp flashes when the DTC is output. | cause of the error. |
| (For detailed information on various flashing patterns, see Annex). | For details, see "Diagnosis descrip- |
| | tion". |

• Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Operation continuation] / [Run under restrictions] / [Stop immediately]: | | |
|---------------------|--|--|--|
| | The engine operation after detecting the error is described. | | |
| | * | | |
| | [Operation continuation]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. | | |
| | [Run under restrictions]: The system lets the engine continue to run but restricts the high idle speed, engine power, and/or other performance factors as appropriate. | | |
| | [Stop immediately]: The system stops the engine immediately after detecting the error. When any error is detected before starting the engine, the starter will not rotate. | | |
| Run restricted? | This field details how the engine run is restricted when the error has occurred. | | |
| Recovery conditions | This field describes what conditions must be true for the error mode to be reset. | | |
| Remarks | This field describes some notes on safety precautions and so on, as appropriate. | | |

• Estimation of failure cause/error condition

Provides descriptive information on possible points of failure, possible direct causes (such as a disconnected sensor wire), or possible system abnormalities that has indirectly caused the failure (such as abnormally high cooling water temperature), as can be estimated from the output DTC.

Note: * Indicates failures that might be related with the output DTC.

Diagnosis description

Describes methods or procedures of failure diagnosis.

Note: After successful recovery by the replacement of ECU, sensor or actuator, make sure that installing the previous parts will reproduce the same error.

Analog input related failures

Rack position sensor

P1202/4: Failure with rack position sensor (Low voltage)

| DTC P1202/4 | |
|-------------|--|
| D1G P1202/4 | Rack position sensor error (Low voltage) |

DTC detecting conditions

| I - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|----------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. The sensor voltage lower limit and below (at E-ECU activation, engine running). | Harness |
| 3. Seven flashes. | Rack position sensor |
| | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run under restrictions]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | The engine continues to run in on-error engine control mode. |
| | If any error is detected at E-ECU activation, it takes 1 - 10 seconds from the starter begins to rotate until |
| | the engine starts. |
| Run restricted? | The high idle speed is restricted to one of the following, whichever smaller: |
| | 80 % of the pre-error high idle speed |
| | • 150 % of the low idle speed |
| | The fuel injection rate is restricted. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | The high and low idle speeds must be equal to those specified in the engine specifications. |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The rack position sensor's signal wires may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
 - The sensor 12 V wire may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND (*)
 - The sensor GND wire may be short-circuited with power supply (*)
 - (*) If the sensor 12 V wire is short-circuited with GND or sensor GND wire is short-circuited with power supply, the E-ECU's power supply line fuse 10 A might be blown. With this fuse blown, the E-ECU may fail to detect/ indicate the error, and to store the error history.
- 3. The rack position sensor may be faulty.
 - · Output defect of the rack position signal by a disconnection or a short circuit of the inner wiring
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the sensor voltage (AD value). |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.139. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Check that the connector of the rack actuator is correctly inserted. |
| | Check that the wiring of the rack actuator is not disconnected or the insulation of the wirin |
| | is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the input voltage of the rack position sensor (voltage of the sensor 12 V line). |
|----------------------------|--|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.139. |

P1203/3: Failure with rack position sensor (High voltage)

DTC P1203/3 Failure with rack position sensor (High voltage)

DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|------------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. The sensor voltage upper limit and above (at E-ECU activation, engine running). | Harness rack position sensor |
| 3. Seven flashes. | Rack actuator |
| | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| | Detection at the engine start | Detection at the engine running |
|---------------------|--|---|
| Error mode | [Run under restrictions]: | [Stop immediately]: |
| | Start the engine in on-error engine control mode. | The engine stops running. |
| | (It takes 1 to 10 seconds from the starter's rotation | |
| | to the engine start.) | |
| Run restricted? | • The high idle is restricted to one of the following, | The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack |
| | whichever smaller: | position is forcibly set to the engine stop position. |
| | 80 % of the pre-error high idle speed | |
| | 150 % of the low idle speed | |
| | The fuel injection rate is restricted. | |
| Recovery conditions | No. | No. |
| Remarks | The high and low idle speeds must be equal to | |
| | those specified in the engine specifications. | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The sensor GND wire may be disconnected
 - The rack position sensor signal wire may be short-circuited with power supply
 - The rack actuator wiring may be short-circuited with GND (with engine running)
- 3. The rack position sensor may be faulty.
 - · Output defect of the rack position signal by a disconnection or a short circuit of the inner wiring
- 4. The rack actuator may be faulty.
 - The rack actuator inner wiring may be short-circuited with GND (with engine running)
- 5. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the sensor voltage (AD value). |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.139. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Check that the connector of the rack actuator is correctly inserted. |
| | Check that the wiring of the rack actuator is not disconnected or the insulation of the wirin |
| | is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the input voltage of the rack position sensor (voltage of the sensor 12 V line). |
|----------------------------|--|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.139. |

Accelerator sensor

P0122/4: Accelerator sensor error (Low voltage)

DTC P0122/4 Accelerator sensor error (Low voltage)

DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Harness |
| 2. Sensor voltage 0.2 [V] or lower. | Accelerator sensor |
| 3. Five flashes. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| | Spare accelerator sensor function | |
|---------------------|--|--|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run under restrictions]: | [Stop immediately]: |
| | The engine runs at a constant rotational speed. | The engine continues to run using the spare accel- |
| | | erator sensor instead. |
| Run restricted? | The target speed is set to the "on-error target speed (standard value: 1500 [min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error | No. |
| | target speed". | |
| Recovery conditions | This error will be automatically reset when a normal | This error will be automatically reset when a normal |
| | voltage (0.2 to 4.6 [V]) is input. | voltage (0.2 to 4.6 [V]) is input. |
| Remarks | | |

Estimation of failure cause/error condition

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The accelerator sensor's signal wires may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
 - The sensor 5 V wire may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
 - The sensor GND wire may be short-circuited with power supply (*)
 - (*) If the sensor GND wire is short-circuited with power supply, the E-ECU's power supply line fuse 10 A might be blown. With this fuse blown, the E-ECU may fail to detect/indicate the error, and to store the error history.

3. The accelerator sensor may be faulty.

· Sensor output defect by a disconnection of the accelerator sensor inner wiring or a sliding resistance increase

4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the sensor voltage. |
| - | • |
| | *For datails of the method and the presedure of diagnosis, and D142 |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.143. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the accelerator sensor is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the accelerator sensor is not disconnected or the insulation of the |
| | wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the accelerator sensor. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | Check the output voltage of the accelerator sensor. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.143. |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |

P0123/3: Accelerator sensor error (High voltage)

| DTC P0123/3 | Accelerator sensor error (High voltage) |
|-------------|---|

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pa | attern of failure indicator Check points |
|---|--|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Harness |
| 2. Sensor voltage 4.6 [V] or higher. | Accelerator sensor |
| 3. Five flashes. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| | Spare accelerator sensor function | |
|---------------------|--|--|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run under restrictions]: | [Stop immediately]: |
| | The engine runs at a constant rotational speed. | The engine continues to run using the spare accel- |
| | | erator sensor instead. |
| Run restricted? | The target speed is set to the "on-error target | No. |
| | speed (standard value: 1500 [min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error | |
| | target speed". | |
| Recovery conditions | This error will be automatically reset when a normal | This error will be automatically reset when a normal |
| | voltage (0.2 to 4.6 [V]) is input. | voltage (0.2 to 4.6 [V]) is input. |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The sensor GND wire may be disconnected
 - The sensor signal wire may be short-circuited with power supply
- 3. The accelerator sensor may be faulty.
 - · Sensor output defect by a short circuit with power supply of the accelerator sensor inner wiring
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the sensor voltage. |
| - | • |
| | *For datails of the method and the presedure of diagnosis, and D142 |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.143. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the accelerator sensor is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the accelerator sensor is not disconnected or the insulation of the |
| | wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the accelerator sensor. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | Check the output voltage of the accelerator sensor. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.143. |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |

P0124/2: Intermittent failure with accelerator sensor

| DTC P0124/2 | Intermittent failure with accelerator sensor |
|-------------|--|
| | |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------------|
| 1. Engine running. | Connector |
| 2. Unconfirmed error detected 10 times. | Harness |
| 3. Does not flash. | Accelerator sensor |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run under restrictions]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · Accelerator sensor signal wire may be disconnected, or short-circuited with GND or power supply
 - Sensor 5 V wire may be disconnected, or short-circuited with GND or power supply
 - Sensor GND wire may be disconnected
- 3. The accelerator sensor may be faulty.
 - · Inner wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the sensor voltage. |
| - | • |
| | *For datails of the method and the presedure of diagnosis, and D142 |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.143. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the accelerator sensor is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the accelerator sensor is not disconnected or the insulation of the |
| | wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the accelerator sensor. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | Check the output voltage of the accelerator sensor. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.143. |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |

P1125/1: Accelerator sensor error (Foot pedal-close position)

| DTC P1125/1 | Accelerator concerner (East nodel close position) |
|-------------|--|
| DTC P1125/1 | Accelerator sensor error (Foot pedal-close position) |
| | |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Harness |
| 2. With sensor voltage at or below 0.65 [V], foot pedal Normally Open switch detected | Foot pedal |
| being ON or foot pedal Normally Closed switch detected being OFF. | |
| 3. Five flashes. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run under restrictions]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | The engine runs at a constant rotational speed. |
| Run restricted? | The target speed is set to the "on-error target speed (standard value: 1500 [min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error target |
| | speed". |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The wiring for the foot pedal Normally Closed switch may be disconnected
 - · The wiring for the foot pedal Normally Open switch may be short-circuited with GND
- 3. The foot pedal may be faulty.
- · The foot pedal inner wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check that the foot pedal movement is correctly recognized. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.147. |
| | For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see F. 147. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the foot pedal is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the foot pedal is not disconnected or the insulation of the wiring is |
| | not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the foot pedal for correct continuity. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.147. |

P1126/0: Accelerator sensor error (Foot pedal-open position)

| DTC P1126/0 | Accelerator sensor error (Foot pedal-open position) |
|-------------|---|
| | Accelerator sensor error (root pedal-open position) |
| | |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Harness |
| 2. With sensor voltage 1.1 [V] and above, foot pedal Normally Open switch detected | Foot pedal |
| being OFF or foot pedal Normally Closed switch detected being ON. | |
| 3. Five flashes. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run under restrictions]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | The engine runs at a constant rotational speed. |
| Run restricted? | The target speed is set to the "on-error target speed (standard value: 1500 [min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error target |
| | speed". |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The wiring for the foot pedal Normally Open switch may be disconnected
 - · The wiring for the foot pedal Normally Closed switch may be short-circuited with GND
- 3. The foot pedal may be faulty.
 - The inner wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check that the foot pedal movement is correctly recognized. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.147. |
| | For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see F. 147. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the foot pedal is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the foot pedal is not disconnected or the insulation of the wiring is |
| | not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the foot pedal for correct continuity. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.147. |

Spare accelerator sensor (Option)

P0222/4: Failure with spare accelerator sensor (Low voltage)

DTC P0222/4 Failure with spare accelerator sensor (Low voltage)

DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Harness |
| 2. Sensor voltage 0.2 [V] or lower. | Spare accelerator sensor |
| 3. One flash followed by eight flashes. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| | Error detection of main accelerator sensor | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Run under restrictions]: |
| | The engine continues to run using the main accel- | The engine runs at a constant rotational speed. |
| | erator sensor. | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The target speed is set to the "on-error target speed (standard value: 1500 [min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error target speed". |
| Recovery conditions | This error will be automatically reset when a normal voltage (0.2 to 4.6 [V]) is input. | This error will be automatically reset when a normal voltage (0.2 to 4.6 [V]) is input. |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The spare accelerator sensor's signal wires may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
 - The sensor 5 V wire may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
 - The sensor GND wire may be short-circuited with power supply (*)
 - (*) If the sensor GND wire is short-circuited with power supply, the E-ECU's power supply line fuse 10 A might be blown. With this fuse blown, the E-ECU may fail to detect/indicate the error, and to store the error history.
- 3. The spare accelerator sensor may be faulty.
 - · Sensor output defect by a disconnection of the spare accelerator sensor inner wiring or a sliding resistance increase
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the sensor voltage. |
| _ | • |
| | *Ear datails of the method and the presedure of diagnosis, and D151 |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.151. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Check that the connector of the spare accelerator sensor is correctly inserted. |
| | Check that the wiring of the spare accelerator sensor is not disconnected or the insulation c |
| | the wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the spare accelerator sensor. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | Check the output voltage of the spare accelerator sensor. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.151. |

P0223/3: Failure with spare accelerator sensor (High voltage)

| DTC P0223/3 | Failure with an are conclosed an annound link weltowe) |
|-------------|--|
| PUZZ3/3 | Failure with spare accelerator sensor (High voltage) |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Harness |
| 2. Sensor voltage 4.6 [V] or higher. | Spare accelerator sensor |
| 3. One flash followed by eight flashes. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| | Error detection of main accelerator sensor | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Run under restrictions]: |
| | The engine continues to run using the main accel- | The engine runs at a constant rotational speed. |
| | erator sensor. | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The target speed is set to the "on-error target speed (standard value: 1500 [min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error target speed". |
| Recovery conditions | This error will be automatically reset when a normal voltage (0.2 to 4.6 [V]) is input. | This error will be automatically reset when a normal voltage (0.2 to 4.6 [V]) is input. |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The sensor GND wire may be disconnected
 - The sensor signal wire may be short-circuited with power supply
- 3. The spare accelerator sensor may be faulty.
 - · Sensor output defect by a short circuit with power supply of the spare accelerator sensor inner wiring
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | - Check the ladit indication. |
| diama a dia ka a f | |
| diagnosis tool | Check the sensor voltage. |
| | - |
| | |
| | |
| | *Eau dataile of the worth ad and the number during of discussion and D454 |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.151. |
| | |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the spare accelerator sensor is correctly inserted. |
| | Check that the wiring of the spare accelerator sensor is not disconnected or the insulation of |
| | the wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the spare accelerator sensor. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | Check the output voltage of the spare accelerator sensor. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.151. |

P0224/2: Intermittent failure with spare accelerator sensor

| DTC P0224/2 | Intermittent failure with spare accelerator sensor |
|-------------|--|
| | Intermiπent talling with share accelerator sensor |
| | Intermittent fanure with spare accelerator sensor |
| | |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------------------|
| 1. Engine running. | Connector |
| 2. Unconfirmed error detected 10 times. | Harness |
| 3. Does not flash. | Spare accelerator sensor |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
|---------------------|---|
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - Spare accelerator sensor signal wire may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND or power supply
 - Sensor 5 V wire may be disconnected, or short-circuited with GND or power supply
 - Sensor GND wire may be disconnected
- 3. The spare accelerator sensor may be faulty.
 - · Spare accelerator sensor wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| diagnosis tool | Check the sensor voltage. |
| , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | ° ° |
| | *Eau dataile af the matter demotive and the proceedure of diamagnic and D454 |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.151. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the spare accelerator sensor is correctly inserted. |
| | Check that the wiring of the spare accelerator sensor is not disconnected or the insulation of |
| | the wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the spare accelerator sensor. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | Check the output voltage of the spare accelerator sensor. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.151. |

P1225/1: Spare accelerator sensor error (Foot pedal-close position)

DTC P1225/1 Spare accelerator sensor error (Foot pedal-close position)

DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Harness |
| 2. With sensor voltage at or below 0.65 [V], foot pedal Normally Open switch detected | Foot pedal |
| being ON or foot pedal Normally Closed switch detected being OFF. | |
| 3. One flash followed by eight flashes. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| | Error detection of main accelerator sensor | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Run under restrictions]: |
| | The engine continues to run using the main accel- | The engine runs at a constant rotational speed. |
| | erator sensor. | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The target speed is set to the "on-error target speed (standard value: 1500 [min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error target speed". |
| Recovery conditions | No. | No. |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The wiring for the foot pedal Normally Closed switch may be disconnected
 - · The wiring for the foot pedal Normally Open switch may be short-circuited with GND
- 3. The foot pedal may be faulty.
 - · The inner wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check that the foot pedal movement is correctly recognized. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.147. |
| | For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see F. 147. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the foot pedal is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the foot pedal is not disconnected or the insulation of the wiring is |
| | not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the foot pedal for correct continuity. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.147. |

P1226/0: Spare accelerator sensor error (Foot pedal-open position)

DTC P1226/0 Spare accelerator sensor error (Foot pedal-open position)

DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Harness |
| 2. With sensor voltage 1.1[V] and above, foot pedal Normally Open switch detected | Foot pedal |
| being OFF or foot pedal Normally Closed switch detected being ON. | |
| 3. One flash followed by eight flashes. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| | Error detection of main accelerator sensor | | | |
|---------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | Unavailable | Available | | |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Run under restrictions]: | | |
| | The engine continues to run using the main accel- | The engine runs at a constant rotational speed. | | |
| | erator sensor. | | | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The target speed is set to the "on-error target speed (standard value: 1500 [min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error target speed". | | |
| Recovery conditions | No. | No. | | |
| Remarks | | | | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The wiring for the foot pedal Normally Open switch may be disconnected
 - · The wiring for the foot pedal Normally Closed switch may be short-circuited with GND
- 3. The foot pedal may be faulty.
 - · The inner wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check that the foot pedal movement is correctly recognized. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.147. |
| | For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see F. 147. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the foot pedal is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the foot pedal is not disconnected or the insulation of the wiring is |
| | not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the foot pedal for correct continuity. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.147. |

P1227/8: Failure with spare accelerator sensor (Pulse communication)

DTC P1227/8 Failure with spare accelerator sensor (Pulse communication)

* This DTC is output when a pulse accelerator is used.

DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Harness |
| 2. No pulse accelerator signal input. | |
| 3. One flash followed by eight flashes. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| | CAN communication error detection | | | |
|---------------------|--|---|--|--|
| | Unavailable | Available | | |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. | [Run under restrictions]: The engine runs at a constant rotational speed. | | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The target speed is set to the "on-error target speed (standard value: 1500 [min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error target speed". | | |
| Recovery conditions | The error is automatically reset when a normal data is received. | The error is automatically reset when a normal data is received. | | |
| Remarks | | | | |

- 1. Wiring defect of the harness.
- · The pulse accelerator's signal wires may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
- 2. Source circuitry fault of the pulse accelerator signal.
- 3. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the diagnosis tool | Check the fault indication. | |
|---|---|--|
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.159. | |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | • | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| | • | Check that a source unit of the pulse accelerator signal and ECU are correctly connected. |
| | • | Check that the wiring of the pulse accelerator signal is not disconnected or the insulation of |
| | | the wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
|----------------------------|---|
| - | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.159. |

Atmospheric pressure sensor (Option)

P2228/4: Failure with atmospheric pressure sensor (Low voltage)

DTC P2228/4 Failure with atmospheric pressure sensor (Low voltage)

DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|-----------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Harness |
| 2. Sensor voltage 0.15 [V] or lower. | Atmospheric pressure sensor |
| 3. One flash followed by nine flashes. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run under restrictions]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | The engine continues to run with the atmospheric pressure unchanged from the pre-error value. |
| Run restricted? | The altitude compensation function is disabled. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness
 - The atmospheric pressure sensor's signal wires may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
 - · The sensor 5 V wire may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
 - The sensor GND wire may be short-circuited with power supply (*)
 - (*) If the sensor GND wire is short-circuited with power supply, the E-ECU's power supply line fuse 10 A might be blown. With this fuse blown, the E-ECU may fail to detect/indicate the error, and to store the error history.
- 3. The atmospheric pressure sensor may be faulty.
 - Sensor output defect by a disconnection of the atmospheric pressure sensor inner wiring or a sliding resistance increase
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the sensor voltage. |
| _ | • |
| | *For details of the method and the presedure of diagnosis, see D155 |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.155. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. | |
|-------------------------------|--|-----|
| | Check that the connector of the atmospheric pressure sensor is correctly inserted. | |
| | Check that the wiring of the atmospheric pressure sensor is not disconnected or the insu | la- |
| | tion of the wiring is not peeled. | |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the atmospheric pressure sensor. |
|----------------------------|--|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | Check the output voltage of the atmospheric pressure sensor. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.155. |

P2229/3: Failure with atmospheric pressure sensor (High voltage)

| DTC | Failure with atmospheric pressure sensor (High voltage) |
|-----|---|
| | ······································ |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|-----------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Harness |
| 2. Sensor voltage 4.8 [V] or higher. | Atmospheric pressure sensor |
| 3. One flash followed by nine flashes. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run under restrictions]: The engine continues to run with the atmospheric pressure unchanged from the pre-error value. |
|---------------------|--|
| Run restricted? | The altitude compensation function is disabled. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The sensor GND wire may be disconnected
 - The sensor signal wire may be short-circuited with power supply
- 3. The atmospheric pressure sensor may be faulty.
 - · Sensor output defect by a short circuit with power supply of the atmospheric pressure sensor inner wiring
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the sensor voltage. |
| _ | • |
| | *For details of the method and the presedure of diagnosis, see D155 |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.155. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | • | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|---|
| | • | Check that the connector of the atmospheric pressure sensor is correctly inserted. |
| | • | Check that the wiring of the atmospheric pressure sensor is not disconnected or the insula- |
| | | tion of the wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the atmospheric pressure sensor. |
|----------------------------|--|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | Check the output voltage of the atmospheric pressure sensor. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.155. |

P2230/2: Intermittent failure with atmospheric pressure sensor

| DTC P2230/2 | Intermittent failure with atmospheric pressure sensor |
|--------------|---|
| DIO I ZZOU/Z | |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|-----------------------------|
| 1. Engine running. | Connector |
| 2. Unconfirmed error detected 10 times. | Harness |
| 3. Does not flash. | Atmospheric pressure sensor |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · Accelerator sensor signal wire may be disconnected, or short-circuited with GND or power supply
 - · Sensor 5 V wire may be disconnected, or short-circuited with GND or power supply
 - · Sensor GND wire may be disconnected
- 3. The atmospheric pressure sensor may be faulty.
 - · Inner wiring of atmospheric pressure sensor may be disconnected, or short circuited

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the sensor voltage. |
| _ | • |
| | *For details of the method and the presedure of diagnosis, see D155 |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.155. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | • | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|---|
| | • | Check that the connector of the atmospheric pressure sensor is correctly inserted. |
| | • | Check that the wiring of the atmospheric pressure sensor is not disconnected or the insula- |
| | | tion of the wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the atmospheric pressure sensor. |
|----------------------------|--|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | Check the output voltage of the atmospheric pressure sensor. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.155. |

■ ECU temperature sensor

P0668/4: Failure with ECU temperature sensor (Low voltage)

DTC P0668/4 Failure with ECU temperature sensor (Low voltage)

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | E-ECU |
| 2. Sensor voltage 1.0 [V] (at 140 °C) or lower. | |
| 3. Four flashes followed by one flash. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Operation continuation]: No obstacles to control the engine. |
|---------------------|--|
| | The engine continues to run with the ECU temperature set to the default of 30 [°C]. |
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | This error will be automatically reset when a normal sensor voltage (1.0 to 4.6 [V]) is input. |
| Remarks | |

• Estimation of failure cause/error condition

1. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the ECU temperature. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.161. |



P0669/3: Failure with ECU temperature sensor (High voltage)

DTC P0669/3

Failure with ECU temperature sensor (High voltage)

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | E-ECU |
| 2. Sensor voltage 4.6 [V] (at -45 °C) or lower. | |
| 3. Four flashes followed by one flash. | |

• Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Operation continuation]: No obstacles to control the engine. |
|---------------------|--|
| | The engine continues to run with the ECU temperature set to the default of 30 [°C]. |
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | This error will be automatically reset when a normal sensor voltage (0.2 to 4.6 [V]) is input. |
| Remarks | |

• Estimation of failure cause/error condition

1. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the ECU temperature. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.161. |

P1664/2: Intermittent failure with ECU temperature sensor

| DTC P1664/2 | Intermittent failure with ECU temperature sensor |
|-------------|--|

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Engine running. | E-ECU |
| 2. Unconfirmed error detected 10 times. | |
| 3. Does not flash. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
|---------------------|---|
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

• Estimation of failure cause/error condition

1. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| diagnosis tool | Check the ECU temperature. | |
| | | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.161. | |



P0634/0: ECU temperature rise alarm

DTC P0634/0

ECU temperature rise alarm

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | E-ECU |
| 2. ECU internal temperature is 150 [°C] or higher. | |
| 3. Two flashes followed by five flashes. | |

• Movement at error occurrence

| | Setting of response to ECU temperature rise error | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Run under restrictions]: |
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine | The engine continues to run under restrictions. |
| | continue to run without any restrictions. | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The system restricts the high idle speed or engine |
| | | power. |
| Recovery conditions | This error is automatically reset when the normal | This error is automatically reset when the normal |
| | internal temperature (under 100 [°C]) of ECU is | internal temperature (under 100 [°C]) of ECU is |
| | detected. | detected. |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The ambient temperature around the ECU may be too high.
- 2. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

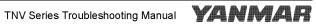
| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| diagnosis tool | Check the ECU temperature. |



| 2. Engine inspection | Turn the key switch off to stop the engine. |
|----------------------|---|
| | Inspect around the E-ECU. |
| | After a little, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected. |
| | *For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual (section |
| | "Engine"). |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the ECU temperature sensor. |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | |



Cooling water temperature sensor

P0117/4: Failure with cooling water temperature sensor (Low voltage)

DTC P0117/4

Failure with cooling water temperature sensor (Low voltage)

DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|----------------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Sensor voltage 0.2 [V] or lower. | Harness |
| 3. Four flashes. | Cooling water temperature sensor |
| | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| | In the case of a system with EGR | In the case of a system without EGR |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Error mode | [Run under restrictions]: | [Run as is]: |
| | The engine continues to run under restrictions. | |
| | The engine continues to run with the cooling water temperature set to the default of 30 [°C]. | |
| Run restricted? | The system restricts the high idle speed or engine | No. |
| | power. | |
| Recovery conditions | No. | This error will be automatically reset when a normal |
| | | sensor voltage (0.2 to 4.8 [V]) is kept. |
| Remarks | The restriction similar to one applied against EGR | |
| | errors is applied. | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The cooling water temperature sensor's signal wires may be short-circuited with GND
 - The cooling water temperature sensor's GND wire may be short-circuited with power supply
- 3. The cooling water temperature sensor may be faulty.
 - · Output defect of the cooling water temperature signal by the inner wiring short-circuited with GND
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the sensor voltage. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.163. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the cooling water temperature sensor is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the cooling water temperature sensor is not disconnected or the |
| | insulation of the wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the cooling water temperature sensor. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | Check the output voltage of the cooling water temperature sensor. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.163. |



P0118/3: Failure with cooling water temperature sensor (High voltage)

DTC P0118/3

Failure with cooling water temperature sensor (High voltage)

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pa | ttern of failure indicator Check points |
|---|---|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Sensor voltage 4.8 [V] or higher. | Harness |
| 3. Four flashes. | Cooling water temperature sensor |
| | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| | In the case of a system with EGR | In the case of a system without EGR |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Error mode | [Run under restrictions]: | [Run as is]: |
| | The engine continues to run under restrictions. | |
| | The engine continues to run with the cooling water temperature set to the default of 30 [°C]. | |
| Run restricted? | The system restricts the high idle speed or engine | No. |
| | power. | |
| Recovery conditions | No. | This error will be automatically reset when a normal |
| | | sensor voltage (0.2 to 4.8 [V]) is kept. |
| Remarks | The restriction similar to one applied against EGR | |
| | errors is applied. | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The cooling water temperature sensor's signal wires may be disconnected or short-circuited with power supply
 - The cooling water temperature GND wire may be disconnected
- 3. The cooling water temperature sensor may be faulty.
 - · Output defect of the cooling water temperature signal by the inner wiring disconnection
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the sensor voltage. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.163. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the cooling water temperature sensor is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the cooling water temperature sensor is not disconnected or the |
| | insulation of the wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the cooling water temperature sensor. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | Check the output voltage of the cooling water temperature sensor. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.163. |



P0119/2: Intermittent failure with cooling water temperature sensor

DTC P0119/2

Intermittent failure with cooling water temperature sensor

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing patte | rn of failure indicator Check points |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| 1. Engine running. | Connector |
| 2. Unconfirmed error detected 10 times. | Harness |
| 3. Does not flash. | High-accuracy cooling water tempera- |
| | ture sensor |
| | E-ECU |

• Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
|---------------------|---|
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The cooling water temperature sensor's signal wires may be short-circuited with GND
 - The cooling water temperature sensor's signal wires may be disconnected or short-circuited with power supply
 - GND wire of the cooling water temperature sensor may be disconnected
- 3. The cooling water temperature sensor may be faulty.
 - · Signal wire in the sensor may be disconnected, or short circuited
 - · Sensor GND wire in the sensor may be disconnected

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the sensor voltage. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.163. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the cooling water temperature sensor is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the cooling water temperature sensor is not disconnected or the |
| | insulation of the wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the cooling water temperature sensor. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | Check the output voltage of the cooling water temperature sensor. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.163. |



P0217/0: Cooling water temperature rise alarm

- DTC P0217/0
- Cooling water temperature rise alarm

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern | of failure indicator Check points |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Engine cooling water level |
| 2. Cooling water temperature 115 [°C] or higher. | Engine cooling system |
| 3. Three flashes followed by six flashes. | Cooling water temperature sensor |

• Movement at error occurrence

| | Setting of response to cooling | g water temperature rise error |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Run under restrictions]: |
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine | The engine continues to run under restrictions. |
| | continue to run without any restrictions. | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The system restricts the high idle speed or engine |
| | | power. |
| Recovery conditions | This error is automatically reset when the normal | This error is automatically reset when the normal |
| | cooling water temperature (under 110 [°C]) is | cooling water temperature (under 110 [°C]) is |
| | detected. | detected. |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The engine may be overheated.
- 2. The engine cooling water level may be too low.
- 3. The engine cooling system may be faulty.
- 4. The cooling water temperature sensor may be faulty.

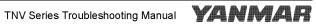
| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the cooling water temperature and the sensor voltage. |



| 2. Engine inspection | • Turn the key switch off to stop the engine. |
|----------------------|---|
| | Check the engine cooling system. |
| | • After a little, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected. |
| | *For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual ("Engine"). |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work • Check the cooling water temperature sensor system. |
|--|
|--|



■ Lubricating oil temperature sensor (Optional parts for 3TNV80FT)

P0197/4: Failure with lubricating oil temperature sensor (Low voltage)

DTC P0197/4

Failure with lubricating oil temperature sensor (Low voltage)

DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|------------------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Sensor voltage 0.165 [V] or lower. | Harness |
| 3. Four flashes. | Lubricating oil temperature sensor |
| | E-ECU |

• Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | The engine continues to run with the lubricating oil temperature set to the default of 30 [°C]. |
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | This error will be automatically reset when a normal sensor voltage (0.165 to 4.9 [V]) is kept. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The lubricating oil temperature sensor's signal wires may be short-circuited with GND
 - The lubricating oil temperature sensor's GND wire may be short-circuited with power supply
- 3. The lubricating oil temperature sensor may be faulty.
 - · Output defect of the lubricating oil temperature signal by the inner wiring short-circuited with GND
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the sensor voltage. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.167. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the lubricating oil temperature sensor is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the lubricating oil temperature sensor is not disconnected or the |
| | insulation of the wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Turn on and off the key switch, and check if DTC will be indicated again. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | Check the output voltage of the lubricating oil temperature sensor. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.167. |



P0198/3: Failure with lubricating oil temperature sensor (High voltage)

DTC P0198/3

Failure with lubricating oil temperature sensor (High voltage)

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|------------------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Sensor voltage 4.9 [V] or higher. | Harness |
| 3. Four flashes. | Lubricating oil temperature sensor |
| | E-ECU |

• Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | The engine continues to run with the lubricating oil temperature set to the default of 30 [°C]. |
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | This error will be automatically reset when a normal sensor voltage (0.165 to 4.9 [V]) is kept. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The lubricating oil temperature sensor's signal wires may be disconnected or short-circuited with power supply
 - The lubricating oil temperature GND wire may be disconnected
- 3. The lubricating oil temperature sensor may be faulty.
 - Output defect of the lubricating oil temperature signal by the inner wiring disconnection
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the sensor voltage. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.167. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the lubricating oil temperature sensor is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the lubricating oil temperature sensor is not disconnected or the |
| | insulation of the wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Turn on and off the key switch, and check if DTC will be indicated again. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | Check the output voltage of the lubricating oil temperature sensor. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.167. |



P0199/2: Intermittent failure with lubricating oil temperature sensor

DTC P0199/2

Intermittent failure with lubricating oil temperature sensor

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|------------------------------------|
| 1. Engine running. | Connector |
| 2. Unconfirmed error detected 10 times. | Harness |
| 3. Does not flash. | Lubricating oil temperature sensor |
| | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | The engine continues to run with the lubricating oil temperature set to the default of 30 [°C]. |
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | This error will be automatically reset when a normal sensor voltage (0.165 to 4.9 [V]) is kept. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - Sensor signal wire may be disconnected
 - Sensor 5 V wire may be disconnected
 - Sensor GND wire may be disconnected
- 3. The lubricating oil temperature sensor may be faulty.
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the sensor voltage. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.167. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the lubricating oil temperature sensor is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the lubricating oil temperature sensor is not disconnected or the |
| | insulation of the wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Turn on and off the key switch, and check if DTC will be indicated again. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | Check the output voltage of the lubricating oil temperature sensor. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.167. |



Sensor 5 V

P0642/4: Failure with sensor 5 V (Low voltage)

| DTC P0642/4 | Failure with sensor 5 V (Low voltage) |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| | randre man beneber e r (Lew renage) |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of | failure indicator Check points |
|---|--------------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Harness |
| 2. Sensor 5 V monitoring voltage 4.5 [V] or lower. | E-ECU |
| 3. Two flashes followed by four flashes. | |

• Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Operation continuation]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

• Estimation of failure cause/error condition

- 1. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The sensor 5 V wire may be short-circuited with GND
- 2. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the voltage of the sensor 5 V. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.171. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | • | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|---|
| | • | Check that the insulation of the sensor 5 V is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the output voltage of the E-ECU (voltage of the sensor 5 V line). |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.171. |

P0643/3: Failure with sensor 5 V (High voltage)

| DTC D0643/3 | |
|-------------|--|
| DTC P0643/3 | Failure with sensor 5 V (High voltage) |
| | |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Harness |
| 2. Sensor 5 V monitoring voltage 5.5 [V] or higher. | E-ECU |
| 3. Two flashes followed by four flashes. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
|---------------------|---|
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

• Estimation of failure cause/error condition

1. Wiring defect of the harness.

- The sensor GND wire may be disconnected
- The sensor 5 V wire may be short-circuited with power supply
- 2. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the voltage of the sensor 5 V. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.171. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the sensor 5 V line and sensor GND line are not disconnected or the insulation of |
| | the wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the output voltage of the E-ECU (voltage of the sensor 5 V line). |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.171. |

P1644/2: Intermittent failure with sensor 5 V

- DTC P1644/2
- Intermittent failure with sensor 5 V

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of | failure indicator Check points |
|---|--------------------------------|
| 1. Engine running. | Harness |
| 2. Unconfirmed error detected 10 times. | E-ECU |
| 3. Does not flash. | |

• Movement at error occurrence

| | [Operation continuation]: | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. | |
| Run restricted? | No. | |
| Recovery conditions | No. | |
| Remarks | | |

• Estimation of failure cause/error condition

- 1. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The sensor 5 V wire may be short-circuited with power supply or GND
 - Sensor GND wire may be disconnected
- 2. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | • | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|----|---|
| diagnosis tool | • | Check the voltage of the sensor 5 V. |
| | | |
| | *F | or details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.171. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | • | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| | • | Check that the sensor 5 V line and sensor GND line are not disconnected or the insulation of |
| | | the wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the output voltage of the E-ECU (voltage of the sensor 5 V line). |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.171. |

Power supply voltage

P0562/1: Power supply voltage error (Low voltage)

DTC P0562/1 Power supply voltage error (Low voltage)

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Engine running. | Battery |
| 2. E-ECU supply voltage below 10 [V]. | alternator |
| 3. Two flashes followed by three flashes. | Harness |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Operation continuation]: | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. | | |
| Run restricted? | No. | | |
| Recovery conditions | This error will be automatically reset when a normal supply voltage (10 to 16 [V]) is input. | | |
| Remarks | | | |

- 1. The battery may be deteriorated.
- 2. The battery connection may be miswired.
- 3. The alternator may be faulty.
- 4. The harness may be disconnected or short-circuited.
- 5. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| diagnosis tool | Check the battery voltage. | |



| 2. Engine inspection | Turn the key switch off to stop the engine. |
|----------------------|---|
| | |
| | Check the battery voltage using a circuit tester. |
| | |
| | Inspect the charging system of the engine. |
| | |
| | After a little, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | *For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual ("Engine"). |
| | |
| | |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | • Check that the battery wiring is not disconnected or the insulation of the wiring is not peeled. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| 0.1 different diagnostic work | oneok that the battery winning is not disconnected of the insulation of the winning is not pecied. |
| | |
| | |
| | |

P0563/0: Power supply voltage error (High voltage)

| DTC P0563/0 | Power supply voltage error (High voltage) | |
|-------------|---|--|
| | | |
| | | |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Engine running. | Battery |
| 2. E-ECU supply voltage over 16 [V]. | alternator |
| 3. Two flashes followed by three flashes. | Harness |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Operation continuation]: | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. | |
| Run restricted? | No. | |
| Recovery conditions | This error will be automatically reset when a normal supply voltage (10 to 16 [V]) is input. | |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. An incompatible battery (such as a 24 V battery) may be used.
- 2. The battery connection may be miswired.
- 3. The alternator may be faulty.
- 4. The harness may be disconnected or short-circuited.
- 5. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| diagnosis tool | Check the battery voltage. | |



| 2. Engine inspection | Turn the key switch off to stop the engine. |
|----------------------|---|
| | |
| | Check the battery voltage using a circuit tester. |
| | |
| | Inspect the charging system of the engine. |
| | |
| | After a little, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | *For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual ("Engine"). |
| | |
| | |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | • Check that the battery wiring is not disconnected or the insulation of the wiring is not peeled. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| 0.1 different diagnostic work | oneok that the battery winning is not disconnected of the insulation of the winning is not pecied. |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Pulse sensor related failures

Speed sensor

P0340/4: Failure with speed sensor

| | Cread concer error |
|-------------|--------------------|
| DIC P0340/4 | Speed sensor error |
| | |
| | |

DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Key switch START, engine running. | Connector |
| 2. Speed sensor signal 0 [min ⁻¹]. | Harness |
| 3. Six flashes. | Speed sensor |
| | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| | Spare speed sensor setting | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Stop immediately]: | [Run under restrictions]: |
| | The engine stops running. | The engine continues to run under restrictions with |
| | | the spare speed sensor used instead. |
| Run restricted? | The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack | The system restricts the high idle speed or engine |
| | position is forcibly set to the engine stop position. | power. |
| Recovery conditions | Key switch START | Key switch START |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Engine speed defect.
 - · Battery voltage descent at cold start etc
 - · Starter system failure
 - Fuel injection not available (fuel freezing)
 - Engine locked (seizure, freezing)
 - Battery voltage descent (over discharge, deterioration)
 - · Load increase driven by the operating machine
- 3. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The speed sensor's signal wires (+) and (-) may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
 - · The starter signal wire may be short-circuited with power supply
- 4. The speed sensor may be faulty.
 - · Output defect of the speed signal by a disconnection or a short circuit of the inner wiring
- 5. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the engine speed. |
| _ | |
| | *For details of the method and the presedure of diagnosis, see D174 |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.174. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Check that the connector of the speed sensor is correctly inserted. |
| | Check that the wiring of the speed sensor is not disconnected or the insulation of the wiring |
| | is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the speed sensor. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.174. |

■ Spare speed sensor (Option)

P1340/4: Failure with spare speed sensor

| DTC P1340/4 | Failure with spare speed sensor |
|-------------|---------------------------------|
| | |

DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Engine running. | Connector |
| 2. Spare speed sensor signal below 0 [min ⁻¹]. | Harness |
| 3. One flash followed by another flash. | alternator |
| | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| | Main speed sens | Main speed sensor error detection | |
|---------------------|---|---|--|
| | Unavailable | Available | |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Stop immediately]: | |
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine | The engine stops running. | |
| | continue to run without any restrictions. | | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack | |
| | | position is forcibly set to the engine stop position. | |
| Recovery conditions | No. | Key switch START | |
| Remarks | | | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Output pulse voltage defect by low engine speed.
- 3. Output pulse defect by the battery over-charge.
- 4. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The spare speed sensor's signal wires may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
- · The alternator's terminals B and IG may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
- 5. Output pulse defect by the alternator failure.
- 6. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| T. HINGAI GIOGIO WIGH GIO | oneek the ladit indication. |
| | |
| diagnosis tool | Check the rotational speed of the spare speed sensor. |
| ulugilioole looi | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.177. |
| | |
| | |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the alternator is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the alternator is not disconnected or the insulation of the wiring is |
| | not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the battery voltage. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.177. |

Engine rotational speed

P0219/0: Overspeed error

| DTC P0219/0 | | |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | Overspeed error | |
| | | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicato | r Check points |
|---|----------------|
| 1. Engine running. | Harness |
| 2. Sensor signal at or above the upper limit (High idle speed +600 [min ⁻¹]). | Speed sensor |
| 3. Two flashes followed by five flashes. | Rack actuator |
| | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Stop immediately]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | The engine stops running. |
| Run restricted? | The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack position is forcibly set to the engine stop position. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The rack actuator wiring may be short-circuited with GND
- 2. False generation of speed sensor signal pulse.
 - False wiring of the speed sensor
- 3. Engine over speed loaded by the operating machine's drive.
- 4. Control error of the fuel injection pump.
 - · The rack actuator wiring may be short-circuited with GND
- 5. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.



| diagnosis tool |
|----------------|
|----------------|



| 2. Engine inspection | Turn the key switch off to stop the engine. |
|----------------------|---|
| | Inspect the engine and the operating machine. |
| | After a little, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected. |
| | *For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual ("Engine"). |



|--|

Contact output related failures

Rack actuator relay

P1222/4: Failure A with rack actuator relay

| DTC P1222/4 | Failure A with rack actuator relay |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| 010 11222/4 | I difute A with fack actuator felay |
| | - |

• DTC detecting conditions

| I - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicato | Check points |
|---|---------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Make an assessment logically as to followings. | Harness |
| E-ECU detects the rack actuator relay turning ON during the command to turn | Rack actuator relay |
| OFF the rack actuator relay. | E-ECU |
| 3. One flash followed by seven flashes. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Stop immediately]: The engine stops running. |
|---------------------|---|
| Run restricted? | The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack position is forcibly set to the engine stop position. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The rack actuator relay wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
- 3. The rack actuator relay may be faulty.
- · Inner wiring disconnection
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the output signal of the rack actuator relay. |
| | Check the movement of the rack actuator relay by the active control function. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.180. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the rack actuator relay is correctly inserted. |
| | Check that the wiring of the rack actuator relay is not disconnected or the insulation of the |
| | wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the rack actuator relay. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.180. |

P1223/3: Failure B with rack actuator relay

| DTC P1223/3 | Failure B with rack actuator relay |
|-------------|------------------------------------|
| | |

DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|--|---------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Make an assessment logically as to followings. | Harness |
| E-ECU detects the rack actuator relay turning OFF during the command to turn | Rack actuator relay |
| ON the rack actuator relay. | E-ECU |
| 3. One flash followed by seven flashes. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Stop immediately]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | The engine stops running. |
| Run restricted? | The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack position is forcibly set to the engine stop position. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The rack actuator relay wiring may be short-circuited with power supply (*)
- 2. The rack actuator relay may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring short-circuited with power supply (*)
 - (*) If the rack actuator relay wire is short-circuited with power supply, inner circuit of E-ECU may fail before the E-ECU's power supply line fuse 10 A is blown. In this case, the ECU fails to detect/indicate the error, and to store the error history.
- 3. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the output signal of the rack actuator relay. |
| | Check the movement of the rack actuator relay by the active control function. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.180. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the rack actuator relay is correctly inserted. |
| | Check that the wiring of the rack actuator relay is not disconnected or the insulation of the |
| | wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the rack actuator relay. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.180. |

P1224/2: Intermittent failure with rack actuator relay

| DTC P1224/2 | Intermittent failure with rack actuator relay |
|-------------|---|
| | Intermitent failure with fack actually relay |
| | |

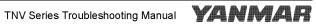
• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|---------------------|
| 1. Engine running. | Connector |
| 2. Unconfirmed error detected 10 times. | Harness |
| 3. Does not flash. | Rack actuator relay |
| | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The rack actuator relay wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
- 3. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the output signal of the rack actuator relay. |
| | Check the movement of the rack actuator relay by the active control function. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.180. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the rack actuator relay is correctly inserted. |
| | Check that the wiring of the rack actuator relay is not disconnected or the insulation of the |
| | wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the rack actuator relay. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.180. |

Start assist relay

P1232/4: Failure A with start assist relay

| DTC P1232/4 | Failure A with start assist relay |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| | |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Make an assessment logically as to followings. | Harness |
| E-ECU detects the start assist relay turning ON during the command to turn OFF | Start assist relay |
| the start assist relay. | E-ECU |
| 3. One flash followed by five flashes. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
- The start assist relay wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with power supply
- 3. The start assist relay may be faulty.
 - · Disconnection of start assist relay inner wiring
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| diagnosis tool | Check the output signal of the start assist relay. |
| | • Check the movement of the start assist relay by the active control function. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.184. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Check that the connector of the start assist relay is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the start assist relay is not disconnected or the insulation of the wir- |
| | ing is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the start assist relay. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.184. |

P1233/3: Failure B with start assist relay

| DTC P1233/3 | Failure B with start assist relay |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|

• DTC detecting conditions

| I - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Make an assessment logically as to followings. | Harness |
| E-ECU detects the start assist relay turning OFF during the command to turn ON | Start assist relay |
| the start assist relay. | E-ECU |
| 3. One flash followed by five flashes. | |

• Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The start assist relay wiring may be short-circuited with GND (*)
- 3. The start assist relay may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the start assist relay may be short-circuited with GND (*)
 - (*) If the start assist relay wire is short-circuited with GND, the E-ECU's power supply line fuse 10 A might be blown. Also the E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty. In this case, the E-ECU may fail to detect/indicate the error, and to store the error history.
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| diagnosis tool | Check the output signal of the start assist relay. |
| | • Check the movement of the start assist relay by the active control function. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.184. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Check that the connector of the start assist relay is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the start assist relay is not disconnected or the insulation of the wir- |
| | ing is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the start assist relay. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.184. |

P1234/2: Intermittent failure with start assist relay

| DTC P1234/2 | Intermittent failure with start assist relay |
|--------------|--|
| DIG F 1234/2 | Internittent failure with start assist relay |
| | |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------------|
| 1. Engine running. | Connector |
| 2. Unconfirmed error detected 10 times. | Harness |
| 3. Does not flash. | Start assist relay |
| | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The start assist relay wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with power supply
- 3. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| diagnosis tool | Check the output signal of the start assist relay. |
| | • Check the movement of the start assist relay by the active control function. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.184. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Check that the connector of the start assist relay is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the start assist relay is not disconnected or the insulation of the wir- |
| | ing is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the start assist relay. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.184. |

■ CSD solenoid valve

P1242/4: Failure A with CSD solenoid valve

| DTC P1242/4 | Failure A with CSD solenoid valve |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Make an assessment logically as to followings. | Harness |
| • E-ECU detects the CSD solenoid valve turning ON signal during the command to | CSD solenoid valve |
| turn OFF the CSD solenoid valve. | E-ECU |
| 3. One flash followed by four flashes. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
- · CSD solenoid valve wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with power supply
- 3. The CSD solenoid valve may be faulty.
 - · Inner wiring disconnection
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| diagnosis tool | Check the output signal of the CSD solenoid valve. |
| | Check the movement of the CSD solenoid valve by the active control function. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.188. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the CSD solenoid valve is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the CSD solenoid valve is not disconnected or the insulation of the |
| | wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the CSD solenoid valve coil. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.188. |

P1243/3: Failure B with CSD solenoid valve

DTC Failure B with CSD solenoid valve P1243/3

DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Make an assessment logically as to followings. | Harness |
| • E-ECU detects the CSD solenoid valve turning OFF signal during the command to | CSD solenoid valve |
| turn ON the CSD solenoid valve. | E-ECU |
| 3. One flash followed by four flashes. | |

• Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The CSD solenoid valve wiring may be short-circuited with GND (*)
- 3. The CSD solenoid valve may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring short-circuited with GND (*)
 - (*) If the CSD solenoid valve wire is short-circuited with GND, the E-ECU's power supply line fuse 10 A might be blown. Also the E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty. In this case, the E-ECU may fail to detect/indicate the error, and to store the error history.
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| diagnosis tool | Check the output signal of the CSD solenoid valve. |
| | Check the movement of the CSD solenoid valve by the active control function. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.188. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the CSD solenoid valve is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the CSD solenoid valve is not disconnected or the insulation of the |
| | wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the CSD solenoid valve coil. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.188. |

P1244/2: Intermittent failure with CSD solenoid valve

| DTC P1244/2 | Intermittent failure with CSD solenoid valve | |
|-------------|--|--|
| | | |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicato | r Check points |
|--|--------------------|
| 1. Engine running. | Connector |
| 2. Unconfirmed error detected 10 times. | Harness |
| 3. Does not flash. | CSD solenoid valve |
| | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The CSD solenoid valve wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with power supply
- 3. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| diagnosis tool | Check the output signal of the CSD solenoid valve. |
| | Check the movement of the CSD solenoid valve by the active control function. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.188. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the CSD solenoid valve is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the CSD solenoid valve is not disconnected or the insulation of the |
| | wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the CSD solenoid valve coil. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.188. |

■ EGR valve

P1402/4: Failure A with EGR valve (Step motor A-phase)

P1402/4 DTC

Failure A with EGR valve (Step motor A-phase)

DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Make an assessment logically as to followings. | Harness |
| E-ECU detects the EGR step motor A-phase turning ON during the command to | EGR valve (Step motor) |
| turn OFF the EGR step motor A-phase. | E-ECU |
| 3. One flash followed by three flashes. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| | Movement setting at the EGR step motor error | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Run under restrictions]: |
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine | The engine continues to run under restrictions. |
| | continue to run without any restrictions. | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The system restricts the high idle speed or engine |
| | | power. |
| Recovery conditions | No. | No. |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The EGR step motor A-phase wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
 - · The EGR step motor power supply line may be disconnected
- 3. The EGR step motor may be faulty.
 - · Inner wiring of the EGR step motor A-phase may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
 - · Power supply line in the EGR step motor may be disconnected
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the output signal of the EGR step motor. |
| | Check the movement of the EGR step motor by the active control function. *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.192. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Check that the connector of the EGR step motor is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the EGR step motor is not disconnected or the insulation of the wir- |
| | ing is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the coil resistance of the EGR step motor. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.192. |

P1403/3: Failure B with EGR valve (Step motor A-phase)

| DTC P1403/3 | Failure B with EGR valve (Step motor A-phase) |
|-------------|---|
| | |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Make an assessment logically as to followings. | Harness |
| • E-ECU detects the EGR step motor A-phase turning OFF during the command to | EGR valve (Step motor) |
| turn ON the EGR step motor A-phase. | E-ECU |
| 3. One flash followed by three flashes. | |

• Movement at error occurrence

| | Movement setting at the EGR step motor error | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Run under restrictions]: |
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine | The engine continues to run under restrictions. |
| | continue to run without any restrictions. | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The system restricts the high idle speed or engine |
| | | power. |
| Recovery conditions | No. | No. |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The EGR step motor A-phase wiring may be short-circuited with power supply
 - · The EGR step motor wiring may be short-circuited between phases
- 3. The EGR step motor may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the EGR step motor A-phase may be short-circuited with power supply
 - · Inner wiring of the EGR step motor may be short-circuited between phases
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the output signal of the EGR step motor. |
| | Check the movement of the EGR step motor by the active control function. *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.192. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Check that the connector of the EGR step motor is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the EGR step motor is not disconnected or the insulation of the wir- |
| | ing is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the coil resistance of the EGR step motor. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.192. |

P1412/4: Failure A with EGR valve (Step motor B-phase)

| DTC P1412/4 | Failure A with EGR valve (Step motor B-phase) |
|-------------|---|
| | |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Make an assessment logically as to followings. | Harness |
| • E-ECU detects the EGR step motor B-phase turning ON during the command to | EGR valve (Step motor) |
| turn OFF the EGR step motor B-phase. | E-ECU |
| 3. One flash followed by three flashes. | |

• Movement at error occurrence

| | Movement setting at the EGR step motor error | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Run under restrictions]: |
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine | The engine continues to run under restrictions. |
| | continue to run without any restrictions. | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The system restricts the high idle speed or engine |
| | | power. |
| Recovery conditions | No. | No. |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The EGR step motor B-phase wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
 - The EGR step motor power supply line may be disconnected
- 3. The EGR step motor may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the EGR step motor B-phase may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
 - Power supply line in the EGR step motor may be disconnected
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the output signal of the EGR step motor. |
| | Check the movement of the EGR step motor by the active control function. *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.192. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Check that the connector of the EGR step motor is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the EGR step motor is not disconnected or the insulation of the wir- |
| | ing is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the coil resistance of the EGR step motor. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.192. |

P1413/3: Failure B with EGR valve (Step motor B-phase)

| DTC P1413/3 | Failure B with EGR valve (Step motor B-phase) |
|-------------|---|
| P 1413/3 | Failure B with EGR valve (Step motor B-phase) |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Make an assessment logically as to followings. | Harness |
| • E-ECU detects the EGR step motor B-phase turning OFF during the command to | EGR valve (Step motor) |
| turn ON the EGR step motor B-phase. | E-ECU |
| 3. One flash followed by three flashes. | |

• Movement at error occurrence

| Movement setting at the EGR step motor error | | e EGR step motor error |
|--|---|--|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Run under restrictions]: |
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine | The engine continues to run under restrictions. |
| | continue to run without any restrictions. | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The system restricts the high idle speed or engine |
| | | power. |
| Recovery conditions | No. | No. |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The EGR step motor B-phase wiring may be short-circuited with power supply
 - · The EGR step motor wiring may be short-circuited between phases
- 3. The EGR step motor may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the EGR step motor B-phase may be short-circuited with power supply
 - · Inner wiring of the EGR step motor may be short-circuited between phases
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the output signal of the EGR step motor. |
| | Check the movement of the EGR step motor by the active control function. *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.192. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Check that the connector of the EGR step motor is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the EGR step motor is not disconnected or the insulation of the wir- |
| | ing is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the coil resistance of the EGR step motor. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.192. |

P1422/4: Failure A with EGR valve (Step motor C-phase)

| DTC P1422/4 | Failure A with EGR valve (Step motor C-phase) |
|-------------|---|
| | rainine A with LOR valve (Step motor C-phase) |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Make an assessment logically as to followings. | Harness |
| • E-ECU detects the EGR step motor C-phase turning ON during the command to | EGR valve (Step motor) |
| turn OFF the EGR step motor C-phase. | E-ECU |
| 3. One flash followed by three flashes. | |

• Movement at error occurrence

| | Movement setting at the EGR step motor error | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Run under restrictions]: |
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine | The engine continues to run under restrictions. |
| | continue to run without any restrictions. | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The system restricts the high idle speed or engine |
| | | power. |
| Recovery conditions | No. | No. |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The EGR step motor C-phase wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
 - The EGR step motor power supply line may be disconnected
- 3. The EGR step motor may be faulty.
 - · Inner wiring of the EGR step motor C-phase may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
 - Power supply line in the EGR step motor may be disconnected
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the output signal of the EGR step motor. |
| | Check the movement of the EGR step motor by the active control function. *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.192. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Check that the connector of the EGR step motor is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the EGR step motor is not disconnected or the insulation of the wir- |
| | ing is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the coil resistance of the EGR step motor. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.192. |

P1423/3: Failure B with EGR valve (Step motor C-phase)

| DTC P1423/3 | Failure B with EGR valve (Step motor C-phase) |
|-------------|---|
| F 14ZJ/J | and e b with EOR valve (Step motor C-phase) |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Make an assessment logically as to followings. | Harness |
| • E-ECU detects the EGR step motor C-phase turning OFF during the command to | EGR valve (Step motor) |
| turn ON the EGR step motor C-phase. | E-ECU |
| 3. One flash followed by three flashes. | |

• Movement at error occurrence

| | Movement setting at the EGR step motor error | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Run under restrictions]: |
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine | The engine continues to run under restrictions. |
| | continue to run without any restrictions. | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The system restricts the high idle speed or engine |
| | | power. |
| Recovery conditions | No. | No. |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The EGR step motor C-phase wiring may be short-circuited with power supply
 - · The EGR step motor wiring may be short-circuited between phases
- 3. The EGR step motor may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the EGR step motor C-phase may be short-circuited with power supply
 - · Inner wiring of the EGR step motor may be short-circuited between phases
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the output signal of the EGR step motor. |
| | Check the movement of the EGR step motor by the active control function. *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.192. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Check that the connector of the EGR step motor is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the EGR step motor is not disconnected or the insulation of the wir- |
| | ing is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the coil resistance of the EGR step motor. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.192. |

P1432/4: Failure A with EGR valve (Step motor D-phase)

| DTC P1432/4 | Failure A with EGR valve (Step motor D-phase) |
|-------------|---|
| | Talidie A with LOR valve (Step hotor D-phase) |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Make an assessment logically as to followings. | Harness |
| • E-ECU detects the EGR step motor D-phase turning ON during the command to | EGR valve (Step motor) |
| turn OFF the EGR step motor C-phase. | E-ECU |
| 3. One flash followed by three flashes. | |

• Movement at error occurrence

| | Movement setting at the EGR step motor error | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Run under restrictions]: |
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine | The engine continues to run under restrictions. |
| | continue to run without any restrictions. | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The system restricts the high idle speed or engine |
| | | power. |
| Recovery conditions | No. | No. |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The EGR step motor D-phase wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
 - The EGR step motor power supply line may be disconnected
- 3. The EGR step motor may be faulty.
 - · Inner wiring of the EGR step motor D-phase may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
 - Power supply line in the EGR step motor may be disconnected
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the output signal of the EGR step motor. |
| | Check the movement of the EGR step motor by the active control function. *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.192. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Check that the connector of the EGR step motor is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the EGR step motor is not disconnected or the insulation of the wir- |
| | ing is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the coil resistance of the EGR step motor. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.192. |

P1433/3: Failure B with EGR valve (Step motor D-phase)

| DTC P1433/3 | Eailure D with ECD value (Step motor D phase) |
|-------------|---|
| P 1433/3 | Failure B with EGR valve (Step motor D-phase) |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Make an assessment logically as to followings. | Harness |
| • E-ECU detects the EGR step motor D-phase turning OFF during the command to | EGR valve (Step motor) |
| turn ON the EGR step motor D-phase. | E-ECU |
| 3. One flash followed by three flashes. | |

• Movement at error occurrence

| | Movement setting at the EGR step motor error | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Run under restrictions]: |
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine | The engine continues to run under restrictions. |
| | continue to run without any restrictions. | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The system restricts the high idle speed or engine |
| | | power. |
| Recovery conditions | No. | No. |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The EGR step motor D-phase wiring may be short-circuited with power supply
 - · The EGR step motor wiring may be short-circuited between phases
- 3. The EGR step motor may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the EGR step motor D-phase may be short-circuited with power supply
 - · Inner wiring of the EGR step motor may be short-circuited between phases
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the output signal of the EGR step motor. |
| | Check the movement of the EGR step motor by the active control function. *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.192. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Check that the connector of the EGR step motor is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the EGR step motor is not disconnected or the insulation of the wir- |
| | ing is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the coil resistance of the EGR step motor. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.192. |

Contact input related failures

■ Oil pressure related failures

P1192/4: Failure with oil pressure switch

| DTC P1192/4 | Failure with oil pressure switch |
|-------------|----------------------------------|
| 010 11102/4 | |
| | - |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|---------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Oil pressure switch turns ON with engine stopped. | Harness |
| * This manual assumes that the contact input is configured as Normally Open (NO). | Oil pressure switch |
| 3. Two flashes followed by one flash. | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| | [Run as is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
|---------------------|---|
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The oil pressure switch wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with power supply
- 3. The oil pressure switch may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the oil pressure switch may be disconnected or short-circuited with power supply
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check that the input signal of the oil pressure switch is correctly recognized. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.197. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the oil pressure switch is correctly inserted. |
| | Check that the wiring of the oil pressure switch is not disconnected or the insulation of the |
| | wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.197. |

P1198/1: Abnormal oil pressure descend

| DTC P1198/1 | Abnormal oil pressure descend |
|-------------|-------------------------------|

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|---------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Hydrostatic system |
| 2. Oil pressure switch turns ON after engine has been started. | Harness |
| * This manual assumes that the contact input is configured as Normally Open (NO). | Oil pressure switch |
| 3. Three flashes followed by one flash. | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| | Setting of response to "Oil pressure low" alarm | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Run under restrictions]: |
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine | The engine continues to run under restrictions. |
| | continue to run without any restrictions. | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The system restricts the high idle speed or engine |
| | | power. |
| Recovery conditions | No. | No. |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The oil pressure may be too low.
- 2. The hydraulic system may be faulty.
- 3. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The oil pressure switch wiring may be short-circuited with GND
- 4. The oil pressure switch may be faulty.
 - · Inner wiring of the oil pressure switch may be short-circuited with GND
- 5. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check that the input signal of the oil pressure switch is correctly recognized. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.197. |
| | For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see F. 197. |



| 2. Engine inspection | Turn the key switch off to stop the engine. |
|----------------------|---|
| | Inspect the oil pressure system. |
| | • After the inspection, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected. |
| | *For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual ("Engine"). |



| 2 Eailura diagnostia work | - Check the eil pressure ewitch eveters |
|----------------------------|---|
| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the oil pressure switch system. |
| 2 | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.197. |
| | FOI details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see F. 197. |
| | |

Battery charge related failures

P1562/4: Failure with charge switch

| DTC P1562/4 | Failure with charge switch |
|-------------|--|
| | |
| | · ···································· |
| | |

DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|---------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Charge switch turns OFF with engine stopped. | Harness |
| * This manual assumes that the contact input is configured as Normally Open (NO). | Charge switch |
| 3. Two flashes followed by two flashes. | E-ECU |

• Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The charge switch wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with power supply
- 3. The charge switch may be faulty.
 - · Inner wiring of the charge switch may be disconnected or short-circuited with power supply
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check that the input signal of the charge switch is correctly recognized. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.197. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the charge switch is correctly inserted. |
| | • Check that the wiring of the charge switch is not disconnected or the insulation of the wiring |
| | is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
|----------------------------|--|
| - | |
| *F | For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.197. |

P1568/1: Charge alarm

DTC P1568/1 Charge alarm

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|---------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | alternator |
| 2. Charge switch turns ON after engine has been started. | Harness |
| * This manual assumes that the contact input is configured as Normally Open (NO). | Charge switch |
| 3. Three flashes followed by two flashes. | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The battery may not be properly charged.
- 2. The alternator may be faulty.
- 3. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The charge switch wiring may be short-circuited with GND
- 4. The charge switch may be faulty.
 - · Inner wiring of the charge switch may be short-circuited with GND
- 5. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check that the input signal of the charge switch is correctly recognized. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.197. |



| 2. Engine inspection | Turn the key switch off to stop the engine. |
|----------------------|---|
| | Inspect the charging system of the engine. |
| | • After the inspection, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected. |
| | *For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual ("Engine"). |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the charge switch system. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.197. |
| | Tor details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see F. 137. |
| | |

Water temperature switch

P1217/0: Abnormal water temperature

| DTC P1217/0 | Abnormal water temperature |
|-------------|----------------------------|

DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Engine cooling system |
| 2. Water temperature switch turns ON after engine has been started. | Harness |
| * This manual assumes that the contact input is configured as Normally Open (NO). | Water temperature switch |
| 3. Three flashes followed by three flashes. | E-ECU |

• Movement at error occurrence

| | Setting of response to water temperature error | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Run under restrictions]: |
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. | The engine continues to run under restrictions. |
| Run restricted? | No. | The system restricts the high idle speed or engine power. |
| Recovery conditions | No. | No. |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The engine may be overheated.
- 2. The engine cooling water level may be too low.
- 3. The engine cooling system may be faulty.
- 4. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The water temperature switch wiring may be short-circuited with GND
- 5. The water temperature switch may be faulty.
 - · Inner wiring of the water temperature switch may be short-circuited with GND
- 6. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| diagnosis tool | Check that the input signal of the water temperature switch is correctly recognized. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.197. |



| 2. Engine inspection | Turn the key switch off to stop the engine. |
|----------------------|---|
| | Check the engine cooling system. |
| | • After a little, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected. |
| | *For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual ("Engine"). |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the water temperature switch system. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.197. |

■ Air cleaner switch

P1101/0: Air cleaner clogging alarm

| DTC P1101/0 | Air cleaner clogging alarm |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| | |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Air cleaner |
| 2. Air cleaner switch turns ON after engine has been started. | Harness |
| * This manual assumes that the contact input is configured as Normally Open (NO). | Air cleaner switch |
| 3. Three flashes followed by four flashes. | E-ECU |

• Movement at error occurrence

| | Setting of response to air cleaner failure | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Run under restrictions]: |
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine | The engine continues to run under restrictions. |
| | continue to run without any restrictions. | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The system restricts the high idle speed or engine |
| | | power. |
| Recovery conditions | No. | No. |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The air cleaner may be clogged.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The air cleaner switch wiring may be short-circuited with GND
- 3. The air cleaner switch may be faulty.
 - · Inner wiring of the air cleaner switch may be short-circuited with GND
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| r. million on ogno on o million o | |
| diagnosis tool | Check that the input signal of the air cleaner switch is correctly recognized. |
| | , |
| | |
| | |
| | *Foundate its affile such that and the successful of discussion and D407 |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.197. |
| | |



| 2. Engine inspection | Turn the key switch off to stop the engine. |
|----------------------|---|
| | Inspect the air cleaner. |
| | After a little, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected. |
| | *For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual ("Engine"). |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the air cleaner switch system. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.197. |

■ Oil-water separator switch

P1151/0: Oil-water separator alarm

| DTC P1151/0 | Oil-water separator alarm |
|-------------|---------------------------|
|-------------|---------------------------|

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|----------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Oil-water separator |
| 2. Oil-water separator switch turns ON after engine has been started. | Harness |
| * This manual assumes that the contact input is configured as Normally Open (NO). | Oil-water separator switch |
| 3. Three flashes followed by five flashes. | E-ECU |

• Movement at error occurrence

| | Setting of response to oil-water separator failure | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | Unavailable | Available |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Run under restrictions]: |
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine | The engine continues to run under restrictions. |
| | continue to run without any restrictions. | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The system restricts the high idle speed or engine |
| | | power. |
| Recovery conditions | No. | No. |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. The oil-water separator may be malfunctioning.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The oil-water separator switch wiring may be short-circuited with GND
- 3. The oil-water separator switch may be faulty.
 - · Inner wiring of the oil-water separator switch may be short-circuited with GND
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| diagnosis tool | Check that the input signal of the oil-water separator switch is correctly recognized. |
| _ | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.197. |
| | For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see F. 197. |



| 2. Engine inspection | Turn the key switch off to stop the engine. |
|----------------------|---|
| | Inspect the oil-water separator. |
| | • After a little, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected. |
| | *For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual ("Engine"). |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the oil-water separator switch system. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.197. |

Actuators etc.

Rack actuator

P1212/4: Failure with rack actuator (Low current)

| DTC P1212/4 | Failure with rack actuator (Low current) |
|-------------|--|

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|---------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Rack actuator current detected equal to or below the lower limit. | Harness |
| 3. Eight flashes. | Rack actuator |
| | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Stop immediately]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | The engine stops running. |
| Run restricted? | The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack position is forcibly set to the engine stop position. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The rack actuator wiring may be disconnected or short-circuited with GND
- 3. The rack actuator may be faulty.
 - · Disconnection of rack actuator inner wiring
 - · Inner wiring of the rack actuator may be short-circuited with GND
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the movement of the rack actuator by the active control function. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.202. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | • | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| | • | Check that the connector of the rack actuator is correctly inserted. |
| | • | Check that the wiring of the rack actuator is not disconnected or the insulation of the wiring |
| | | is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the rack actuator solenoid. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.202. |

P1212/3: Failure with rack actuator (High current)

| DTC P1213/3 | Failure with rack actuator (High current) | |
|-------------|---|--|
| | | |

DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|---------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Connector |
| 2. Rack actuator current detected equal to or above the upper limit. | Harness |
| 3. Eight flashes. | Rack actuator |
| | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Stop immediately]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | The engine stops running. |
| Run restricted? | The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack position is forcibly set to the engine stop position. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - The rack actuator wiring may be short-circuited with power supply (*)
- 3. The rack actuator may be faulty.
 - Inner wiring of the rack actuator short-circuited with power supply (*)
 - (*) If the rack actuator wiring is short-circuited with power supply, the ECU's power supply line fuse 10 A might be blown. With this fuse blown, the E-ECU may fail to detect/indicate the error, and to store the error history.
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the movement of the rack actuator by the active control function. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.202. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | • | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| | • | Check that the connector of the rack actuator is correctly inserted. |
| | • | Check that the wiring of the rack actuator is not disconnected or the insulation of the wiring |
| | | is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the rack actuator solenoid. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.202. |

P1211/7: Rack actuator mechanical failure

| DTC P1211/7 | Rack actuator mechanical failure |
|-------------|----------------------------------|
| | |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flash | ing pattern of failure indicator Check points |
|---|---|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Rack |
| 2. Rack operation check at the activation. | |
| 3. Eight flashes. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Stop immediately]: The engine does not start up. |
|---------------------|---|
| Run restricted? | The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the starter does not rotate. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

• Estimation of failure cause/error condition

1. The rack may be stuck.

• Water entered into the fuel rusts the plunger



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check the movement of the rack actuator by the active control function. |
| diagnosis tool | |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.202. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | • | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| | • | Check that the connector of the rack actuator is correctly inserted. |
| | • | Check that the wiring of the rack actuator is not disconnected or the insulation of the wiring |
| | | is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the resistance value of the rack actuator solenoid. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.202. |

Engine

P1214/2: Engine trouble

| DTC P1214/2 | Engine trouble |
|-------------|----------------|
| | |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|---------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Harness |
| 2. (1) Engine stall during a rack position sensor error. | Rack actuator |
| (2) Unexpected engine speed rise is detected other than acceleration. | |
| 3. Eight flashes. | |

• Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Stop immediately]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | The engine stops running. |
| Run restricted? | The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack position is forcibly set to the engine stop position. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · The rack actuator wiring may be short-circuited with power supply
- · The rack actuator wiring may be short-circuited with GND
- 2. Engine over speed loaded by the operating machine's drive.
- 3. Control error of the fuel injection pump.
 - · The rack actuator wiring may be short-circuited with GND



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the • Check the fault indication. diagnosis tool • Check the fault indication. |
|--|
|--|



| 2. Engine inspection | Turn the key switch off to stop the engine. |
|----------------------|---|
| | Inspect the engine and the operating machine. |
| | After a little, turn the key switch on to check if the DTC is detected. |
| | *For description and procedure of engine inspection, see the Service manual ("Engine"). |



|--|

E-ECU internal and communication errors

E-ECU internal errors

P0601/12, P1610/12, P1611/12, P1612/12: ECU internal errors (1)

| | P0601/12 | ECU internal EEPROM error (Read/write error) |
|-----|----------|--|
| DTC | P1610/12 | ECU internal failure A with sub-CPU |
| | P1611/12 | ECU internal failure B with sub-CPU |
| | P1612/12 | ECU internal failure C with sub-CPU |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | E-ECU |
| 2. E-ECU detects an error of the internal circuit. | |
| 3. Four flashes followed by one flash. | |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: |
|---------------------|---|
| | After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

• Estimation of failure cause/error condition

1. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Turn the key switch on/off to check the fault indication again. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.206. |



P1601/2, P0605/12, P1605/2, P1606/2, P1620/12: ECU internal errors (2)

| | P1601/2 | ECU internal EEPROM error (Checksum) |
|-----|----------|--|
| | P0605/12 | ECU internal FlashROM error (Checksum A) |
| DTC | P1605/2 | ECU internal FlashROM error (Checksum B) |
| | P1606/2 | ECU internal FlashROM error (Checksum C) |
| | P1620/12 | ECU internal map format error |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern | of failure indicator Check points |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | E-ECU |
| 2. E-ECU detects an error of the internal circuit. | |
| 3. Four flashes followed by one flash. | |

• Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Stop immediately]: The engine does not start up. |
|---------------------|---|
| Run restricted? | The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the rack position is forcibly set to the engine stop position. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

• Estimation of failure cause/error condition

- 1. ROM data error of E-ECU.
 - Checksum error of EEPROM initial individual information
 - Checksum error of control application, map data or initial individual information in FlashROM
 - * Checksum A: control application, checksum B: map data, checksum C: initial individual information
 - Unconformity of the map data format

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Rewrite the E-ECU software. |
| | Turn the key switch on/off to check the fault indication again. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.206. |

P0686/4: Main relay error

| DTC P0686/4 | Main relay error |
|-------------|------------------|

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Key switch OFF. | Connector |
| 2. Power supply to ECU fails to turn OFF. | Harness |
| 3. One flash followed by six flashes. | Main relay |

Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Run as is]: After detecting the error, the system lets the engine continue to run without any restrictions. |
|---------------------|---|
| Run restricted? | No. |
| Recovery conditions | No. |
| Remarks | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - Downstream line of the main relay coil may be short-circuited with GND or power supply (*)
- 3. The main relay contact may be faulty.
 - The main relay contact may be stuck
 - Inner wiring of the main relay coil short-circuited with power supply (*)
 - (*) If the downstream line of the main relay coil is short-circuited with power supply, the E-ECU's power supply line fuse 10 A may be blown or the inner circuit of E-ECU may fail. In this case, the E-ECU may fail to detect/ indicate the error, and to store the error history.
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| diagnosis tool | Check if a log-in to the diagnosis tool with the key switch OFF is available. |
| | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.208. |
| | For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see F.200. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the main relay is inserted to the harness connector correctly. |
| | Check that the wiring of the main relay is not disconnected or the insulation of the wiring is |
| | not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the main relay contact for correct continuity. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Check the resistance value of the main relay. |
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.208. |

■ CAN communication

U0001/12: CAN communication error

| DTC U0001/12 | CAN communication error |
|--------------|-------------------------|

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicate | or Check points |
|--|-----------------|
| 1. (1) Before and (2) after ECU start-up. | Other ECUs |
| 2. A necessary CANID cannot be received that should periodically received. | Battery |
| 3. One flash followed by two flashes. | Connector |
| | Harness |
| | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| | Accelerator sensor function | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| | CAN communication only | CAN communication plus analog input or pulse accelerator# |
| Error mode | [Run under restrictions]: | [Run as is]: |
| | The engine runs at a constant rotational speed. | The engine continues to run using the analog input |
| | | or pulse accelerator instead. |
| Run restricted? | The target speed is set to the "on-error target speed (standard value: 1500 [min ⁻¹])" or "pre-error target speed". | No. |
| Recovery conditions | The error is reset when the necessary data is received. | The error is reset when the necessary data is received. |
| Remarks | | When the error is reset, then the engine switches to CAN communication mode and continues to run. |

- 1. Deactivation of another ECU.
- 2. Battery voltage descent.
- 3. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 4. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · CAN communication line (Hi, Low) may be disconnected, or short-circuited with GND or power supply
- 5. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| diagnosis tool | Check the battery voltage. |
| , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | |
| | *Eau dataile af the matthe decide the invested was af diamagnic and DO10 |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.212. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | Check that the connector of the CAN communication is correctly inserted. | |
| | Check that the wiring of the CAN communication is not disconnected or the insulation of the | |
| | wiring is not peeled. | |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the battery voltage. | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| | Check the harness for correct continuity. | |
| | | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis see P212 | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.212. | |

Immobilizer

U0167/12: Immobilizer error (CAN communication)

DTC U0167/12 Immobilizer error (CAN communication)

DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Immobilizer |
| 2. If the immobilizer does not respond to a request of authorization start. | Battery |
| 3. Four flashes followed by two flashes. | Connector |
| | Harness |
| | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| | Immobilizer pulse communication setting | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | Yes | No |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Stop immediately]: |
| | Authorization by the emergency pulse communica- | The engine does not start up. |
| | tion | |
| Run restricted? | - | The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the |
| | (As same as the movement at the immobilizer | starter does not rotate. |
| | pulse communication error.) | |
| Recovery conditions | - | No. |
| | (As same as the movement at the immobilizer | |
| | pulse communication error.) | |
| Remarks | | |

- 1. Battery voltage descent.
- 2. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 3. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - · CAN communication line (Hi, Low) may be disconnected, or short-circuited with GND or power supply
- 4. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | • | Check the fault indication. |
|-------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| diagnosis tool | • | Check the battery voltage. |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Check that the connector of the CAN communication is correctly inserted. |
| | Check that the wiring of the CAN communication is not disconnected or the insulation of the |
| | wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | • | Check the battery voltage. |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| | • | Check the harness for correct continuity. |

U1167/8: Immobilizer error (Pulse communication)

| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|-------------|---|
| DTC U1167/8 | Immobilizer error (Pulse communication) |

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Immobilizer |
| 2. In the case of timeout detection. | Connector |
| 3. Four flashes followed by two flashes. | Harness |
| | E-ECU |

Movement at error occurrence

| | Immobilizer CAN communication | | | | |
|---------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| | Normal | Error | | | |
| Error mode | [Run as is]: | [Stop immediately]: | | | |
| | Engine start is authorized. | The engine does not start up. | | | |
| Run restricted? | No. | The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the starter does not rotate. | | | |
| Recovery conditions | The error is automatically reset when a normal data is received. | The error is automatically reset when a normal data is received. | | | |
| Remarks | | | | | |

- 1. The connector may not be properly connected.
- 2. Wiring defect of the harness.
 - Pulse communication line may be disconnected, or short-circuited with GND or power supply
- 3. The E-ECU internal circuitry may be faulty.



| 1. Initial diagnosis with the | Check the fault indication. | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| diagnosis tool | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.214. | |



| 2. Check of connectors/wiring | • [| Before beginning your work, be sure to turn off the key switch. |
|-------------------------------|-----|--|
| | • (| Check that the wiring for the immobilizer pulse communication and E-ECU are correctly con- |
| | r | nected. |
| | • (| Check that the wiring for the immobilizer pulse communication is not disconnected or the |
| | i | nsulation of the wiring is not peeled. |



| 3. Failure diagnostic work | Check the harness for correct continuity. | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| - | | |
| | *For details of the method and the procedure of diagnosis, see P.214. | |

U0426/2: Immobilizer error (System)

| DTC U0426/2 | Immobilizer error (System) |
|-------------|----------------------------|

• DTC detecting conditions

| 1 - Precondition; 2 - Detecting condition(s); 3 - Flashing pattern of failure indicator | Check points |
|---|-------------------------------|
| 1. Key switch ON. | Immobilizer authorization key |
| 2. (1) Authorization by CAN communication is NG. | |
| (2) Immobilizer CAN communication is faulty, and authorization by immobilizer | |
| pulse communication is NG. | |
| 3. Four flashes followed by two flashes. | |

• Movement at error occurrence

| Error mode | [Stop immediately]: | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| | The engine does not start up. | | |
| Run restricted? | The rack actuator relay is turned OFF, and the starter does not rotate. | | |
| Recovery conditions | No. | | |
| Remarks | | | |

• Estimation of failure cause/error condition

1. Unconformity of the immobilizer authorization key.

| 1. Initial diagnosis with the diagnosis tool | Check that the immobilizer authorization key is correct. |
|---|--|
| ulagilosis tool | |



Method and Procedure of Failure Diagnosis

Description items

Related DTC

Related DTC(s) is listed.

| DTC Code number Error name | |
|----------------------------|--|
|----------------------------|--|

• Work flow

Work flow for the failure diagnosis is listed,

• Wiring diagram

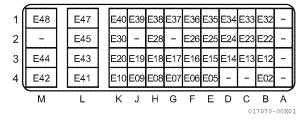
Shows a wiring diagram that encompasses the components/parts associated with the failure.

Work description

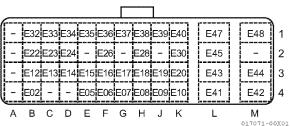
Describes how to diagnose and correct the failure.

■ E-ECU pin layout diagram

Harness side coupler (coupling face)



ECU side coupler (coupling face)



| No. | | Pin function name | Code | No. | | Pin function name | Code |
|-----|-----|---------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|--|-----------|
| _ | - | _ | STPM-D | _ | _ | - | TW |
| E02 | 4-B | APPLICATION OPEN OUTPUT 2 | APP-OP2 | E26 | 2-F | ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE SENSOR | TAIR |
| - | - | _ | RxD | - | - | - | TEGR |
| - | - | _ | TxD | E28 | 2-H | SENSOR GND | GND-A |
| E05 | 4-E | APPLICATION OPEN INPUT 5 | APP-IP5 | - | - | - | BOOTSW |
| E06 | 4-F | APPLICATION OPEN INPUT 6 | APP-IP6 | E30 | 2-K | CAN TERMINAL RESISTANCE SWITCH-OVER | RECAN |
| E07 | 4-G | KEY SWITCH | IGNSW | - | _ | - | STPM-A |
| E08 | 4-H | ENGINE START RECOGNITION | STARTSW | E32 | 1-B | LOAD FACTOR MONITOR 1 | LOAD-M |
| E09 | 4-J | APPLICATION OPEN INPUT 3 | APP-IP3 | E33 | 1-C | RACK ACTUATOR RELAY | RACK-RLY |
| E10 | 4-K | SPARE SPEED SENSOR | RENRPM | E34 | 1-D | MAIN RELAY | MAIN-RLY |
| - | - | - | STPM-C | E35 | 1-E | ACCELERATOR POSITION SENSOR | APS |
| E12 | 3-B | FAILURE INDICATOR LAMP | FAIL-LMP | E36 | 1-F | RACK POSITION SENSOR | RPS |
| E13 | 3-C | APPLICATION OPEN INPUT 7 | APP-IP7 | E37 | 1-G | SPARE ANALOG (SPARE ACCELERATOR SENSOR) | REAN |
| E14 | 3-D | APPLICATION OPEN INPUT 2 | APP-IP2 | E38 | 1-H | SENSOR 5V | AVCC |
| E15 | 3-E | EMERGENCY ENGINE STOP | SHUDNSW | E39 | 1-J | CANL | CANL |
| E16 | 3-F | COOLING WATER TEMPERATURE | RET | E40 | 1-K | CANH | CANH |
| E17 | 3-G | APPLICATION OPEN INPUT 4 | APP-IP4 | E41 | 4-L | CSD SOLENOID VALVE COIL | CSD-CL |
| E18 | 3-H | SPEED INPUT (-) | NRPM-GND | E42 | 4-M | RACK ACTUATOR | RACKSOL |
| E19 | 3-J | SPEED INPUT (+) | NRPM | E43 | 3-L | SENSOR 12V | AVB |
| E20 | 3-K | APPLICATION OPEN OUTPUT 1 | APP-OP1 | E44 | 3-M | START ASSIST RELAY | AIRHT-RLY |
| - | - | - | STPM-B | E45 | 2-L | POWER SUPPLY GND | GND |
| E22 | 2-B | SPEED MONITOR | NRPM-M | - | - | - | (FB) |
| E23 | 2-C | PREHEAT LAMP | PREHT-LMP | E47 | 1-L | POWER GND | GND-P |
| E24 | 2-D | APPLICATION OPEN INPUT 1 | APP-IP1 | E48 | 1-M | POWER SUPPLY 12V | VB |

136

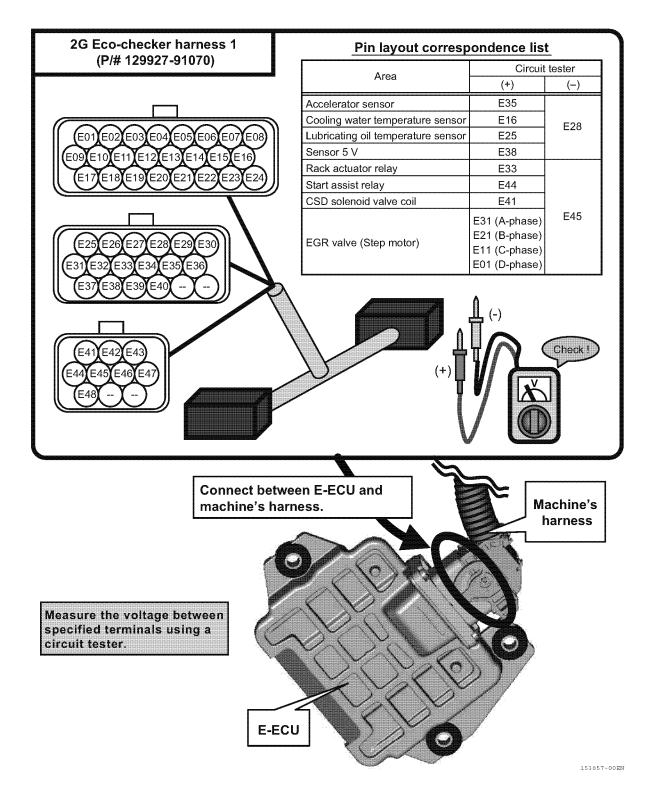
YANMAR

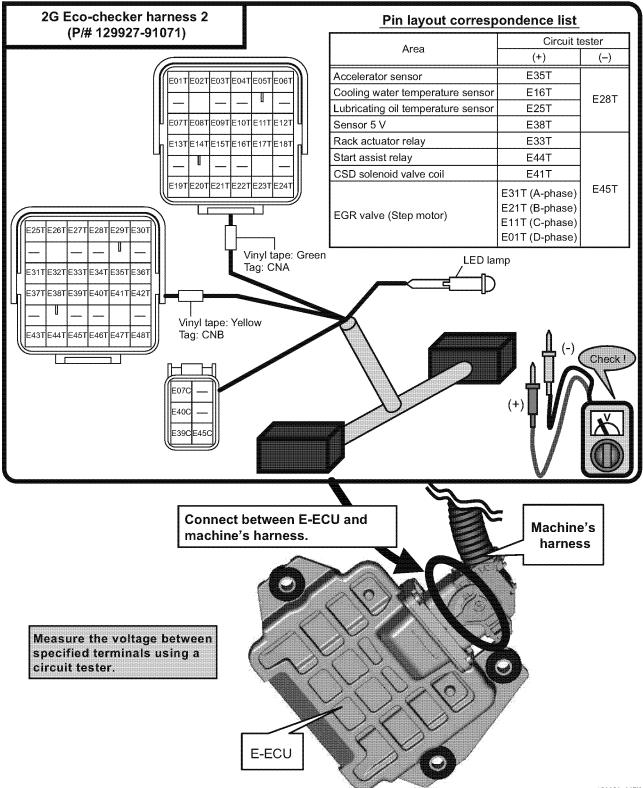
■ How to use the 2G Eco-checker harness

Failure diagnosis of the parts listed in the figure below or the corresponding table on the next page involves measuring the voltage value using the 2G Eco-checker harness. Therefore before the failure diagnosis, remove the E-ECU and machine's harness, and connect the 2G Eco-checker harness between the E-ECU and machine's harness.

Note • For details of the failure diagnosis for each area, see the followings.

- Measure the voltage using a circuit tester referring the following list.
- Checker harnesses are available in conventional type 1 and current type 2. Although they differ in the shape of the measurement terminal coupler, both types can be used with all engine types.





153858-00EN



Analog input related failures

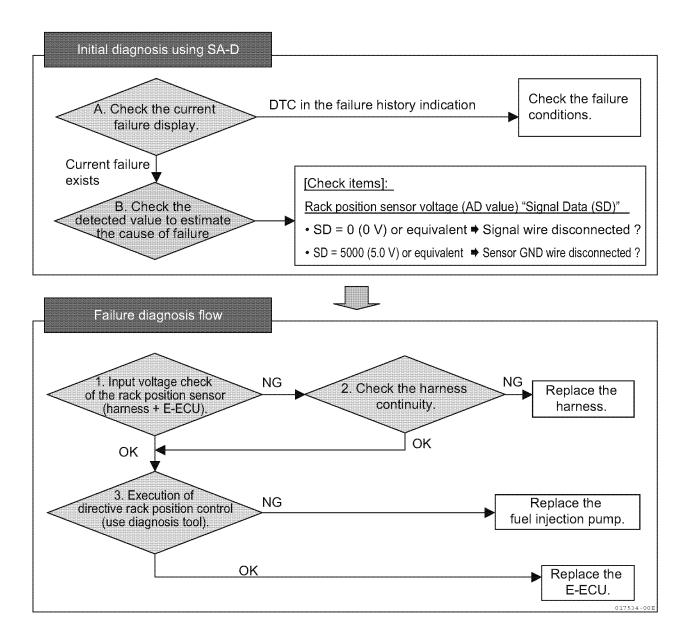
Rack position sensor

Related DTC

| DTC P1202/4 | Rack position sensor error (Low voltage) | |
|-------------|---|--|
| P1203/3 | Rack position sensor error (High voltage) | |

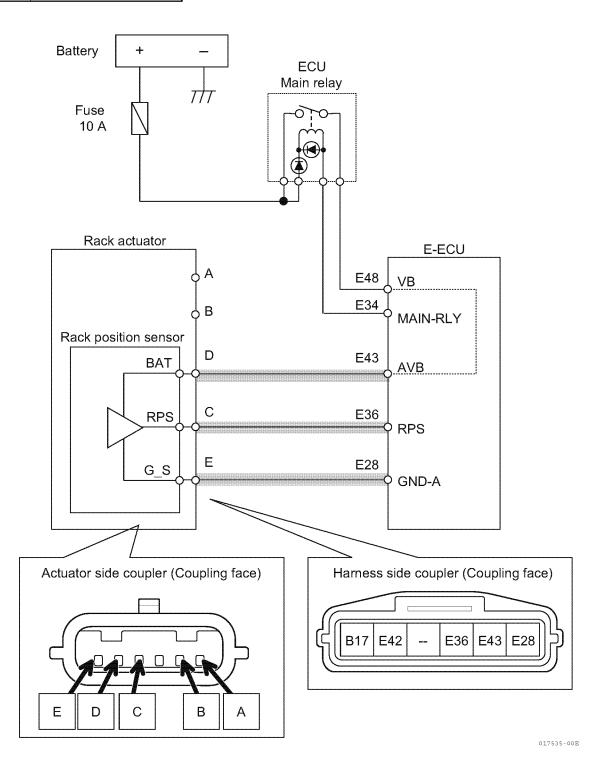
Work flow

Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Diagnosis description".



Wiring diagram





Note: For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see P136 [E-ECU pin layout diagram].



Diagnosis description

1. Check of the input voltage of the rack position sensor (harness + E-ECU):

- 1- Turn the key switch off, and remove the rack actuator connector from the fuel injection pump.
- At this time, keep the E-ECU connector being connected to E-ECU.
- 2-Turn the key switch on to turn on the E-ECU power.
- 3-Measure the voltage between sensor terminal E43 and E28 using a circuit tester.

| | Terminal | Normal value |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Sensor connector E43 - E28 | | Equivalent to the battery voltage |
| | | |
| | | |
| NG | Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [2 | |
| NG OK | | 2. Check of harness continuity] utable using the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Active control". |

2. Check of harness continuity:

- 1-Remove the rack actuator connector and E-ECU from the harness.
- 2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|--|-------------|---|
| Sensor signal wire E36 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Sensor GND wire E28 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Sensor 12 V wire E43 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E36 and other terminal/GND | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| and between E43 and other terminal/GND | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND |
| Between E28 and GND/E45/E47 | Available | OK: Normal |
| Between Ezo and GND/E43/E47 | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E28 and other terminals | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with another wiring |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|-----|---|
| NO. | Replace the harness. |
| ок | Check if the "Directive rack position control" is executable using the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Active control". |
| UN | \rightarrow Go to [3. Execution check of the directive rack position control:] |

- 3. Execution check of the directive rack position control:
 - 1-Connect the all connectors (sensors, E-ECU).
 - 2-Connect the diagnosis tool, and log in to the diagnosis tool after key switch turning-on.
 - 3-Execute the directive rack position control with the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Active control".
 - At this time, set the rack position arbitrarily within an allowable setting range.
 - 4-After the execution, check if the rack actuator moved to the set rack position.

| NG Replace the fuel injection pump. |
|-------------------------------------|
| OK Replace the E-ECU. |



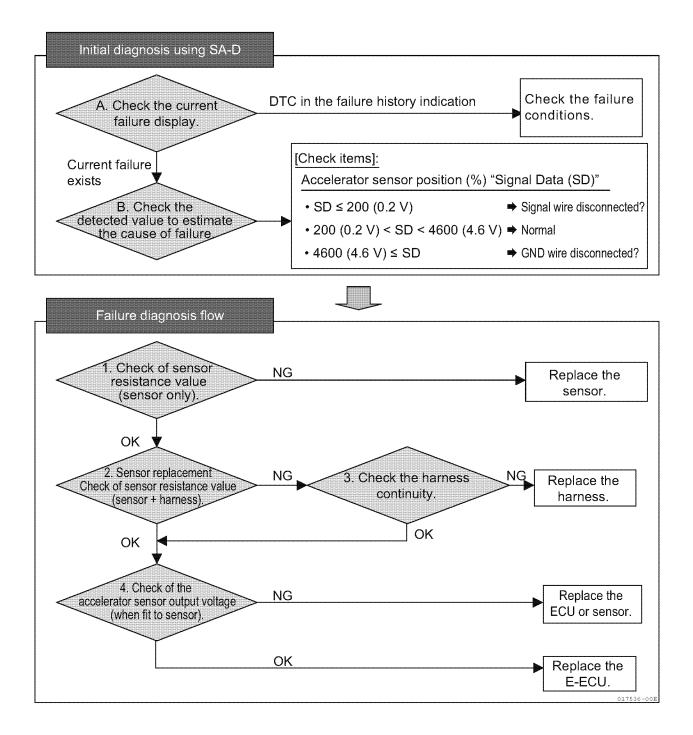
Accelerator sensor

Related DTC

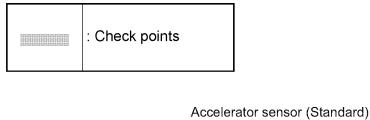
| P0122/4 | Accelerator sensor error (Low voltage) |
|-------------|--|
| DTC P0123/3 | Accelerator sensor error (High voltage) |
| P0124/2 | Intermittent failure with accelerator sensor |

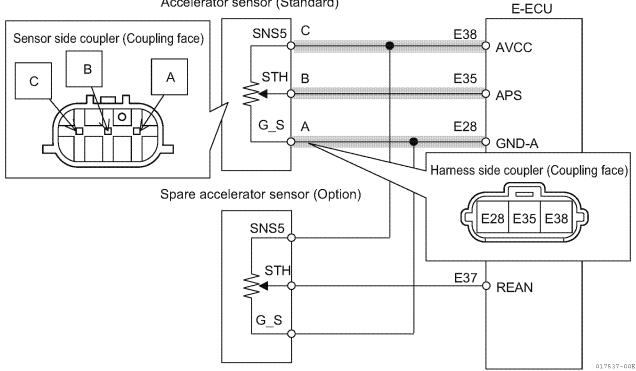
• Work flow

Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".



Wiring diagram





Note: For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see P136 [E-ECU pin layout diagram].



Work description

- 1. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor only):
 - Between accelerator sensor terminals A and C (all the resistance value)
 - 1-Remove the accelerator sensor from the harness.
 - 2-Measure the resistance between sensor terminals A and C (all the resistance value) using a circuit tester.

(REF) Total resistance value of YANMAR standard accelerator sensors

| Terminal | Specification |
|--------------|---------------|
| Sensor A - C | 5 ± 1.5 kΩ |

| NG Replace the accelerator sensor. |
|---|
| Check the resistance value between accelerator sensor terminal A and B. |
| \rightarrow Go to [• Between accelerator sensor terminals A and B] |

• Between accelerator sensor terminals A and B

- 1-Measure the resistance between accelerator sensor terminals A and B using a circuit tester.
- 2-Check if the resistance value between accelerator sensor terminal A and B fluctuates when the accelerator throttle is moved.

| NG | Replace the accelerator sensor. |
|----|--|
| ок | Check the sensor resistance with the sensor and the harness being connected. |
| | ightarrow Go to [2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness)] |

2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness):

- Between harness E38 and E28 (total resistance value)
 - 1- Connect accelerator sensor and harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.
- 2-Measure the resistance between harness side E-ECU connectors E38 and E28 (total resistance value) using a circuit tester.

Note: See above-mentioned "(REF) Total resistance value of YANMAR standard accelerator sensors".

| NG | Check the harness for correct continuity. $ ightarrow$ [3. Check of harness continuity] |
|----|--|
| ОК | Check the resistance value between the harness E35 and E28. \rightarrow Go to [$ullet$ Between harness E38 and E28] |

• Between harness E38 and E28

- 1-Measure the resistance between E-ECU connectors E35 and E28 using a circuit tester.
- 2- Check if the resistance value between E-ECU connectors E35 and E28 fluctuates when the accelerator throttle is moved.

| NG | Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow [3. Check of harness continuity] |
|----|--|
| ок | Check the sensor resistance with the sensor and the harness being connected. |
| | \rightarrow [2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness)] |

3. Check of harness continuity:

- 1-Remove the accelerator sensor and E-ECU from the harness.
- 2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|--|-------------|---|
| Sensor signal wire E35 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Sensor GND wire E28 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Sensor 5V wire E38 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E35 and other terminal/GND | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| and between E38 and other terminal/GND | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND |
| Between E28 and GND/E45/E47 | Available | OK: Normal |
| Between E26 and GND/E45/E47 | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E28 and other terminals | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with another wiring |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|
| | Replace the harness. |
| OK | Check the output voltage of the accelerator sensor. \rightarrow Go to [4. Check of the accelerator sensor output voltage] |

4. Check of the accelerator sensor output voltage:

1-Connect the 2G Eco-checker harness between E-ECU and machine's harness (for details, see P137 [How to use the 2G Eco-checker harness] And connect the all connectors (sensors, E-ECU).

2-Measure the voltage between sensor signal E35 and E28 using a circuit tester.

| Voltage | Status | Action |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--|
| E35 ≤ 0.2 [V] NG | | Replace the harness.Replace the accelerator sensor. |
| 0.2 [V] < E35 < 4.6 [V] | OK (Normal range) | Replace E-ECU. |
| 4.6 [V] ≤ E35 | NG | Replace the harness.Replace the accelerator sensor. |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|-----|---|
| INO | Replace the harness. |
| OK | Replace E-ECU. |



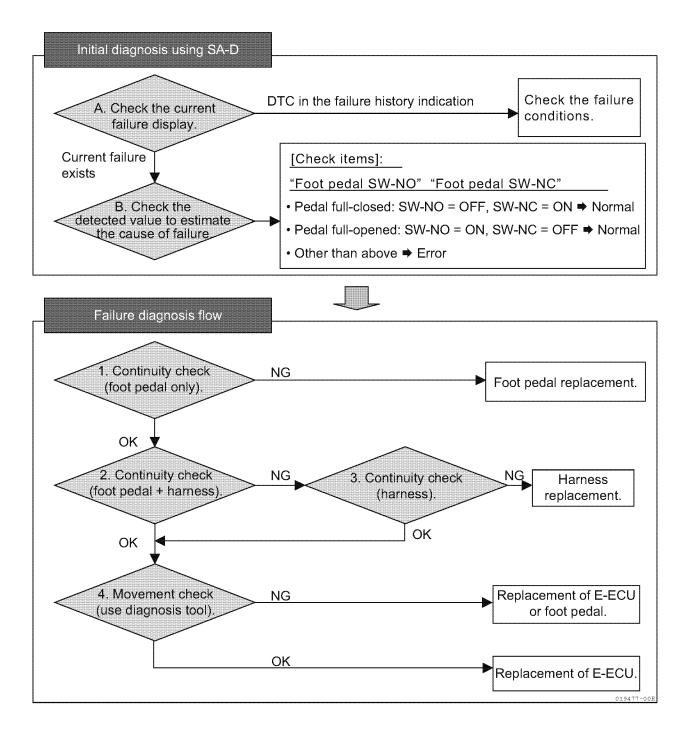
Foot pedal

Related DTC

| P1125/1 | Accelerator sensor error (Foot pedal-close position) |
|---------|--|
| P1126/0 | Accelerator sensor error (Foot pedal-open position) |
| P1225/1 | Spare accelerator sensor error (Foot pedal-close position) |
| P1226/0 | Spare accelerator sensor error (Foot pedal-open position) |

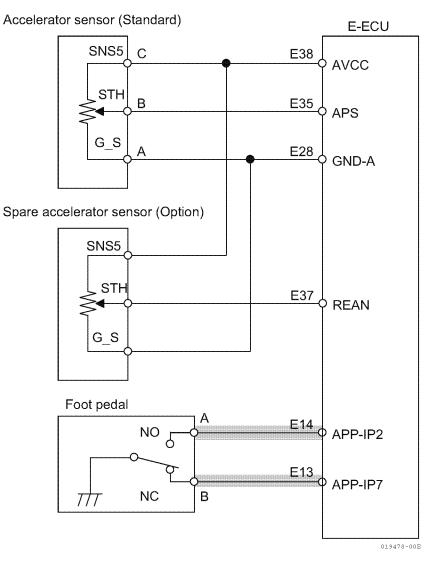
Work flow

Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".



Wiring diagram





Note: For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see P136 [E-ECU pin layout diagram].



Work description

- 1. Continuity check (foot pedal only):
 - 1-Remove the foot pedal from the harness.
 - 2- Check the foot pedal continuity with a specified pedal opening using a circuit tester.

| Dedal apoping | Cont | inuity | Status |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Pedal opening | Between A and GND | Between B and GND | |
| | Unavailable | Available | OK: Normal |
| Full close position | Unavailable | Unavailable | NG: Internal circuitry fault |
| Full close position | Available | Unavailable | NG: Internal circuitry fault |
| | Available | Available | NG: Internal circuitry fault |
| | Available | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| Full open position | Unavailable | Unavailable | NG: Internal circuitry fault |
| Full open position | Unavailable | Available | NG: Internal circuitry fault |
| | Available | Available | NG: Internal circuitry fault |

| NG | Replace the foot pedal. |
|----|---|
| ок | Check the continuity with the foot pedal and the harness being connected. |
| ON | ightarrow Go to [2. Continuity check (foot pedal + harness):] |

2. Continuity check (foot pedal + harness):

- 1-Connect foot pedal and harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.
- 2- Check the foot pedal continuity with a specified pedal opening using a circuit tester.

| Dodol opening | Cont | Status | |
|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|
| Pedal opening | Between E-14 and GND | Between E-13 and GND | Status |
| | Unavailable | Available | OK: Normal |
| Full close position | Unavailable | Unavailable | NG: Internal circuitry fault |
| Full close position | Available | Unavailable | NG: Internal circuitry fault |
| | Available | Available | NG: Internal circuitry fault |
| | Available | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| Full open position | Unavailable | Unavailable | NG: Internal circuitry fault |
| Full open position | Unavailable | Available | NG: Internal circuitry fault |
| | Available | Available | NG: Internal circuitry fault |

| NG Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity] | |
|---|--|
| OK Check if the foot pedal movement is correctly recognized with the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test". | |
| \rightarrow Go to [4. Foot pedal movement check] | |

3. Check of harness continuity:

- 1-Remove the foot pedal and E-ECU from the harness.
- 2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|--|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Pedal signal wire (A) E14 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and pedal connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Pedal signal wire (B) E13 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and pedal connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E14 and other terminal/GND | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| and between E13 and other terminal/GND | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|--|
| NG | Replace the harness. |
| ок | Check if the foot pedal movement is correctly recognized with the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test". |
| UN | ightarrow Go to [4. Foot pedal movement check] |

4. Foot pedal movement check:

- 1-Connect the all connectors (foot pedal, E-ECU).
- 2- Connect the diagnosis tool, and log in to the diagnosis tool after key switch turning-on.
- 3-With the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Pulse/Analog etc.", operate the pedal to obtain the specified sensor voltage watching "Accelerator sensor position", and fix it at that opening.
- 4-With the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Digital Input etc.", make "Foot pedal SW-NO" and "Foot pedal SW-NC" be displayed, and check the status of ON/OFF.

| Sensor voltage | Foot pedal | | Action |
|--------------------|------------------|-------|---------------------------------|
| Sensor vonage | SW-NO | SW-NC | Action |
| | OFF | ON | Replace the E-ECU. |
| 0.65 [V] and below | Other than above | | Replace the harness. |
| | | | Replace the accelerator sensor. |
| | ON | OFF | Replace the E-ECU. |
| 1.1 [V] and above | Other than above | | Replace the harness. |
| | | | Replace the accelerator sensor. |

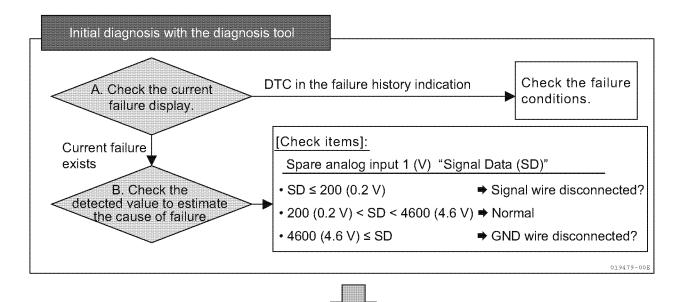
■ Spare analog (Spare accelerator sensor)

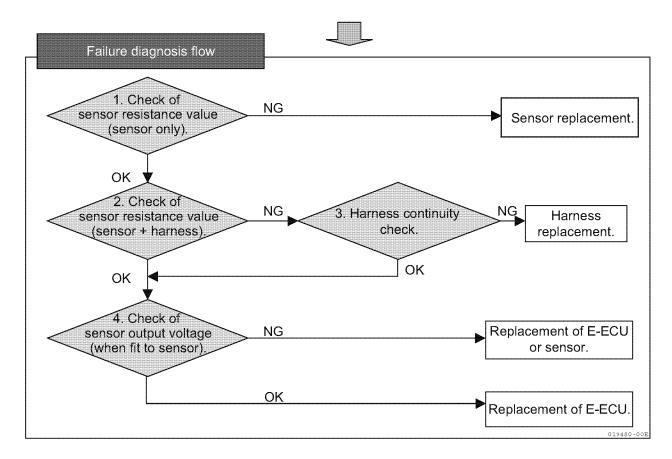
Related DTC

| | P0222/4 | Failure with spare accelerator sensor (Low voltage) |
|-----|---------|--|
| DTC | P0223/3 | Failure with spare accelerator sensor (High voltage) |
| | P0224/2 | Intermittent failure with spare accelerator sensor |

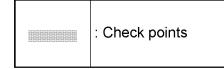
Work flow

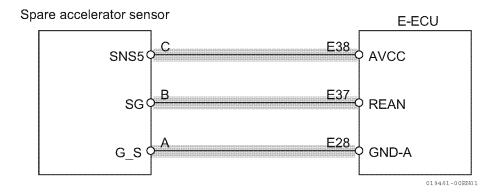
Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Diagnosis Method, Procedure".





Wiring diagram





Note: For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see P136 [E-ECU pin layout diagram].



Work description

- 1. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor only):
 - Between sensor terminal A and C of the spare accelerator sensor (total resistance value)
 - 1-Remove the harness from the spare accelerator sensor.
 - 2-Measure the resistance between sensor terminals A and C (total resistance value) using a circuit tester.

(REF) Total resistance value of YANMAR standard spare accelerator sensor

| Terminal | Specification |
|---------------|---------------|
| Sensors A - C | 5 ± 1.5 kΩ |

| NG Replace the spare accelerator sensor. | | |
|---|--|--|
| OK Check the resistance value between terminal A and B of the spare accelerator sensor. | | |
| \rightarrow Go to [• Between sensor terminal A and B of the spare accelerator sensor] | | |

- Between sensor terminal A and B of the spare accelerator sensor
 - 1-Measure the resistance between sensor terminals A and B using a circuit tester.
 - 2- Check if the resistance value between sensor terminal A and B fluctuates when the sensor opening is changed.

| NG | Replace the spare accelerator sensor. |
|----|--|
| ок | Check the sensor resistance with the sensor and the harness being connected. |
| Un | ightarrow Go to [2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness)] |

2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness):

- Between harness E38 and E28 (all the resistance value)
 - 1-Connect sensor and harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.
- 2- Measure the resistance between harness side E-ECU connectors E38 and E28 (all the resistance value) using a circuit tester.

Note: Refer to above-mentioned sensor resistance values.

| NG Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity] |
|--|
| OK Check the resistance value between the harness E37 and E28. \rightarrow Go to [\bullet Between harness E37 and E28] |

• Between harness E37 and E28

1-Measure the resistance between E-ECU connectors E37 and E28 using a circuit tester.

2- Check if the resistance value between E-ECU connector E37 and E28 fluctuates when the sensor opening is changed.

| NG | Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity] | |
|--|--|--|
| ок | Check the sensor resistance with the sensor and the harness being connected. | |
| \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness)] | | |

3. Check of harness continuity:

- 1-Remove the accelerator sensor and E-ECU from the harness.
- 2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|---|-------------|---|
| Sensor signal wire E37 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Sensor GND wire E28 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Sensor 5V wire E38 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E37 and other terminal/GND, and | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| between E38 and other terminal/GND | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND |
| Between E28 and GND/E45/E47 | Available | OK: Normal |
| Between E20 and GND/E43/E47 | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E28 and other terminals | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with another wiring |

| Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. | | |
|---|--|--|
| • Replace the harness. | | |
| ОК | Check the output voltage of the spare accelerator sensor. $ ightarrow$ Go to [4. Check of the sensor output voltage] | |

4. Check of the sensor output voltage:

- 1-Connect the 2G Eco-checker harness between E-ECU and machine's harness (for details, see P137 [How to use the 2G Eco-checker harness]. And connect the all connectors (sensors, E-ECU).
- 2-Measure the voltage between sensor signal E37 and E28 using a circuit tester.

| Voltage | Status | Action |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--|
| E37 ≤ 0.2 [V] | NG | Replace the harness.Replace the sensor. |
| 0.2 [V] < E37 < 4.6 [V] | OK (Normal range) | Replace the E-ECU. |
| 4.6 [V] ≤ E37 | NG | Replace the harness.Replace the sensor. |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|
| NG | Replace the harness. |
| ок | Replace the E-ECU. |



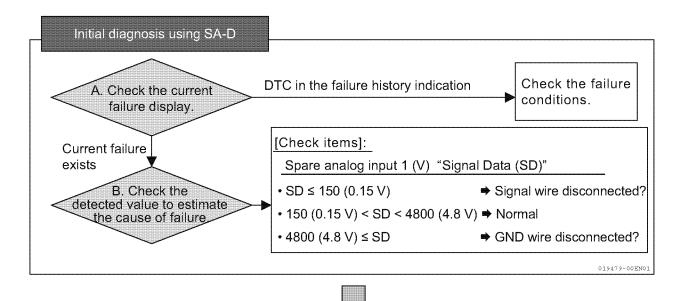
Atmospheric pressure sensor

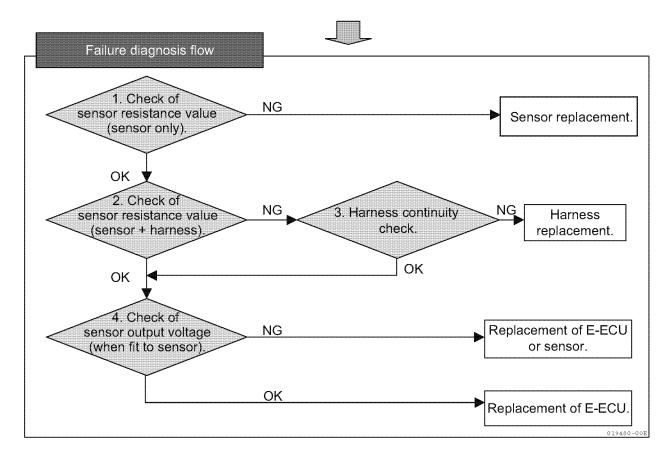
Related DTC

| P2228/4 | Failure with atmospheric pressure sensor (Low voltage) |
|-------------|---|
| DTC P2229/3 | Failure with atmospheric pressure sensor (High voltage) |
| P2230/2 | Intermittent failure with atmospheric pressure sensor |

Work flow

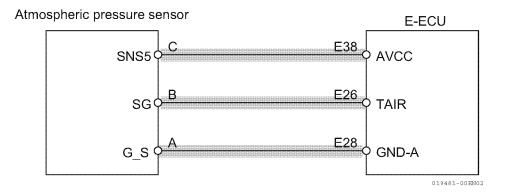
Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Diagnosis Method, Procedure".





Wiring diagram

| | : Check points |
|--|----------------|
|--|----------------|



Note: For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see P136 [E-ECU pin layout diagram].



Work description

- 1. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor only):
 - Between sensor terminal A and C of the atmospheric pressure sensor (total resistance value)
 - 1-Remove the harness from the atmospheric pressure sensor.
 - 2-Measure the resistance between sensor terminals A and C (total resistance value) using a circuit tester.

(REF) Total resistance value of YANMAR standard atmospheric pressure sensor

| Terminal | Specification |
|---------------|---------------|
| Sensors A - C | 5 ± 1.5 kΩ |

| NG Replace the atmospheric pressure sensor. |
|--|
| OK Check the resistance value between terminal A and B of the atmospheric pressure sensor. |
| \rightarrow Go to [• Between sensor terminal A and B of the atmospheric pressure sensor] |

- Between sensor terminal A and B of the atmospheric pressure sensor
- 1-Measure the resistance between sensor terminals A and B using a circuit tester.
- 2- Check if the resistance value between sensor terminal A and B fluctuates when the sensor opening is changed.

| NG Replace the atmospheric pressure sensor. |
|--|
| OK Check the sensor resistance with the sensor and the harness being connected. |
| \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness)] |

2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness):

- Between harness E38 and E28 (all the resistance value)
 - 1- Connect sensor and harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.
 - 2-Measure the resistance between harness side E-ECU connectors E38 and E28 (all the resistance value) using a circuit tester. *Refer to above-mentioned sensor resistance values.

Note: Refer to above-mentioned sensor resistance values.

| NG Check the harness for correct continui | |
|---|---|
| OK Check the resistance value between the | ne harness E26 and E28. $ ightarrow$ Go to [$ullet$ Between harness E26 and E28] |

- Between harness E26 and E28
 - 1-Measure the resistance between E-ECU connectors E26 and E28 using a circuit tester.
- 2- Check if the resistance value between E-ECU connector E26 and E28 fluctuates when the sensor opening is changed.

| NG Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity] |
|--|
| OK Check the sensor resistance with the sensor and the harness being connected. |
| \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness)] |

3. Check of harness continuity:

- 1-Remove the accelerator sensor and E-ECU from the harness.
- 2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|---|-------------|---|
| Sensor signal wire E26 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Sensor GND wire E28 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Sensor 5V wire E38 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E26 and other terminal/GND, and | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| between E38 and other terminal/GND | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND |
| Between E28 and GND/E45/E47 | Available | OK: Normal |
| Between E28 and GND/E43/E47 | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E28 and other terminals | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with another wiring |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|--|
| NG | Replace the harness. |
| ОК | Check the output voltage of the atmospheric pressure sensor. \rightarrow Go to [4. Check of the sensor output voltage] |

4. Check of the sensor output voltage:

- 1-Connect the 2G Eco-checker harness between E-ECU and machine's harness (for details, see P137 [How to use the 2G Eco-checker harness]. And connect the all connectors (sensors, E-ECU).
- 2-Measure the voltage between sensor signal E26 and E28 using a circuit tester.

| Voltage | Status | Action |
|--------------------------|----------------------|--|
| E26 ≤ 0.15 [V] | NG | Replace the harness.Replace the sensor. |
| 0.15 [V] < E26 < 4.8 [V] | OK (Normal range) | Replace the E-ECU. |
| 4.8 [V] ≤ E26 | NG | Replace the harness.Replace the sensor. |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|
| NO | Replace the harness. |
| OK | Replace the E-ECU. |



Pulse accelerator

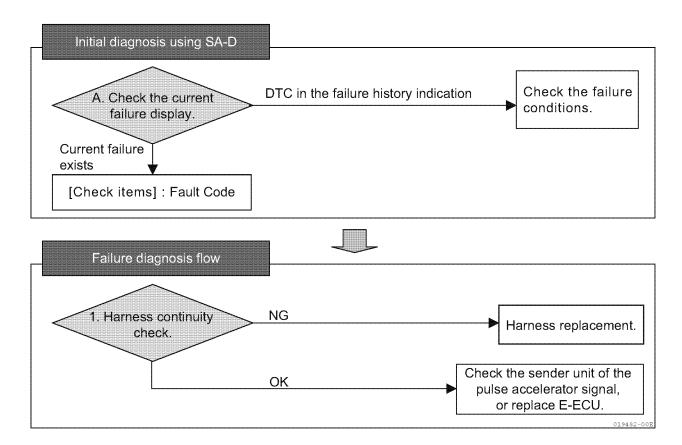
Related DTC

| DTC P1227/8 | Failure with spare accelerator sensor (Pulse communication) |
|-------------|---|
| | Failure with spare accelerator sensor (Pulse communication) |
| | |
| | |

Work flow

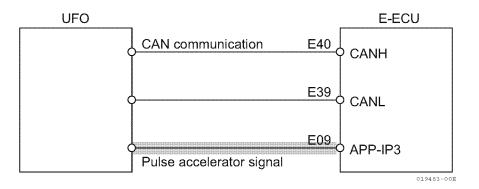
Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".

For the operation of the diagnosis tool, see "Diagnosis tool Operation Manual" separately.



• Wiring diagram





Note: For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see P136 [E-ECU pin layout diagram].

• Work description

1. Harness continuity check:

- 1-Remove the source unit of the pulse accelerator signal and E-ECU from the harness.
- 2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Pulse accelerator signal wire E09 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and source units] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E09 and other terminal/GND | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|
| NG | Replace the harness. |
| ок | Check the source unit of the pulse accelerator signal. |
| | Replace the E-ECU. |



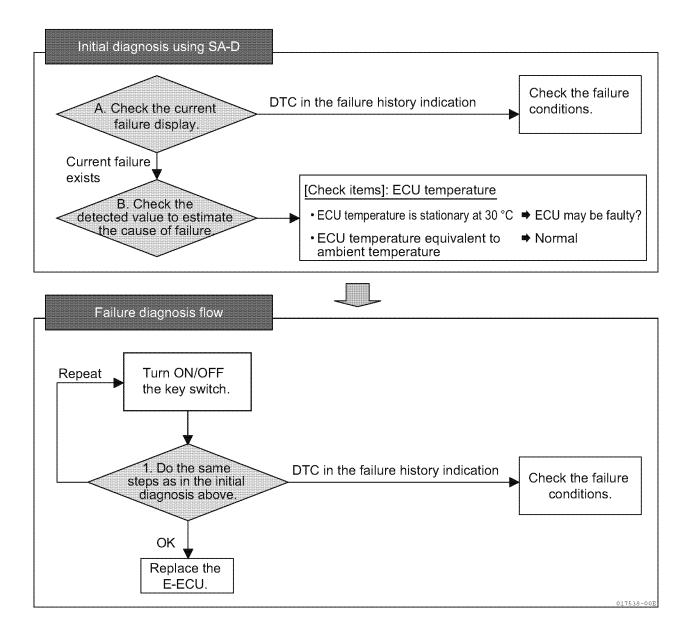
■ ECU temperature sensor

Related DTC

| P0668/4 | Failure with ECU temperature sensor (Low voltage) |
|-------------|--|
| DTC P0669/3 | Failure with ECU temperature sensor (High voltage) |
| P1644/2 | Intermittent failure with ECU temperature sensor |

Work flow

Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".



• Work description

1. Work with the diagnosis tool:

- Check of current failure indication
 - 1-Turn the key switch off, and turn the key switch on again.
 - 2-Connect the diagnosis tool, and check if any error is detected on the current fault indication.

Unavailable Check the error history indication, confirm error occurrence situation if any error history is indicated. Check the detected value using the diagnosis tool. \rightarrow Go to [\bullet Check of detected value] Available

• Check of detected value

1- Check the value indicated in the "E-ECU Temperature" with the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test" function.

| Indicated value | Status | Action |
|---------------------|--------|--------------------|
| Fixed at 30 °C | NG | Replace the E-ECU. |
| Ambient temperature | OK | Replace the E-ECU. |

| NG Replace E-ECU. | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| | |
| Turn the key switch on | /off again |
| rain the key switch on | on again, |
| OK and perform the work [| Check of current failure indication], [Check of detected value]. |
| | • Check of current failure indication], [• Check of detected value]. |
| | |
| Replace E-ECU. | |
| Replace E-ECO. | |



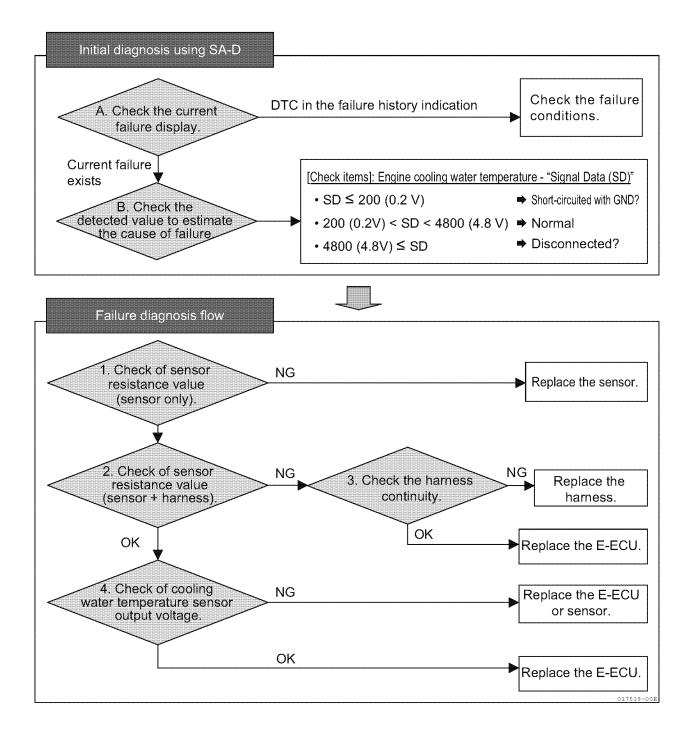
Cooling water temperature sensor

Related DTC

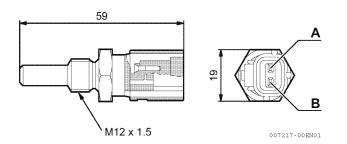
| P0117/4 | Failure with cooling water temperature sensor (Low voltage) |
|-------------|--|
| DTC P0118/3 | Failure with cooling water temperature sensor (High voltage) |
| P0119/2 | Intermittent failure with cooling water temperature sensor |

Work flow

Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".

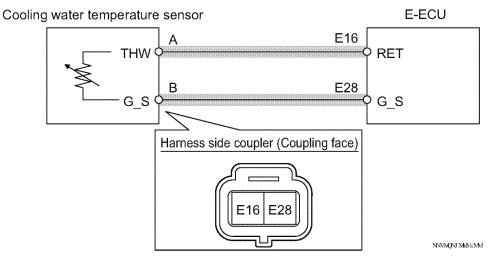


• View of the sensor



• Wiring diagram

| : Check points | |
|----------------|--|
|----------------|--|



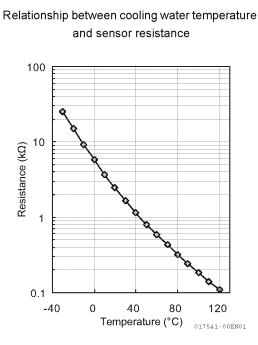
Note: For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see P136 [E-ECU pin layout diagram].



Work description

- 1. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor only):
 - 1-Remove the harness from the cooling water temperature sensor.
 - 2-Measure the resistance between cooling water temperature sensor terminals A and B using a circuit tester.
 - 3- Check if the measured resistance value is within the normal range, referring to the following table [Characteristics of cooling water temperature sensor].

Characteristics of cooling water temperature sensor



| Temperature (°C) | Resistance (kΩ) |
|------------------|-----------------|
| -30 | 25.4 |
| -20 | 15.04 |
| -10 | 9.16 |
| 0 | 5.74 |
| 10 | 3.7 |
| 20 | 2.45 |
| 30 | 1.66 |
| 40 | 1.15 |
| 50 | 0.811 |
| 60 | 0.584 |
| 70 | 0.428 |
| 80 | 0.318 |
| 90 | 0.24 |
| 100 | 0.1836 |
| 110 | 0.1417 |
| 120 | 0.1108 |

| NG | Replace the cooling water temperature sensor. |
|----|--|
| ок | Check the sensor resistance with the sensor and the harness being connected. |
| | ightarrow Go to [2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness)] |

- 2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness):
 - 1-Connect the cooling water temperature sensor and the harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.
 - 2-Measure the resistance between harness side E-ECU connector terminals E16 and E28 using a circuit tester.
 - 3- Check if the measured resistance value is within the normal range, referring to the above table [Characteristics of cooling water temperature sensor].

| NG | Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity] |
|----|--|
| ок | Check the output voltage of the cooling water temperature sensor. |
| ON | ightarrow Go to [4. Output voltage check of the cooling water temperature sensor] |

3. Check of harness continuity:

- 1-Remove the cooling water temperature sensor and E-ECU from the harness.
- 2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|---|
| Sensor signal wire E16 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Sensor GND wire E28 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E16 and other terminal/GND | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND |
| Between E28 and GND/E45/E47 | Available | OK: Normal |
| Between Ezo and GND/E43/E47 | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E28 and other terminals | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with another wiring |

| Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|--|
| Replace the harness. |
| Check the output voltage of the cooling water temperature sensor. |
| \rightarrow Go to [4. Output voltage check of the cooling water temperature sensor:] |

4. Output voltage check of the cooling water temperature sensor:

- 1-Connect the 2G Eco-checker harness between E-ECU and machine's harness (for details, see P137 [How to use the 2G Eco-checker harness]. And connect the all connectors (sensors, E-ECU).
- 2-Measure the voltage between sensor signal E16 and E28 using a circuit tester.

| Voltage | Status | Action | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|---|--|
| E16 ≤ 0.2 [V] | NG | Replace the harness. | |
| | NO | Replace the cooling water temperature sensor. | |
| 0.2 [V] < E16 < 4.8 [V] | OK | Replace E-ECU. | |
| | (Normal range) | | |
| 4.8 [V] ≤ E16 NG | Replace the harness. | | |
| | NG . | Replace the cooling water temperature sensor. | |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|
| NO | Replace the harness. |
| ОК | Replace E-ECU. |

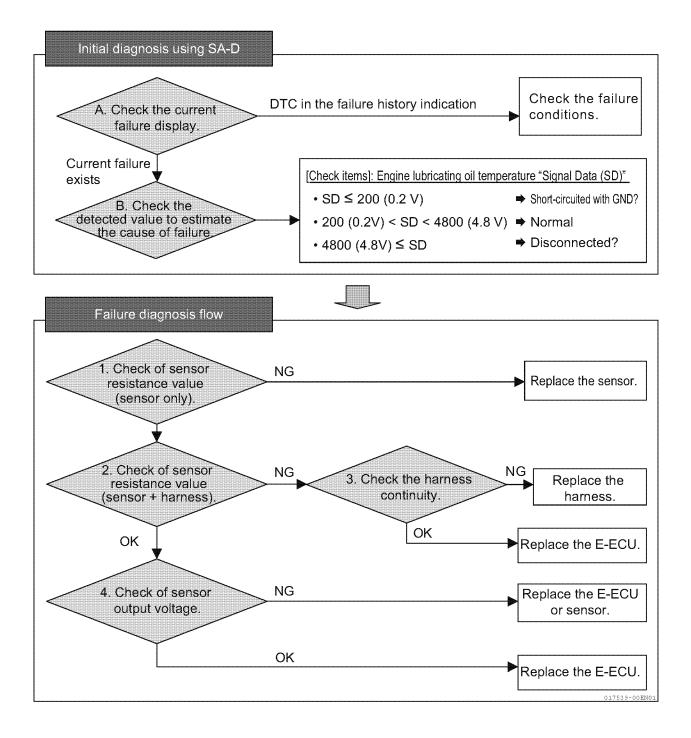
Lubricating oil temperature sensor (Optional parts for 3TNV80FT)

Related DTC

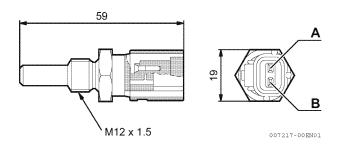
| | P1097/4 | Failure with lubricating oil temperature sensor (Low voltage) |
|--|---------|--|
| | P1098/3 | Failure with lubricating oil temperature sensor (High voltage) |
| | P1099/2 | Intermittent failure with lubricating oil temperature sensor |

Work flow

Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".

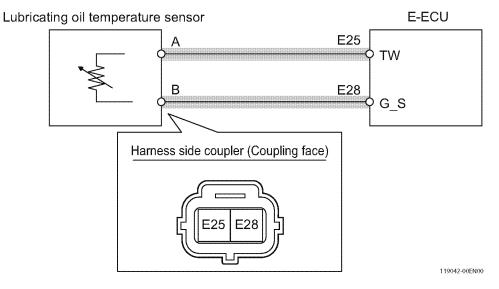


• View of the sensor



• Wiring diagram

| | : Check points |
|--|----------------|
|--|----------------|



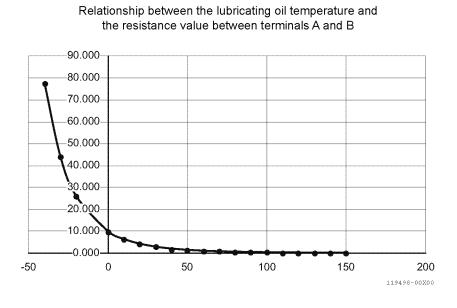
Note: For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see P136 [E-ECU pin layout diagram].



Work description

1. Check of the sensor voltage (AD value) (sensor only):

- 1-Remove the harness from the lubricating oil temperature sensor.
- 2-Measure the resistance between lubricating oil temperature sensor terminals A and B using a circuit tester.
- 3- Check if the measured resistance value is within the normal range, referring to the following table [Characteristics of lubricating oil temperature sensor].



| Temperature (°C) | Resistance (kΩ) |
|------------------|-----------------|
| -40 | 77.480 |
| -30 | 44.000 |
| -20 | 25.880 |
| 0 | 9.846 |
| 10 | 6.337 |
| 20 | 4.184 |
| 30 | 2.829 |
| 40 | 1.955 |
| 50 | 1.379 |
| 60 | 0.992 |
| 70 | 0.726 |
| 80 | 0.541 |
| 90 | 0.409 |
| 100 | 0.314 |
| 110 | 0.244 |
| 120 | 0.192 |
| 130 | 0.153 |
| 140 | 0.124 |
| 150 | 0.101 |

| NG | Replace the lubricating oil temperature sensor. |
|----|--|
| ок | Check the sensor voltage value (AD value) with the sensor and the harness being connected. |
| Un | \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of the sensor voltage (AD value) (sensor + harness)] |

2. Check of the sensor voltage (AD value) (sensor + harness):

1- Connect the lubricating oil temperature sensor and the harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.

2-Measure the resistance between harness side E-ECU connector terminals E25 and E28 using a circuit tester.

3- Check if the measured resistance value is within the normal range, referring to the above table [Characteristics of lubricating oil temperature sensor].

| NG Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity] |
|--|
| OK Check the output voltage of the lubricating oil temperature sensor. |
| \rightarrow Go to [4. Output voltage check of the lubricating oil temperature sensor] |

Characteristics of lubricating oil temperature sensor

3. Check of harness continuity:

- 1-Remove the lubricating oil temperature sensor and E-ECU from the harness.
- 2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|---|
| Sensor signal wire E25 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Sensor GND wire E28 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E25 and other terminal/GND | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| Between E25 and other terminal/GND | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND |
| Between E28 and GND/E45/E47 | Available | OK: Normal |
| | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E28 and other terminals | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with another wiring |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|--|
| NG | Replace the harness. |
| ок | Check the output voltage of the lubricating oil temperature sensor. |
| UN | ightarrow Go to [4. Output voltage check of the lubricating oil temperature sensor:] |

4. Output voltage check of the lubricating oil temperature sensor:

- 1-Connect the 2G Eco-checker harness between E-ECU and machine's harness (for details, see P137 [How to use the 2G Eco-checker harness]. And connect the all connectors (sensors, E-ECU).
- 2-Measure the voltage between sensor signal E25 and E28 using a circuit tester.

| Voltage | Status | Action |
|---------------------------|----------------------|---|
| E25 ≤ 0.165 [V] | NG | Replace the harness. Replace the lubricating oil temperature sensor. |
| 0.165 [V] < E25 < 4.9 [V] | OK (Normal range) | Replace E-ECU. |
| 4.9 [V] ≤ E25 | NG | Replace the harness.Replace the lubricating oil temperature sensor. |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|-----|---|
| OVI | Replace the harness. |
| ОК | Replace E-ECU. |

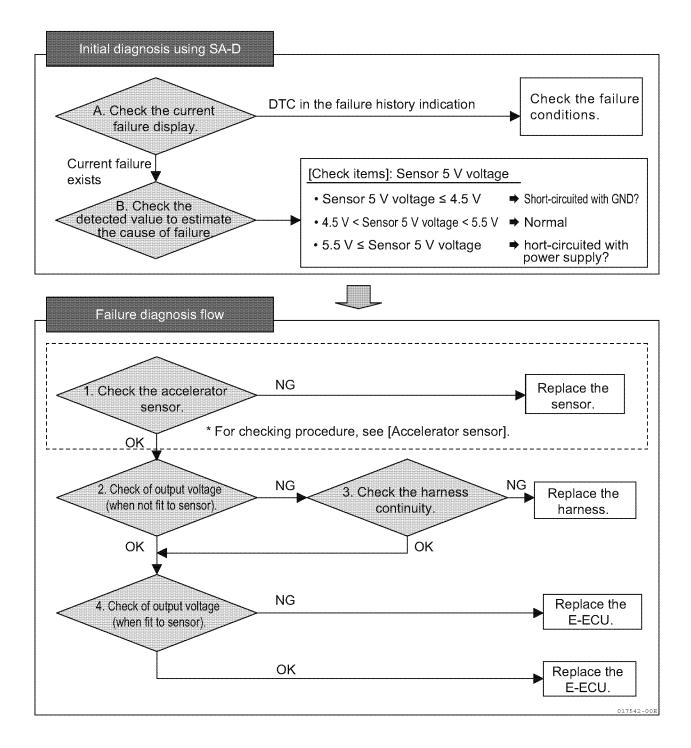
Sensor 5 V

Related DTC

| P0642/4 | | Failure with sensor 5 V (Low voltage) | |
|---------|---------|--|--|
| DTC | P0643/3 | Failure with sensor 5 V (High voltage) | |
| P1644/2 | P1644/2 | Intermittent failure with sensor 5 V | |

Work flow

Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".



• Work description

1. Check of the accelerator sensor:

1-For details, see P8 [Accelerator sensor].

2. Check of the output voltage (not fit with sensor):

1-Remove the harness from the accelerator sensor. At this time, keep the E-ECU connector being connected to E-ECU.

- 2-Turn the key switch on to turn on the E-ECU power.
- 3-Measure the voltage between the harness side accelerator sensor connector terminals E38 and GND using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Normal value |
|----------------------------|--------------|
| Sensor connector E38 - GND | 5 V |

| NG | Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity] |
|----|--|
| ок | Check the output voltage with the accelerator sensor being connected. |
| UN | \rightarrow Go to [4. Check of the output voltage (fit with sensor)] |

3. Check of harness continuity:

- 1-Remove the harness from the accelerator sensor and E-ECU.
- 2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|---|
| Between E38 and E28/E45/E47/GND | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| Between Eso and Ezo/E45/E47/GND | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND |
| Between E38 and E43/E48 | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| Detween E30 and E43/E40 | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply |
| Sensor GND wire E28 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E28 and GND/E45/E47 | Available | OK: Normal |
| Between Ezo and GND/E43/E47 | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E38/E28 and other terminals | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with another wiring |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|--|
| NO | Replace the harness. |
| ок | Check the output voltage with the accelerator sensor being connected. |
| UN | \rightarrow Go to [4. Check of the output voltage (fit with sensor)] |



- 4. Check of the output voltage (fit with sensor):
 - 1- Connect the 2G Eco-checker harness between E-ECU and machine's harness (for details, see P137 [How to use the 2G Eco-checker harness]. And connect the all connectors (sensors, E-ECU).
 - 2-Measure the voltage between sensor signal E38 and E28 using a circuit tester.

| Voltage | Status | Action |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--|
| E38 ≤ 4.5 [V] | NG | Replace the harness.Replace the accelerator sensor. |
| 4.5 [V] < E38 < 5.5 [V] | OK (Normal range) | Replace E-ECU. |
| 5.5 [V] ≤ E38 | NG | Replace the harness.Replace the accelerator sensor. |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|
| | Replace the harness. |
| ок | Replace E-ECU. |

Pulse sensor related failures

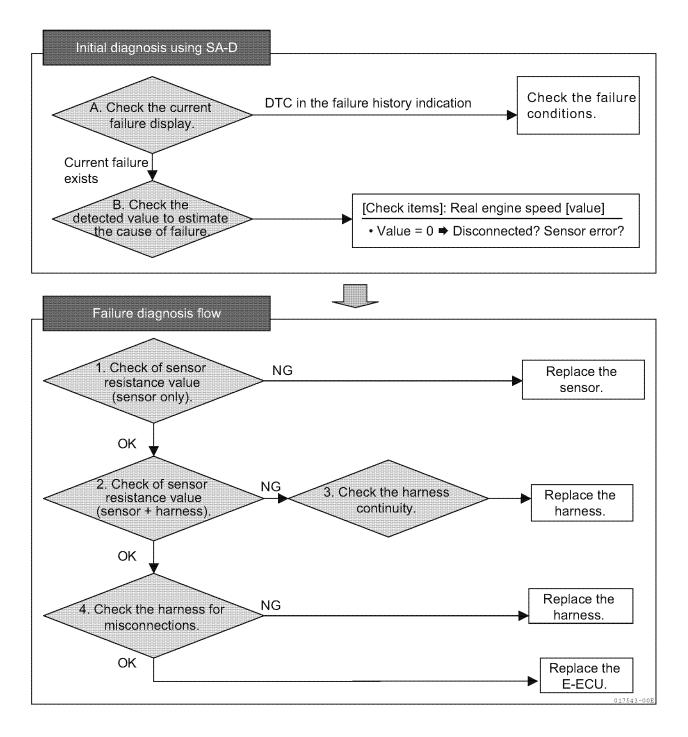
Speed sensor

Related DTC

DTC P0340/4 Speed sensor error

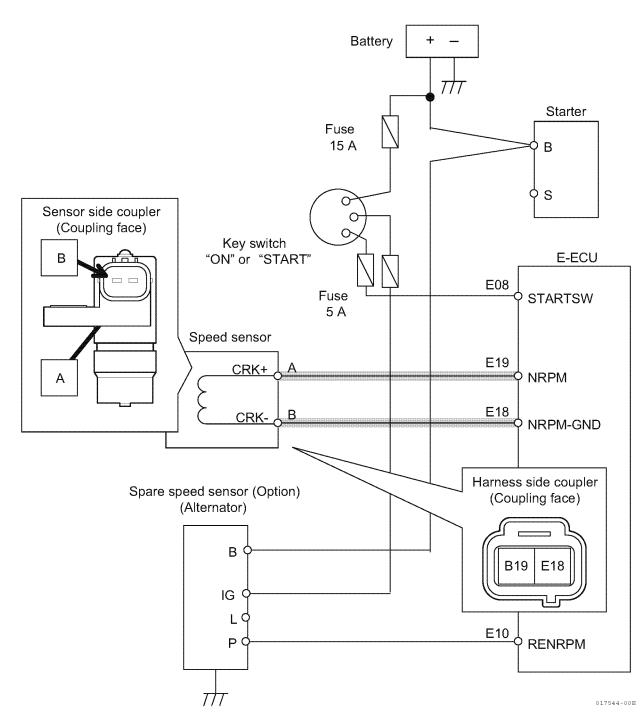
• Work flow

Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".









Note: For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see P136 [E-ECU pin layout diagram].

1. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor only):

1-Remove the harness from the speed sensor.

2-Measure the resistance between speed sensor terminals A and B using a circuit tester.

(REF) Coil resistance value of YANMAR standard speed sensor

| | Terminal | Specification | |
|---------------|---|---------------|--|
| Sensors A - B | | 500 ± 100 Ω | |
| | | | |
| NG | Replace the speed sensor. | | |
| 01/ | Check the resistance between sensor terminals A and B with the speed sensor and the harness being connected | | |
| OK | \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness)] | | |

2. Check of the sensor resistance value (sensor + harness):

1-Connect the speed sensor and the harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.

2-Measure the resistance between harness side E-ECU connector terminals E19 and E18 using a circuit tester. Note: See above-mentioned "(REF) Coil resistance of YANMAR standard speed sensors".

| NG Replace the harness. | |
|--|--|
| OK Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity] | |

3. Check of harness continuity:

1-Remove the speed sensor and E-ECU from the harness.

2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Sensor signal (+) wire E19 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Sensor signal (-) wire E18 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E19 and GND/E45/E47 | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| (between E18 and GND/E45/E47) | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|
| NG | Replace the harness. |
| ок | Replace E-ECU. |

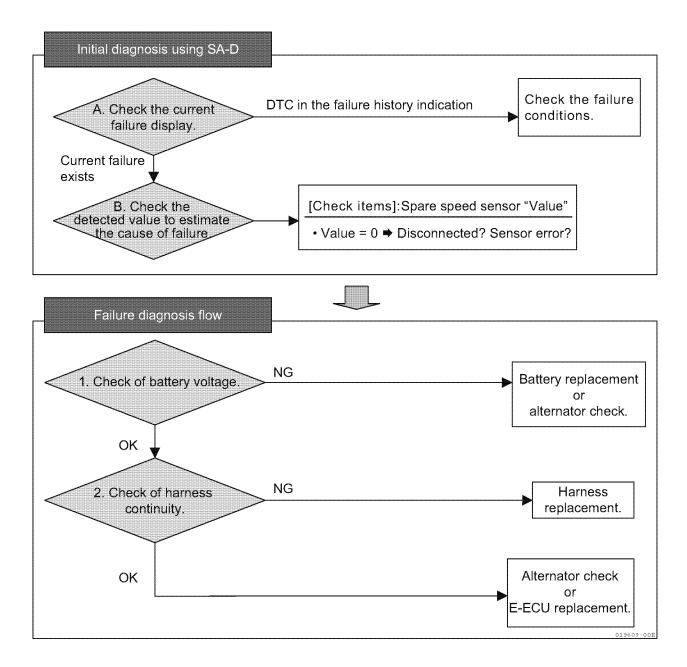
Spare speed sensor

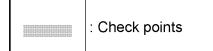
Related DTC

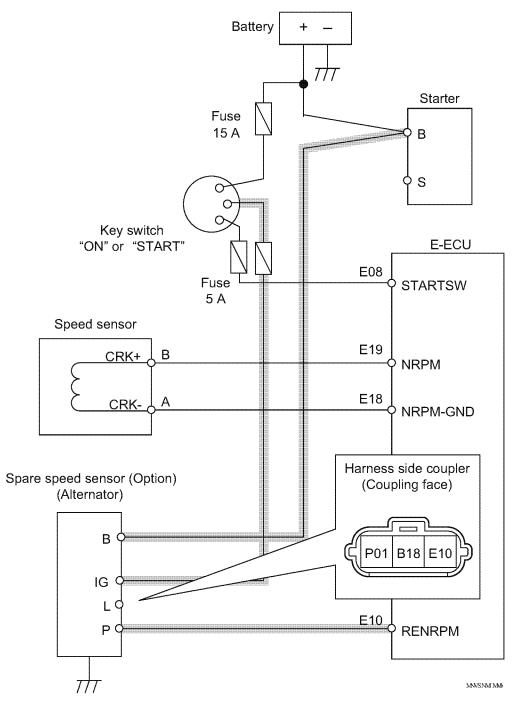
| DTC P1340/4 | Failure with spare speed sensor |
|-------------|---------------------------------|
| D10 P1340/4 | Fanure with spare speed sensor |

Work flow

Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".







Note: For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see P136 [E-ECU pin layout diagram].



1. Battery voltage check:

- 1-Set the accelerator at the lowest position, and operate the engine.
- 2-Measure the battery voltage using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Specification |
|---|---------------|
| Battery voltage (in the normal condition) | 10 to 16 [V] |
| | |

| NG | Check the alternator. |
|----|---|
| NG | Replace the battery. |
| ОК | Check the harness for correct continuity. $ ightarrow$ Go to [2. Check of harness continuity] |

2. Check of harness continuity:

- 1-Remove the connector of the spare speed sensor and E-ECU from the harness.
- 2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Alternator P terminal (E10) | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and alternator] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Alternator IG terminal | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between Key switch and alternator] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Alternator B terminal | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between battery and alternator] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E10 and GND/E45/E47 | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|
| ON | Replace the harness. |
| ок | Check the alternator. |
| UN | Replace the E-ECU. |

Contact output related failures

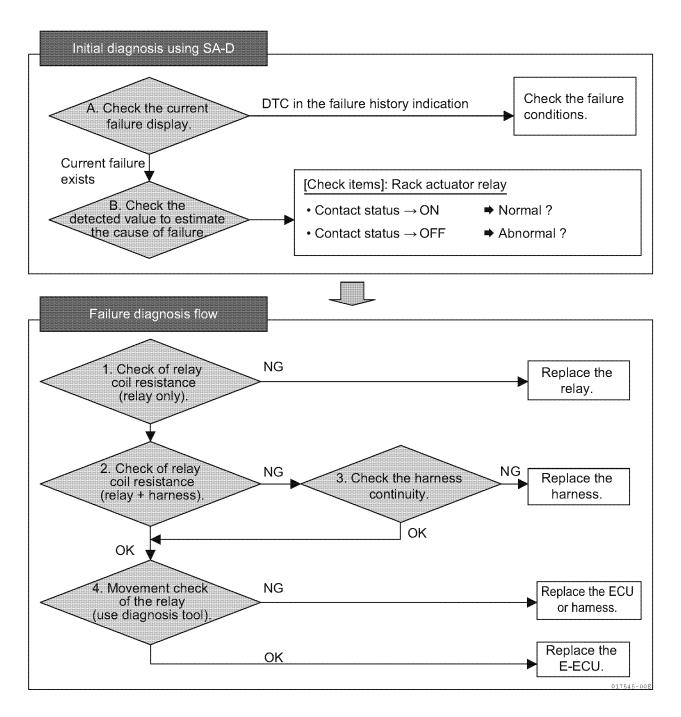
Rack actuator relay

Related DTC

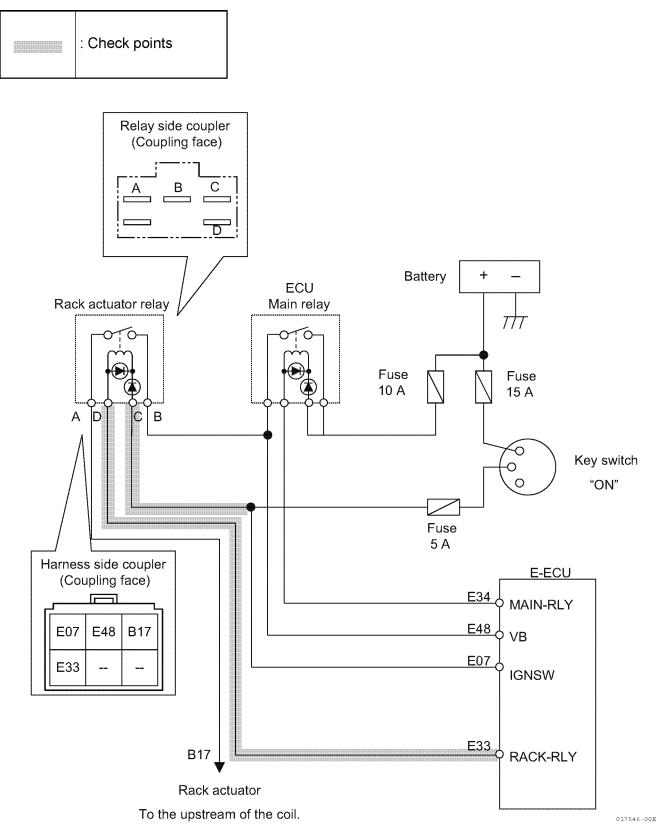
| P1222/4 | Failure A with rack actuator relay |
|-------------|---|
| DTC P1223/3 | Failure B with rack actuator relay |
| P1224/2 | Intermittent failure with rack actuator relay |

Work flow

Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".







1. Check of the relay coil resistance value (relay only):

- 1-Remove the rack actuator relay from the harness.
- 2-Measure the resistance between relay side terminals C and D using a circuit tester.

| Measurement conditions | | Measured value | Status |
|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---|
| Tester (+) side | Tester (-) side | weasured value | Status |
| Terminal C | Terminal D | Available (*) | OK when both are normal |
| Terminal D | Terminal C | Infinity (*) | |
| Terminal C | Terminal D | Infinity (*) | NG: Fault of the relay internal circuitry |
| Terminal D | Terminal C | | NG. Fault of the relay internal circuity |

* As a reverse-biased diode is integrated, the above-mentioned checking method is applied, and the measured value varies depending on a circuit tester to be used.

| NG | Replace the rack actuator relay. |
|----|---|
| ок | Check the relay coil resistance with the rack actuator relay and the harness being connected. |
| | ightarrow Go to [2. Check of the relay coil resistance value (relay + harness side)] |

- 2. Check of the relay coil resistance value (relay + harness side):
 - 1-Install the rack actuator relay to the harness.
 - 2-Remove E-ECU from the harness.
 - 3-Measure the resistance between E-ECU connectors E07 and E33 using a circuit tester.

| Measurement conditions | | Measured value | Status |
|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Tester (+) side | Tester (-) side | weasured value | Status |
| E07 | E33 | Available (*) | - OK: Normal |
| E33 | E07 | Infinity (*) | |
| E07 | E33 | Infinity (*) | NG: Harness error |
| E33 | E07 | – Infinity (*) | |

* As a reverse-biased diode is integrated, the above-mentioned checking method is applied, and the measured value varies depending on a circuit tester to be used.

| NG | Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity] |
|----|--|
| ок | Check the movement of the rack actuator relay by the diagnosis tool. $ ightarrow$ Go to [4. Movement check of the relay] |



3. Check of harness continuity:

- 1-Remove the rack actuator relay from the harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.
- 2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|---|
| Relay coil (downstream side) E33 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Relay coil (upstream side) E07 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E33 and GND/E28/E45/E47 | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| Between ESS and GND/E28/E45/E47 | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND |
| Between E33 and E43/E48 | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| Between ESS and E43/E48 | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply |

| NG | • | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|---|
| NC | 2 | Replace the harness. |
| ОК | (| Check the movement of the rack actuator relay by the diagnosis tool. \rightarrow Go to [4. Movement check of the relay] |

4. Movement check of the relay:

- 1- Connect the 2G Eco-checker harness between E-ECU and machine's harness (for details, see P137 [How to use the 2G Eco-checker harness]. And connect the all connectors (rack actuator relay, E-ECU).
- 2- Connect the diagnosis tool, and log in to the diagnosis tool after key switch turning-on.
- 3- Activate the rack actuator relay by the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Active control", and measure the voltage between terminals E33 and E45.

| ON/OFF setting status | Voltage | Status |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--|
| ON | 1.75 [V] and below | OK: Normal |
| | Over 1.75 [V] | NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply or E-ECU fault |
| OFF | 2.5 [V] and above | OK: Normal |
| | Under 2.5 [V] | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND or E-ECU fault |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|
| NO | Replace the harness. |
| ок | Replace the E-ECU. |

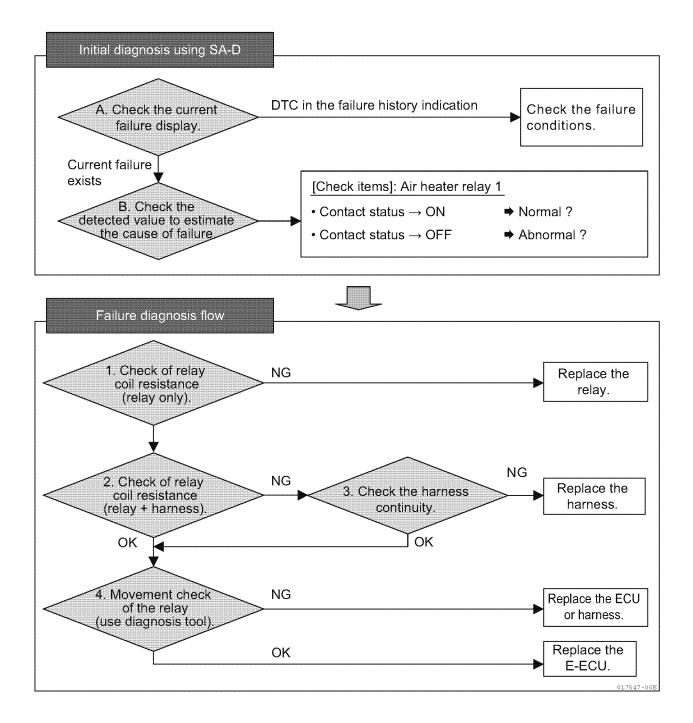
Start assist relay

Related DTC

| P1232/4 | Failure A with start assist relay | |
|-------------|--|--|
| DTC P1233/3 | Failure B with start assist relay | |
| P1234/2 | Intermittent failure with start assist relay | |

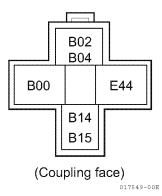
• Work flow

Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".



: Check points Battery + TTAir heater relay Starter В Fuse Fuse ¢s 60 A 60 A E-ECU E44 AIRHT-RLY 777 Air heater ₩ TTAir heater \mathcal{M} T T017548-00E

Harness side coupler



Note: For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see P136 [E-ECU pin layout diagram].

1. Check of the relay coil resistance value (relay only):

- 1-Remove the start assist relay from the harness.
- 2-Measure the resistance between relay side terminals C and D using a circuit tester.

(REF) The resistance value of YANMAR standard start assist relay

| Terminal | Specification |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Relay coil side C - D (40 A relay) | 103 Ω ± 10 % (at 20 °C) |
| Relay coil side C - D (70 A relay) | 103 Ω ± 10 % (at 20 °C) |
| Relay coil side C - D (90 A relay) | 80 Ω (at 20 °C) |

| NG Replace the start assist relay. | |
|---|--|
| OK Check the relay coil resistance with the start assist relay and the harness being connected. | |
| \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of relay coil resistance value (relay + harness side)] | |

2. Check of relay coil resistance value (relay + harness side):

- 1-Install the start assist relay to the harness.
- 2-Remove E-ECU from the harness.

3-Measure the resistance between E-ECU connectors E44 and B00 using a circuit tester.

Note: See above-mentioned "(REF) Resistance of YANMAR standard start assist relay".

| NG Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity] | |
|--|--|
| OK Check the movement of the start assist relay by a diagnosis tool. \rightarrow Go to [4. Movement check of the relay] | |

3. Check of harness continuity:

1-Remove the start assist relay from the harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.

2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|---|
| Relay coil (upstream side) E44 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Relay coil (downstream side) B00 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between F33 and GND/F28/F45/F47 | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| Between ESS and GND/E20/E45/E47 | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND |
| Between E44 and E43/E48 | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|
| NG | Replace the harness. |
| ок | Check the movement of the rack actuator relay by the diagnosis tool. \rightarrow Go to [4. Movement check of the relay] |



4. Movement check of the relay:

- 1- Connect the 2G Eco-checker harness between E-ECU and machine's harness (for details, see P137 [How to use the 2G Eco-checker harness]. And connect the all connectors (start assistant relay, E-ECU).
- 2- Connect the diagnosis tool, and log in to the diagnosis tool after key switch turning-on.
- 3- Activate the start assistant relay by the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Active control", and measure the voltage between terminals E44 and E45.

| ON/OFF setting status | Voltage | Status |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--|
| ON | 2.5 [V] and above | OK: Normal |
| | Under 2.5 [V] | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND or E-ECU fault |
| OFF | 1.75 [V] and below | OK: Normal |
| | Over 1.75 [V] | NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply or E-ECU fault |

| • Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. | |
|---|--|
| Replace the harness. | |
| OK Replace the E-ECU. | |

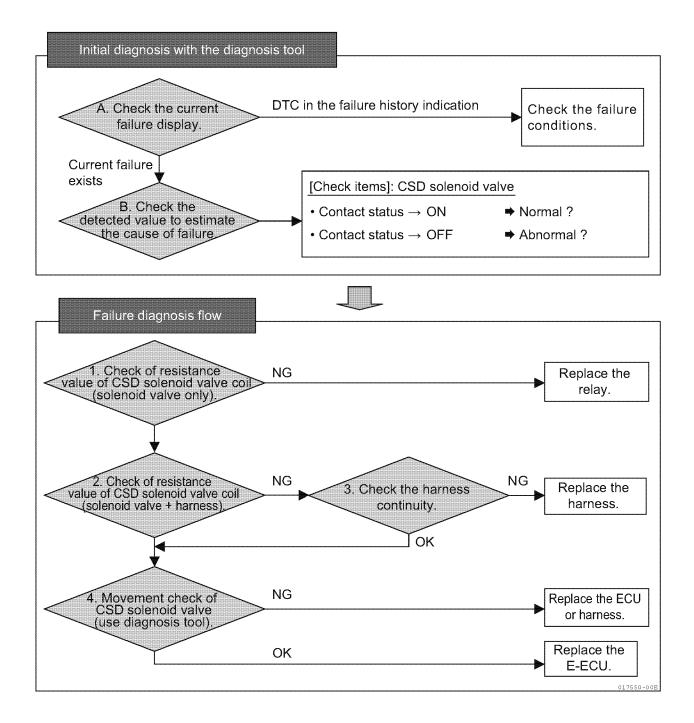
■ CSD solenoid valve coil

Related DTC

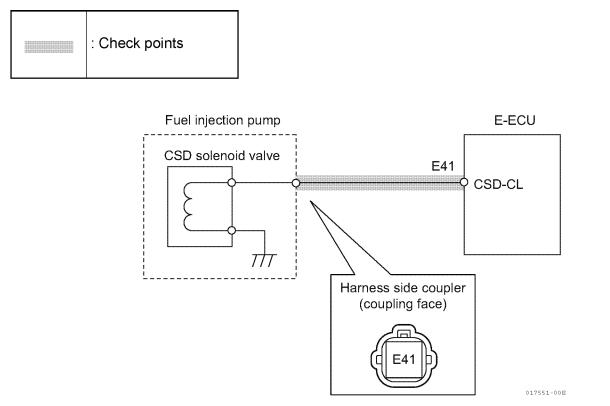
| P1242/4 | Failure A with CSD solenoid valve |
|-------------|--|
| DTC P1243/3 | Failure B with CSD solenoid valve |
| P1244/2 | Intermittent failure with CSD solenoid valve |

Work flow

Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".







Note: For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see P136 [E-ECU pin layout diagram].

1. Check of resistance value of the CSD solenoid valve coil (solenoid valve only):

- 1-Remove the CSD solenoid valve connector from the harness.
- 2-Measure the resistance between CSD solenoid valve side terminals C and D using a circuit tester.

(REF) Coil resistance of the CSD solenoid valve

| Terminal | | Specification | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------------|--|
| CSD solenoid valve side C - D (400 W) | | 8 Ω (at 23 °C) | |
| | | | |
| NG | G Replace the solenoid valve. | | |
| ок | Check the coil resistance of the CSD solenoid valve with the CSD solenoid valve connector and the harness being | | |
| | connected. \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of resistance value of the CSD solenoid value coil (solenoid value + harness)] | | |

2. Check of resistance value of the CSD solenoid valve coil (solenoid valve + harness):

- 1-Connect the CSD solenoid valve and the harness.
- 2-Remove E-ECU from the harness.

3-Measure the resistance between E-ECU connectors E41 and B00 using a circuit tester.

Note: See above-mentioned "(REF) Coil resistance of YANMAR standard CSD solenoid valve".

| NG Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity] | | |
|--|--|--|
| OK Check the movement of the CSD solenoid valve by a diagnosis tool. | | |
| \rightarrow Go to [4. Movement check of the CSD solenoid valve] | | |

3. Check of harness continuity:

1-Remove the CSD solenoid valve connector from the harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.

2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|--|-------------|---|
| CSD Solenoid Valve (upstream side) E41 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E41 and GND/E28/E45/E47 | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND |
| Between F41 and F43/F48 | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply |

| NC | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|
| NG | Replace the harness. |
| ок | Check the movement of the CSD solenoid valve by a diagnosis tool. |
| Un | ightarrow Go to [4. Movement check of the CSD solenoid valve] |

- 4. Movement check of the CSD solenoid valve:
 - 1- Connect the 2G Eco-checker harness between E-ECU and machine's harness (for details, see P137 [How to use the 2G Eco-checker harness]. And connect the all connectors (CSD solenoid valve connector, E-ECU).
 - 2- Connect the diagnosis tool, and log in to the diagnosis tool after key switch turning-on.
 - 3- Activate the start assistant relay by the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Active control", and measure the voltage between terminals E41 and E45.

| ON/OFF setting status | Voltage | Status |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--|
| ON | 2.5 [V] and above | OK: Normal |
| | Under 2.5 [V] | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND or E-ECU fault |
| OFF | 1.75 [V] and below | OK: Normal |
| | Over 1.75 [V] | NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply or E-ECU fault |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|
| NG | Replace the harness. |
| ОК | Replace the E-ECU. |

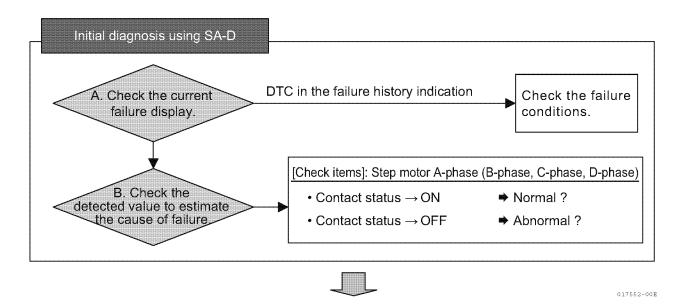
EGR valve

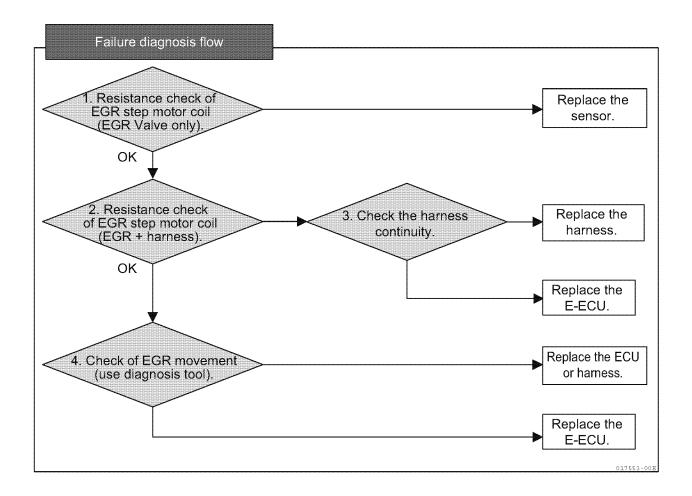
Related DTC

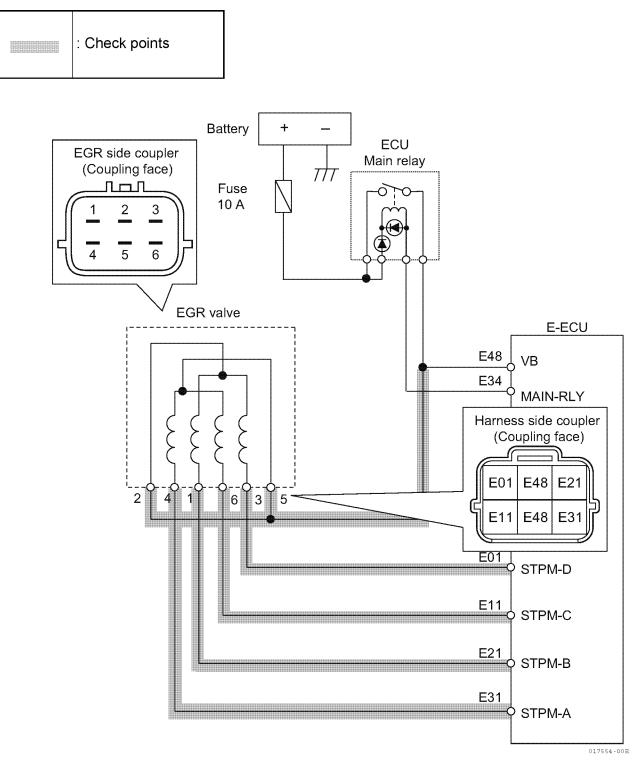
| | P1402/4 | Failure A with EGR valve (Step motor A-phase) |
|-----|---------|---|
| | P1403/3 | Failure B with EGR valve (Step motor A-phase) |
| | P1412/4 | Failure A with EGR valve (Step motor B-phase) |
| DTC | P1413/3 | Failure B with EGR valve (Step motor B-phase) |
| | P1422/4 | Failure A with EGR valve (Step motor C-phase) |
| | P1423/3 | Failure B with EGR valve (Step motor C-phase) |
| | P1432/4 | Failure A with EGR valve (Step motor D-phase) |
| | P1433/3 | Failure B with EGR valve (Step motor D-phase) |

• Work flow

Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".







Note: For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see P136 [E-ECU pin layout diagram].



- 1. Check of the EGR step motor coil resistance (EGR only):
 - 1-Remove the EGR valve from the harness.
 - 2-Measure the resistance between EGR side coil terminals (4) (5), [(1) (2), (5) (6), (2) (3)] using a circuit tester.

| (REF) Resistance value of YANMAR standard EGR step mote | or coil |
|---|---------|
|---|---------|

| Terminal | Specification |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| Coil terminal (4) - (5) (A-phase) | |
| Coil terminal (1) - (2) (B-phase) | 15 ± 2 Ω |
| Coil terminal (5) - (6) (C-phase) | 15 ± 2 55 |
| Coil terminal (2) - (3) (D-phase) | |

| NG | Replace the EGR valve. |
|----|--|
| ок | Check the EGR step motor coil resistance with the EGR valve and the harness being connected. |
| Un | \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of EGR step motor coil resistance (relay + harness side)] |

2. Check of EGR step motor coil resistance (relay + harness side):

- 1- Install the EGR valve to the harness.
- 2-Remove E-ECU from the harness.

3-Measure the coil resistance at the E-ECU connector using a circuit tester.

Note: See above-mentioned "(REF) Resistance of YANMAR standard EGR step motor coil".

| Step motor | ECU connector terminal number |
|------------|-------------------------------|
| A-phase | E31 - E48 |
| B-phase | E21 - E48 |
| C-phase | E11 - E48 |
| D-phase | E01 - E48 |

| | Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [3. Check of harness continuity] | |
|----|---|--|
| ок | Check the movement of the EGR by the diagnosis tool. \rightarrow Go to [4. Movement check of the EGR] | |

3. Check of harness continuity:

- 1-Remove the EGR valve from the harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.
- 2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|--|-------------|---|
| Motor coil (downstream side) E31 (E21/E11/E01) | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and EGR connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Motor coil (upstream side) E48 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and EGR connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E31 (E21/E11/E01) and GND/E28/E45/E47 | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND |
| Between E21 (E21/E11/E01) and E42/E49 | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| Between E31 (E21/E11/E01) and E43/E48 | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|
| NG | Replace the harness. |
| ОК | Check the movement of the EGR by the diagnosis tool. \rightarrow Go to [4. Movement check of the EGR] |

4. Movement check of the EGR:

- 1-Connect the 2G Eco-checker harness between E-ECU and machine's harness (for details, see P137 [How to use the 2G Eco-checker harness]. And connect the all connectors (EGR valve, E-ECU).
- 2- Connect the diagnosis tool, and log in to the diagnosis tool after key switch turning-on.
- 3-Activate each step motor of the EGR valve by the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Active control", and measure the voltage between step motor coil terminals E31 - E45, (E21 - E45, E11 - E45, E01 - E45) respectively.

| ON/OFF setting status | Voltage | Status |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--|
| ON | 1.75 [V] and below | OK: Normal |
| SN SN | Over 1.75 [V] | NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply or E-ECU fault |
| OFF | 2.5 [V] and above | OK: Normal |
| | Under 2.5 [V] | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND or E-ECU fault |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|
| NO | Replace the harness. |
| ОК | Replace the E-ECU. |



Contact input related failures

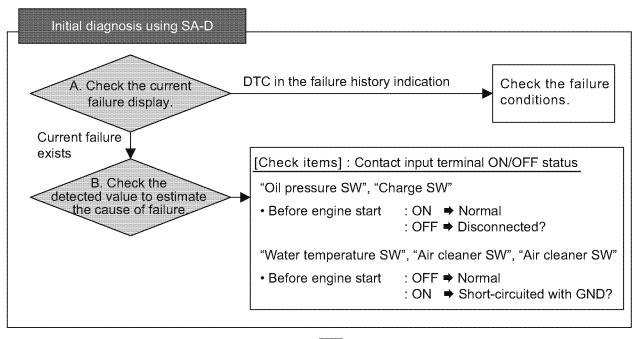
Related DTC

| | P1192/4 | Failure with oil pressure switch | |
|-----|---------|----------------------------------|--|
| | P1198/1 | Abnormal oil pressure descend | |
| | P1562/4 | Failure with charge switch | |
| DTC | P1568/1 | Charge alarm | |
| | P1217/0 | Abnormal water temperature | |
| | P1101/0 | Air cleaner clogging alarm | |
| | P1151/0 | Oil-water separator alarm | |

• Work flow

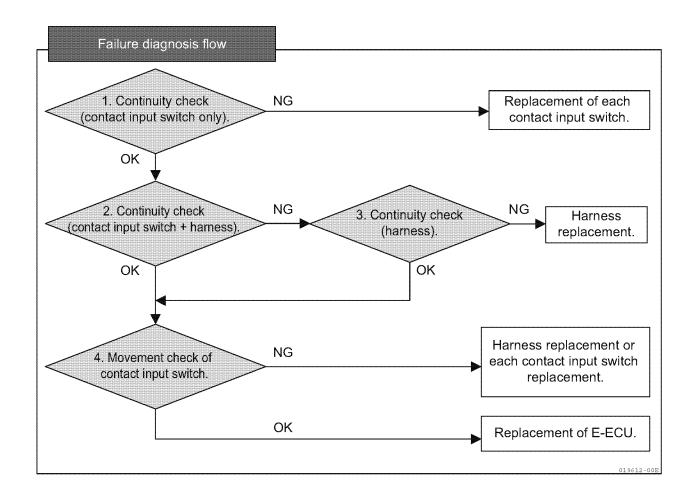
Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".

For the operation of the diagnosis tool, see "Diagnosis tool Operation Manual" separately.

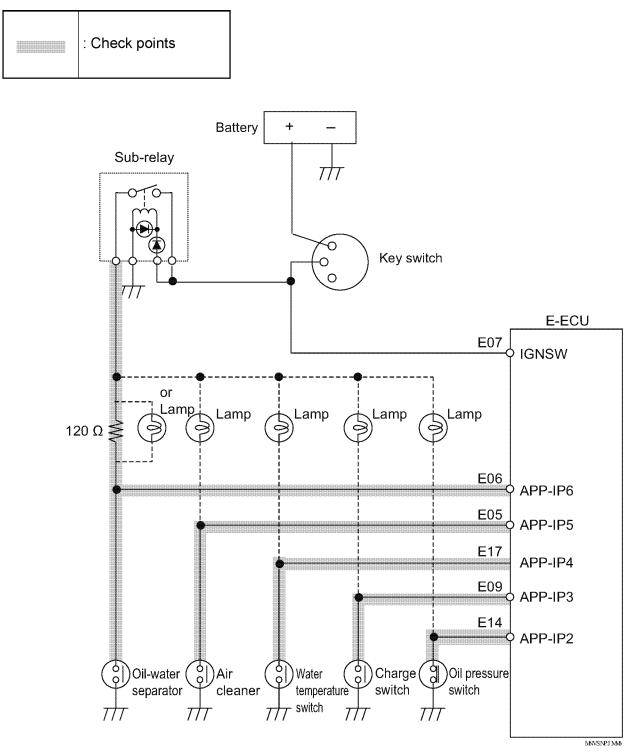




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Note: For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see P136 [E-ECU pin layout diagram].

1. Continuity check (contact input switch only):

- 1-Remove the harness from each contact input switch.
- 2-Referring to the following table, check the continuity between contact input terminal and body frame using a circuit tester.

| ltem | Terminal name (Terminal No.) | Continuity [Between terminal and body frame] | Status | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|
| Oil pressure switch | APP-IP2 | Available | OK: Normal | |
| | (E14) | Unavailable | NG: Internal circuitry fault | |
| Chargo switch | APP-IP3 | Unavailable | OK: Normal | |
| Charge switch | (E09) | Available | NG: Internal circuitry fault | |
| Motor tomporature quitab | APP-IP4 | Unavailable | OK: Normal | |
| Water temperature switch | (E17) | Available | NG: Internal circuitry fault | |
| Air cleaner switch | APP-IP5 | Unavailable | OK: Normal | |
| | (E05) | Available | NG: Internal circuitry fault | |
| | APP-IP6 | Unavailable | OK: Normal | |
| Oil-water separator switch | (E06) | Available | NG: Internal circuitry fault | |

| NG Replace the contact input switch. |
|--|
| OK Check the continuity with the contact input switch and the harness being connected. |
| \rightarrow Go to [2. Continuity check (contact input switch + harness)] |

2. Continuity check (contact input switch + harness):

- 1-Connect the contact input switch and the harness, and remove E-ECU from the harness.
- 2- Check the continuity between harness ECU connector terminal and body frame using a circuit tester. Then, for the terminal name to be checked, refer to above-mentioned [1. Continuity check (contact input switch only)].

| NG | Check the harness for correct continuity. $ ightarrow$ Go to [3. Check of harness continuity] |
|----|---|
| ок | Check if the movement of the contact input switch is correctly recognized with the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test". |
| Un | ightarrow Go to [4. Movement check of the contact input switch] |



3. Check of harness continuity:

- 1-Remove the contact input switch and E-ECU from the harness.
- 2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|---|-------------|---|
| Switch signal wire E14 (*) | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and switch connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Detwoon E44 (*) and E29/E42/E49 (nower ownly line | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| Between E14 (*) and E38/E43/E48 (power supply line) | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply |
| Between E14 (*) and E28/E45/E47(GND line)/GND | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| Between E14 () and E20/E40/E47 (GND inte)/GND | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND |

* This table takes an oil pressure switch as an example. In the case of charge switch (E09), water temperature switch (E17), air cleaner switch (E05), oil-water separator switch (E06), check the continuity using the same procedure.

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|
| NG | Replace the harness. |
| ок | Check if the movement of the contact input switch is correctly recognized with the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test". |
| | ightarrow Go to [4. Movement check of the contact input switch] |

4. Movement check of the contact input switch:

- 1-Connect the all connectors (contact input switch, E-ECU).
- 2- Connect the diagnosis tool, and log in to the diagnosis tool after key switch turning-on.
- 3- With the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Digital Input etc.", monitor each of displayed items, check the ON/OFF indication of the contact input switch under the specified conditions.

| ltem | Check conditions | ON/OFF indication | Status |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---|
| | Defere engine start | ON | OK: Normal |
| Oil proceuro switch | Before engine start | OFF | NG: Harness error or internal circuitry fault |
| Oil pressure switch | | OFF | OK: Normal |
| | During engine running | ON | NG: Harness error or internal circuitry fault |
| | Poforo ongino start | ON | OK: Normal |
| Chargo switch | Before engine start | OFF | NG: Harness error or internal circuitry fault |
| Charge switch | During engine gunging | OFF | OK: Normal |
| | During engine running | ON | NG: Harness error or internal circuitry fault |
| Water temperature switch | | | OK: Normal |
| water temperature switch | Before engine start | ON | NG: Harness error or internal circuitry fault |
| Air cleaner switch | Before engine start | OFF | OK: Normal |
| | Belore engine start | ON | NG: Harness error or internal circuitry fault |
| Oil water congrater switch | Before engine start | OFF | OK: Normal |
| Oil-water separator switch | | ON | NG: Harness error or internal circuitry fault |

| | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|
| NG | Replace the harness. |
| | Replace the contact input switch. |
| OK | Replace the E-ECU. |

Actuator related failures

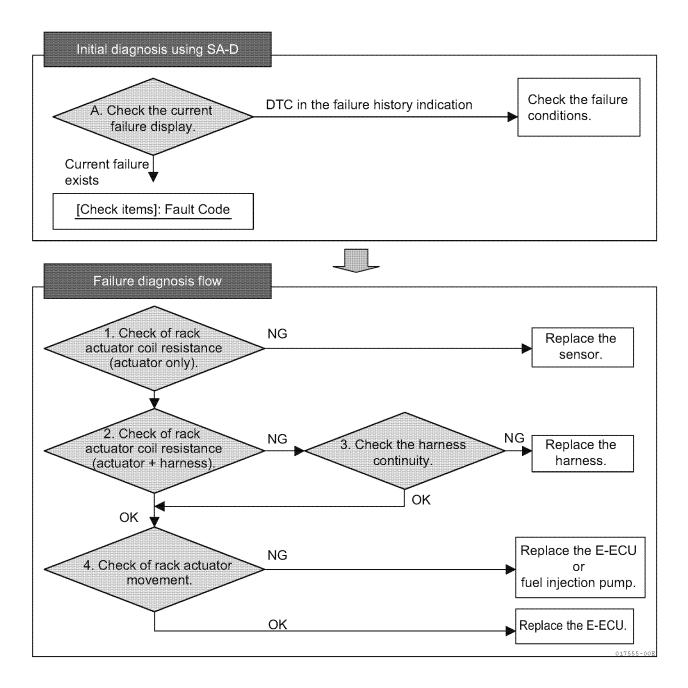
Rack actuator

Related DTC

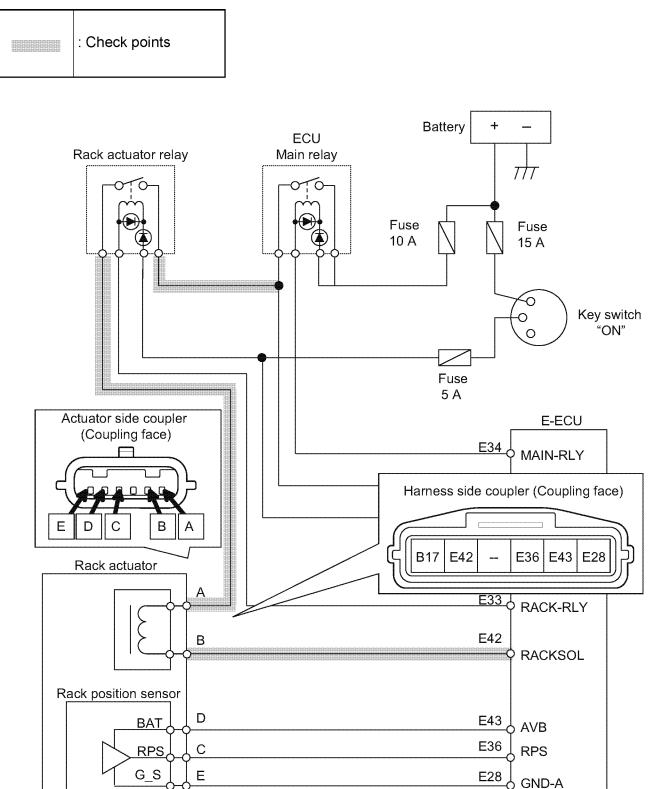
| P1212/4 | Failure with rack actuator (Low voltage) |
|-------------|---|
| DTC P1213/3 | Failure with rack actuator (High voltage) |
| P1211/7 | Rack actuator mechanical failure |

Work flow

Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".







Note: For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see P136 [E-ECU pin layout diagram].

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1. Check of the rack actuator coil resistance (actuator only):

- 1-Remove the harness from the rack actuator.
- 2-Measure the resistance between rack actuator terminals A and B using a circuit tester.

(REF) Coil resistance value of YANMAR standard rack actuator

| Terminal | Specification | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Coils A - B | 1 Ω ± 10 % | | |
| | | | |
| NG Replace the fuel injection pump. | | | |
| OK Check the resistance between actuator term | Check the resistance between actuator terminals A and B with the rack actuator and the harness being connected. | | |
| \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of the rack actuator coil | \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of the rack actuator coil resistance (harness + actuator)] | | |

2. Check of the rack actuator coil resistance (harness + actuator):

- 1-Connect rack actuator and harness, and remove E-ECU and rack actuator from the harness.
- 2-Measure the resistance between harness side E-ECU connector terminal E42 and rack actuator relay contact downstream side E18 using a circuit tester.

Note: See above-mentioned "(REF) Coil resistance value of YANMAR standard rack actuator".

| NG | Check the harness for correct continuity. $ ightarrow$ Go to [3. Check of harness continuity] |
|----|---|
| ок | Check the movement of the actuator by the diagnosis tool. $ ightarrow$ Go to [4. Movement check of the rack actuator] |

3. Check of harness continuity:

- 1-Remove the rack actuator and E-ECU from the harness.
- 2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|--|-------------|---------------------------|
| Actuator coil wire (downstream side) E42 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between actuator coil (upstream) and rack actuator | Available | OK: Normal |
| relay contact (downstream) | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between rack actuator relay contact (downstream) | Available | OK: Normal |
| and main relay contact (downstream) | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |

| • Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. | |
|---|--|
| Replace the harness. | |
| OK Replace the E-ECU. | |

- 4. Movement check of the rack actuator:
 - 1-Connect the all connectors (rack actuator, E-ECU).
 - 2- Connect the diagnosis tool, and log in to the diagnosis tool after key switch turning-on.
 - 3- Execute the directive rack position control with the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Active control". At this time, set the rack position arbitrarily within the settings.
 - 4-After the execution, check if the rack actuator moved to the set rack position.

| NG Replace the fuel injection pump. | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| OK Replace the E-ECU. | |

ECU internal and communication errors

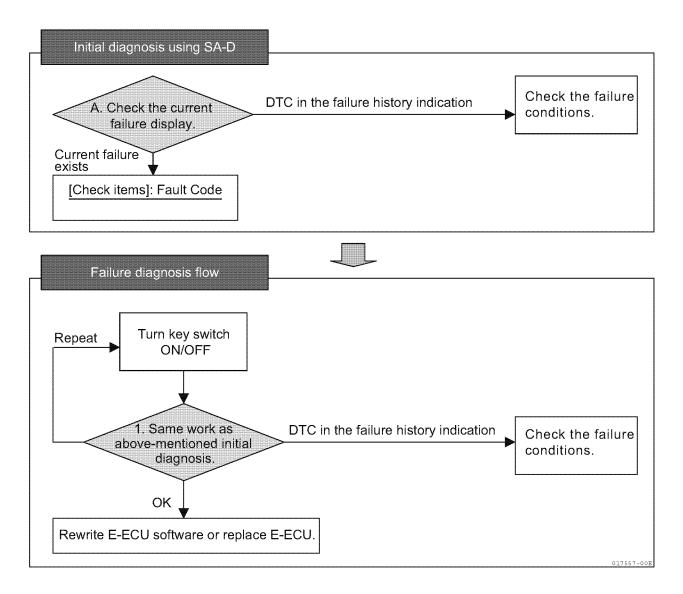
ECU internal errors

Related DTC

| | P0601/12 | EEPROM error (Read/write error) | |
|-----|----------|---------------------------------|--|
| | P1601/2 | EEPROM error (Checksum) | |
| | P0605/12 | FlashROM error (Checksum A) | |
| | P1605/2 | FlashROM error (Checksum B) | |
| DTC | P1606/2 | FlashROM error (Checksum C) | |
| | P1610/12 | Failure A with sub-CPU | |
| | P1611/12 | Failure B with sub-CPU | |
| | P1612/12 | Failure C with sub-CPU | |
| | P1620/12 | Map format error | |

Work flow

Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".





1. Work with the diagnosis tool:

- 1-Turn the key switch off, and turn the key switch on again.
- 2- Connect the diagnosis tool, and check if any error is detected on the current fault indication.

| Unavailable | Check the error history indication, confirm error occurrence situation if any error history is indicated. |
|-------------|---|
| | • Turn the key switch on/off again, and perform the work [1. Work with the diagnosis tool]. |
| Available | Rewrite the E-ECU software. |
| | Replace the E-ECU. |

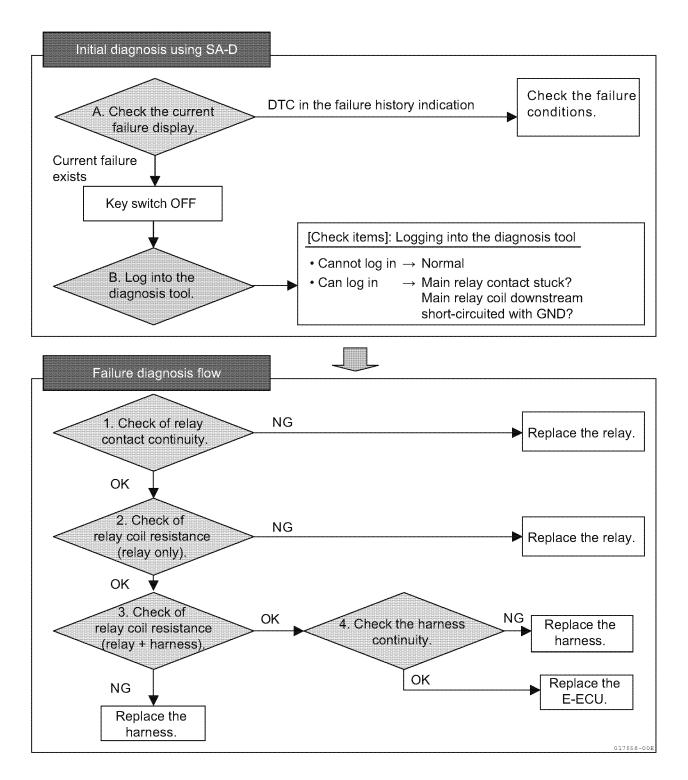
Main relay

Related DTC

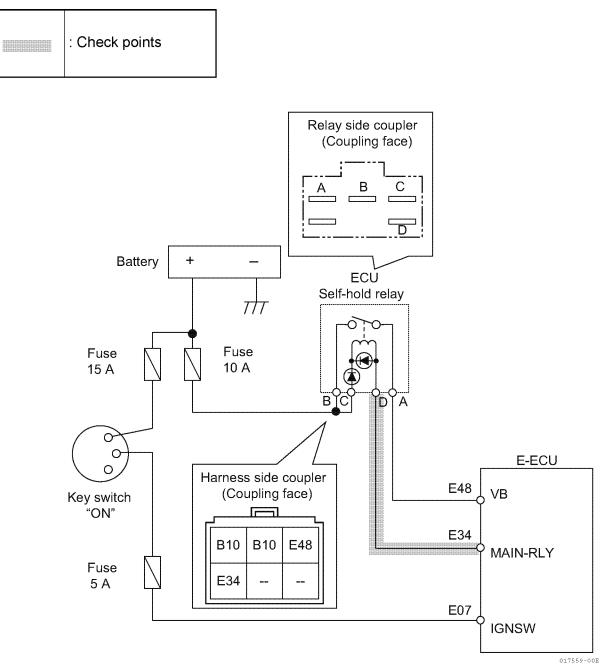
| DTC P0686/4 | Main relay error |
|-------------|------------------|
| 010 100004 | |

• Work flow

Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".







Note: For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see P136 [E-ECU pin layout diagram].

1. Check of the relay coil resistance value (relay only):

1-Remove the E-ECU main relay from the harness.

2- Check the continuity between relay side terminals A and B using a circuit tester.

| NG | Replace the E-ECU main relay. |
|----|--|
| ок | Check the resistance of the E-ECU main relay coil. |
| | ightarrow Go to [2. Check of the relay coil resistance value (relay only)] |

2. Check of the relay coil resistance value (relay only):

1-Remove the E-ECU main relay from the harness.

2-Measure the resistance between relay side terminals C and D using a circuit tester.

| Measureme | nt conditions | Measured value | Status | |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|---|--|
| Tester (+) side | Tester (-) side | | Status | |
| Terminal C | Terminal D | Available (*) | OK when both are normal | |
| Terminal D | Terminal C | Infinity (*) | - OK when both are normal | |
| Terminal C | Terminal D | - Infinity (*) | NC: Foult of the relevinternal circuity | |
| Terminal D | Terminal C | | NG: Fault of the relay internal circuitry | |

*As a reverse-biased diode is integrated, the above-mentioned checking method is applied, and the measured value varies depending on a circuit tester to be used.

| NG | Replace the E-ECU main relay. |
|----|--|
| ок | Check the relay coil resistance with the E-ECU main relay and the harness being connected. |
| On | ightarrow Go to [3. Check of relay coil resistance value (relay + harness side)] |

3. Check of relay coil resistance value (relay + harness side):

1-Install the E-ECU main relay to the harness.

2-Remove E-ECU from the harness.

3-Measure the resistance between battery cable (+) line and harness side E-ECU connector E34.

| Measureme | nt conditions | Measured value | Status | |
|------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|--|
| Tester (+) side | Tester (-) side | | | |
| Battery (+) line | E34 | Available (*) | OK: Normal | |
| E34 | Battery (+) line | Infinity (*) | | |
| Battery (+) line | E34 | Infinity (*) | NG: Harness error | |
| E34 | Battery (+) line | | | |

*As a reverse-biased diode is integrated, the above-mentioned checking method is applied, and the measured value varies depending on a circuit tester to be used.

| NG Replace the harness. | |
|--|--|
| OK Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [4. Check of harness continuity] | |

4. Check of harness continuity:

- 1-Remove the E-ECU main relay from the harness and remove the E-ECU from the harness.
- 2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|---|-------------|---|
| Between relay coil (downstream side) E34 | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| and GND/E28/E45/E47 | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND |
| Between relay contact (downstream side) E48 | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| and E43/battery(+) | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|
| NG | Replace the harness. |
| | • Connect the all connectors (E-ECU main relay, E-ECU), and recheck that any error is detected with the diagno- |
| ОК | sis tool "Fault code: Current fault indication" again. |
| | Replace the E-ECU. |

CAN communication

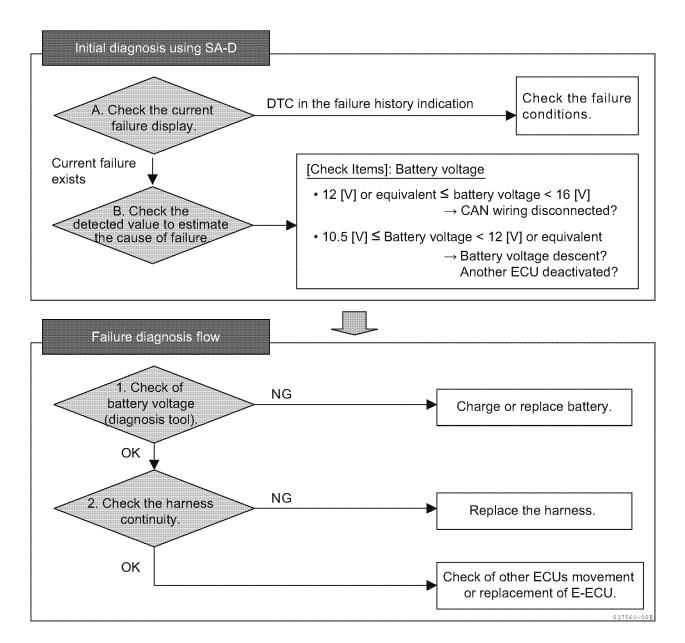
Related DTC

| DTC U0001/12 | CAN communication error |
|--------------|-------------------------|
| | |

• Work flow

Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".

For the operation of the diagnosis tool, see "Diagnosis tool Operation Manual" separately.



• Work description

1. Battery voltage check:

- 1-During the engine running, connect the diagnosis tool and log in to the diagnosis tool.
- 2-Check the battery voltage with the diagnosis tool "Diagnosis Test: Pulse/analog etc.".

| Voltage | Status | Action |
|--|----------------------|--|
| Approx.12 [V] ≤ battery voltage < 16 [V] | OK (Normal range) | Check the harness for correct continuity. |
| 10.5 [V] ≤ battery voltage < approx.12 [V] | NG | Charge or replace the battery.Check the movement of other E-ECUs. |

| NG | Charge or replace the battery. |
|----|--|
| NO | Check the movement of other E-ECUs. |
| ок | Check the harness for correct continuity. \rightarrow Go to [2. Check of harness continuity] |

2. Check of harness continuity:

1- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| CAN wiring (Hi side) E40 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| CAN wiring (Low side) E39 | Available | OK: Normal |
| [Between E-ECU and sensor connector] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection |
| Between E39/E40 and GND/E28/E45/E47 | Unavailable | OK: Normal |
| | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND |

| NG | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|-----|---|
| DVI | Replace the harness. |
| ок | Check the movement of other E-ECUs. |
| UN | Replace the E-ECU. |

Immobilizer

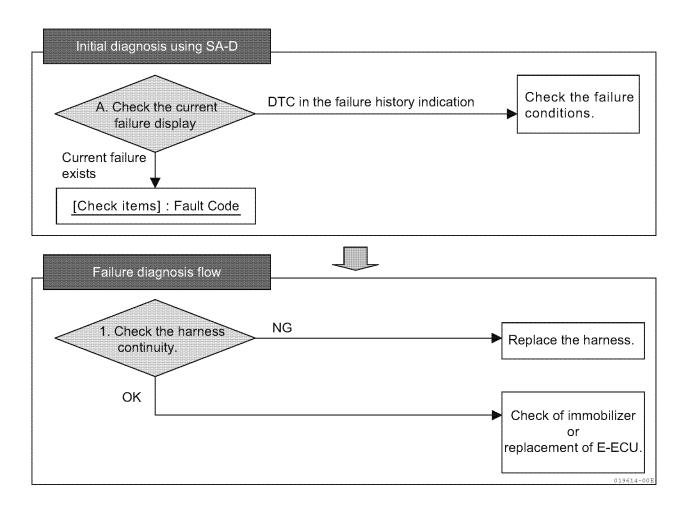
Related DTC

| DTC U1167/8 | Immobilizer error (Pulse communication) |
|-------------|---|
|-------------|---|

• Work flow

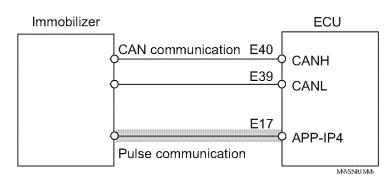
Note: For details of the work, see after-mentioned "Work description".

For the operation of the diagnosis tool, see "Diagnosis tool Operation Manual" separately.



Wiring diagram

: Check points



Note: For the E-ECU Pin Layout, see P136 [E-ECU pin layout diagram].

Work description

1. Harness continuity check:

- 1-Remove the immobilizer and E-ECU from the harness.
- 2- Check the harness continuity using a circuit tester.

| Terminal | Continuity | Status | |
|--|-------------|---|--|
| Immobilizer pulse communication line E17 | Available | OK: Normal | |
| [Between E-ECU and immobilizer] | Unavailable | NG: Harness disconnection | |
| Between E17 and E38/E43/E48(power supply line) | Unavailable | OK: Normal | |
| | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with power supply | |
| Between E17 and E28/E45/E47(GND line)/GND | Unavailable | OK: Normal | |
| | Available | NG: Harness short-circuited with GND | |

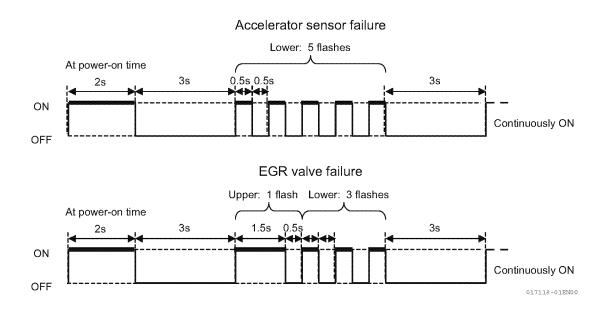
| NC | Check if the harness is damaged, or if the wiring is correct. |
|----|---|
| NG | Replace the harness. |
| 01 | Check the immobilizer. |
| ок | Replace the E-ECU. |

Failure indicator lamp flashing pattern

This section provides examples that demonstrate how the failure indicator flashes in a pattern specific to the DTC that occurs.

If an accelerator sensor failure is detected at power-on time, the failure indicator flashes in a pattern of 5 (five equal flashes) as shown in the fist example; if an EGR valve failure is detected at power-on time, it flashes in a pattern of 13 (i.e., one long flash followed by 3 short flashes) as shown in the second example. When two or more failures occur at the same time, the failure indicator indicates all the failures one by one in the ascending order of the number of flashes.

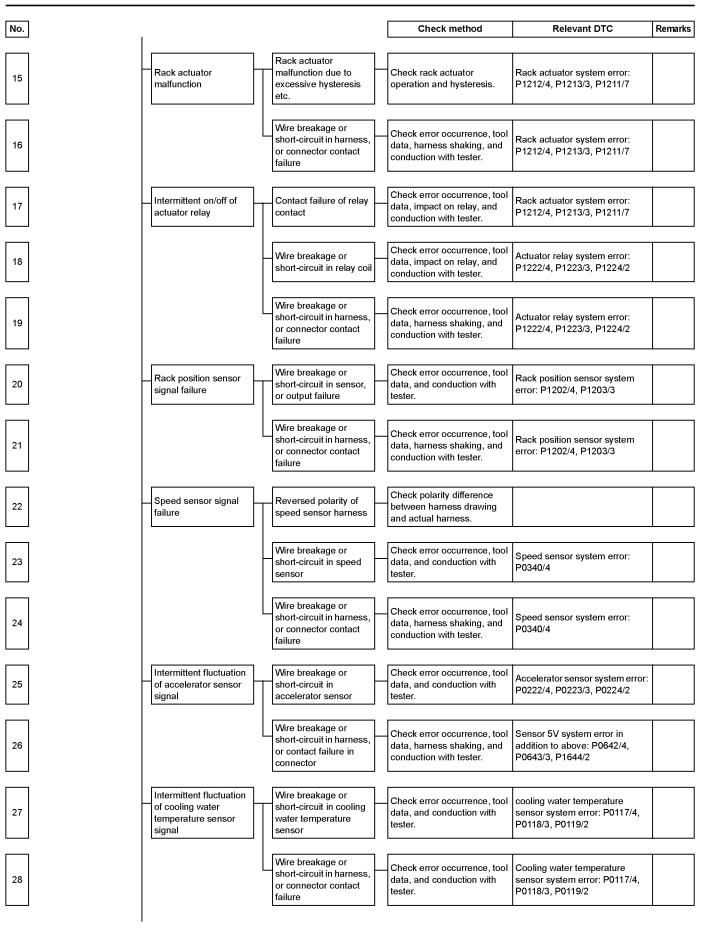
Also, the failure indicator is always lit for 2 [s] after power-on, whether or not any failure exists.

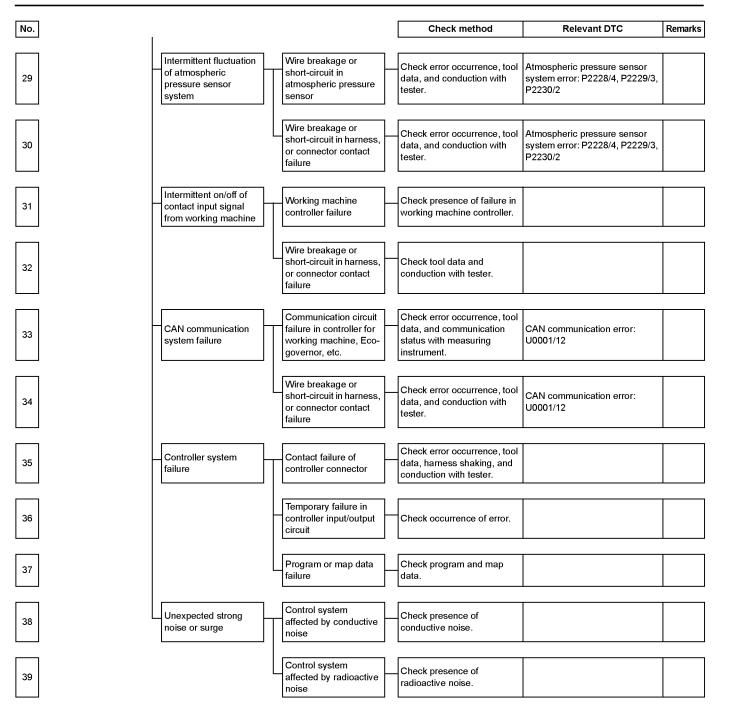




2G-type Eco-governor speed-fluctuation factor analysis

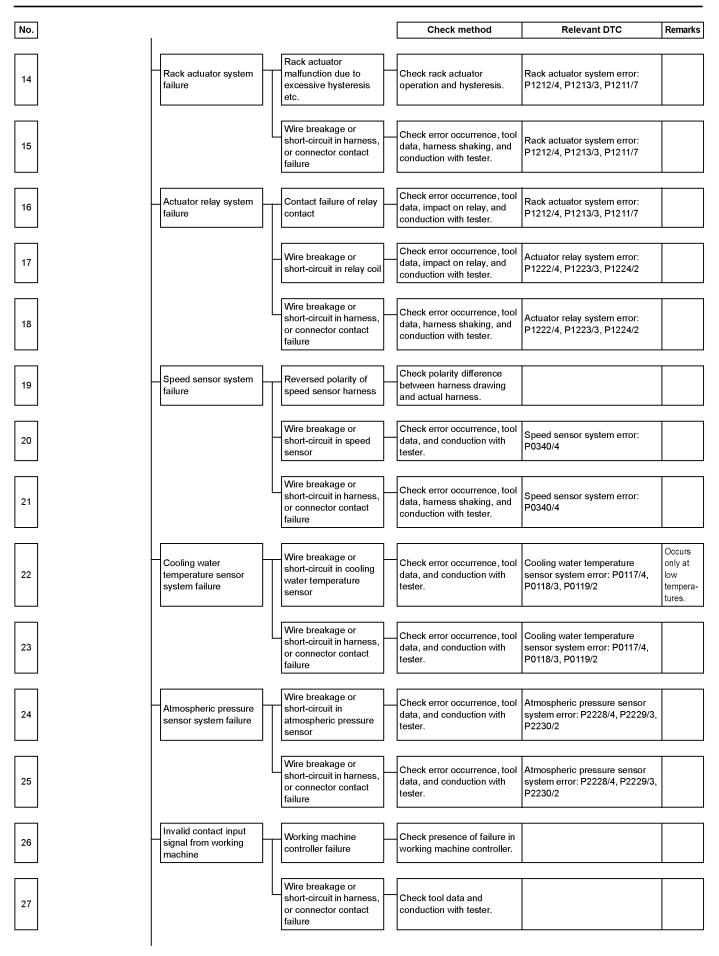
| No. | | | | Check method | Relevant DTC | Remarks |
|-----|-----------------------------|--|--|---|--|---------|
| 1 | Engine speed fluctuation | Insufficient fuel supply | Fuel pipe clogging | Check fuel system. | | |
| 2 | | Engine failure | Nozzle failure etc. | Check whole engine. | | |
| 3 | | Working machine | Load fluctuation in working machine | Check whole working machine. | | |
| 4 | | Abnormal vibration of working machine and engine | Rack actuator hunting. | Check vibration of fuel pump. | | |
| 5 | | - Fuel pump failure | Unstable injection due to defective rack etc. | Check fuel pump. | | |
| 6 | | Abnormal fluctuation of supply voltage | Battery system failure | Check error occurrence, tool data, and voltage with voltmeter. | ECU supply voltage system error: P0562/1, P0563/0 | |
| 7 | | - | Alternator system failure | Check error occurrence, tool data, and voltage with voltmeter. | Battery charging system error: P1562/4, P1568/1 | |
| 8 | | _ | Fluctuation of electrical load | Check presence of failure in large-load electrical equipment such as air heater. | | |
| 9 | | | Wire breakage or short-circuit in harness, or connector contact failure | Check error occurrence, tool data, harness shaking, and conduction with tester. | ECU supply voltage system error: P0562/1, P0563/0 | |
| 10 | | Intermittent on/off of start-assisting heater | Wire breakage or short-circuit in heater | Check conduction of heater. | | |
| 11 | | - | Wire breakage or short-circuit of heater relay | Check error occurrence, tool data, impact on relay, and conduction with tester. | Start-assisting relay error: P1232/4, P1233/3, P1234/2 | |
| 12 | | | Wire breakage or short-circuit in harness, or connector contact failure | Check error occurrence, tool data, harness shaking, and conduction with tester. | Start-assisting relay error: P1232/4, P1233/3, P1234/2 | |
| 13 | | Intermittent on/off of CSD solenoid valve | Wire breakage or short-circuit in CSD solenoid valve | Check conduction of CSD. | CSD solenoid valve system error: P1242/4, P1243/3, P1244/2 | |
| 14 | | | Wire breakage or short-circuit in harness, or connector contact failure | Check error occurrence, tool data, harness shaking, and conduction with tester. | CSD solenoid valve system error: P1242/4, P1243/3, P1244/2 | |

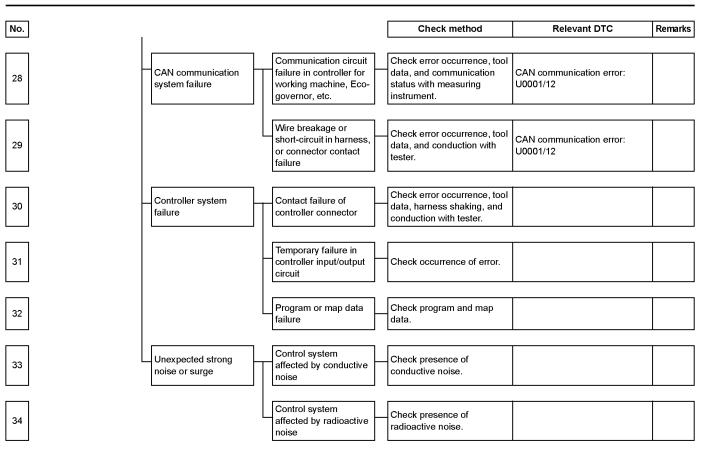




| No. | | | | Check method | Relevant DTC | Remarks |
|-----|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| 1 | Engine stalling/start- up inability | - Engine failure | Nozzle failure etc. | Check whole engine. | | |
| 2 | | Working machine failure | Excessive load on working machine | Check whole working machine. | | |
| 3 | | Fuel pump failure | Unstable injection due to defective rack etc. | Check fuel pump. | | |
| 4 | | Dropped supply voltage | Battery system failure | Check error occurrence, tool data, and voltage with voltmeter. | ECU supply voltage system error: P0562/1, P0563/0 | |
| 5 | | | Alternator system failure | Check error occurrence, tool data, and voltage with voltmeter. | Battery charging system error: P1562/4, P1568/1 | |
| 6 | | | Wire breakage or short-circuit in harness, or connector contact failure | Check error occurrence, tool data, harness shaking, and conduction with tester. | ECU supply voltage system error: P0562/1, P0563/0 | |
| 7 | | Start-assisting heater system failure | Wire breakage or short-circuit in heater | Check conduction of heater. | | Occurs only at low tem- pera- tures. |
| 8 | | | Wire breakage or short-circuit of heater relay | Check error occurrence, tool data, impact on relay, and conduction with tester. | Start-assisting relay error: P1232/4, P1233/3, P1234/2 | |
| 9 | | | Wire breakage or short-circuit in harness, or connector contact failure | Check error occurrence, tool data, harness shaking, and conduction with tester. | Start-assisting relay error: P1232/4, P1233/3, P1234/2 | |
| 10 | | CSD solenoid valve system failure | Wire breakage or short-circuit in CSD solenoid valve | Check conduction of CSD. | CSD solenoid valve system error: P1242/4, P1243/3, P1244/ 2 | |
| 11 | | | Wire breakage or short-circuit in harness, or connector contact failure | Check error occurrence, tool data, harness shaking, and conduction with tester. | CSD solenoid valve system error: P1242/4, P1243/3, P1244/ 2 | |
| 12 | | EGR step motor system failure | Wire breakage or short-circuit in ECR step motor | Check conduction of ECR step motor. | ECR step motor system error: P1402/4, P1403/3, other phase errors | |
| 13 | | | Wire breakage or short-circuit in harness, or connector contact failure | Check error occurrence, tool data, harness shaking, and conduction with tester. | ECR step motor system error: P1402/4, P1403/3, other phase errors | |









2G-type Eco-governor black smoke factor analysis

| No. | | | | Check method | Relevant DTC | Remarks |
|-----|--|---|--|---|---|---------|
| 1 | Black-smoke emission from engine | Insufficient fuel supply | Fuel pipe clogging | Check fuel system. | | |
| 2 | | Engine failure | Nozzle failure etc. | Check whole engine. | | |
| 3 | | Working machine failure | Load fluctuation in working machine | Check whole working machine. | | |
| 4 | | Fuel pump failure | Unstable injection due to defective rack etc. | -Check fuel pump. | | |
| 5 | | CSD solenoid valve system failure | Wire breakage or short-circuit in CSD solenoid valve | Check conduction of CSD. | CSD solenoid valve system error: P1242/4, P1243/3, P1244/2 | |
| 6 | | | Wire breakage or short-circuit in harness, or connector contact failure | Check error occurrence, tool data, harness shaking, and conduction with tester. | CSD solenoid valve system error: P1242/4, P1243/3, P1244/2 | |
| 7 | | EGR step motor system failure | Wire breakage or short-circuit in ECR step motor | Check conduction of ECR step motor. | ECR step motor system error: P1402/4, P1403/3, other phase errors | |
| 8 | | | Wire breakage or short-circuit in harness, or connector contact failure | Check error occurrence, tool data, harness shaking, and conduction with tester. | ECR step motor system error: P1402/4, P1403/3, other phase errors | |
| 9 | | Rack actuator system | Rack actuator malfunction due to excessive hysteresis etc. | Check rack actuator operation and hysteresis. | Rack actuator system error: P1212/4, P1213/3, P1211/7 | |
| 10 | | | Wire breakage or short-circuit in harness, or connector contact failure | Check error occurrence, tool data, harness shaking, and conduction with tester. | Rack actuator system error: P1212/4, P1213/3, P1211/7 | |
| 11 | | Atmospheric pressure sensor system failure | Wire breakage or short-circuit in atmospheric pressure sensor | Check error occurrence, tool data, and conduction with tester. | Atmospheric pressure sensor system error: P2228/4, P2229/3, P2230/2 | |
| 12 | | | Wire breakage or short-circuit in harness, or connector contact failure | Check error occurrence, tool data, and conduction with tester. | Atmospheric pressure sensor system error: P2228/4, P2229/3, P2230/2 | |
| 13 | | Controller system | Temporary failure in controller input/output circuit | Check occurrence of error. | | |
| 14 | | | Program or map data failure | Check program and map data. | | |
| 15 | | Unexpected strong noise or surge | Control system affected by conductive noise | Check presence of conductive noise. | | |
| 16 | | | Control system affected by radioactive noise | Check presence of radioactive noise. | | |



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